

uses his  
ecrrical  
Spain

Gretzky  
leaves  
everyone  
ice cold

Devlin Barrett  
charts the  
emotional exit of  
a sporting great

EGROW

REPLACE

ING NOW

Buying The Times overseas  
Australia \$12.00, Belgium 18.00, Canada \$12.00, Denmark 18.00, France 18.00, Germany 18.00, Greece 18.00, Hong Kong 18.00, India 18.00, Italy 18.00, Japan 18.00, Korea 18.00, Malaysia 18.00, Mexico 18.00, New Zealand 18.00, Norway 18.00, Portugal 18.00, Singapore 18.00, South Africa 18.00, Spain 18.00, Sweden 18.00, Switzerland 18.00, Taiwan 18.00, Thailand 18.00, USA \$12.00, UK 18.00, Yugoslavia 18.00.

Periodicals postage paid at Rahway, NJ. Postmaster: Send address corrections to The Times c/o Mercury Airfreight International, 235 West Street, Avenel, NJ 07001.

9 770140 046237

### Making the most of marriage and money

Easy Money, page 19

### The lost ships of ancient Rome

page 11

### Sex US-style: Joanna Cole finds an erogenous zone

page 21

# 30p

EVERY WEEKDAY

PLUS inter//face: Shopping for the perfect bra PLUS save £££'s on books - Voucher page 21 **BOOKS FOR SCHOOLS** TOKEN, PAGE 28

## ● Prime Minister states war aim ● Defeat of Milosevic a 'moral imperative'

# Blair: No compromises

By MICHAEL EVANS AND CHARLES BREMNER

TONY BLAIR committed NATO to a moral crusade against President Milosevic yesterday, saying the bombing would continue until the Yugoslav leader had been forced to "step down".

Later it was made clear that the Prime Minister was not announcing a new NATO objective — the overthrow of Mr Milosevic — but saying that the defeat of the Yugoslav leader was a moral imperative.

On a visit to NATO headquarters in Brussels, Mr Blair said there would be no deals or compromises with Mr Milosevic after the "appalling" scenes of violence and brutality in Kosovo.

He said: "To see people herded on to trains and taken away from their homes and to hear the stories that these refugees have come back from Kosovo with — and heaven only knows what we shall find when we go into Kosovo — to hear those is to either awaken our conscience and make us act or is to say we have no conscience and no will to act in the



American soldiers arriving at Tirana yesterday, the vanguard for several hundred paratroopers who will guard Apache helicopters in Albania



face of something which is appalling and wrong."

Nato said yesterday it had received reports that about 700 Albanian boys as young as 14 had been taken from their families to be used as human shields and as "blood banks" for Serb war casualties.

Asked what the alliance would do now after four weeks of bombing had failed "to make Mr Milosevic step down", Mr Blair replied: "It is very simple, we carry on until he does step down."

The Prime Minister's aides swiftly added that he was not saying that Mr Milosevic should leave office but that he must back down and withdraw his forces from Kosovo.

Mr Blair's passionate attack on the conduct of Mr Milosevic's forces in Kosovo was clearly aimed at shoring up any doubts within the alliance about Nato's "just cause". His unequivocal backing for the

## Cook's secret atrocity dossier

By MICHAEL EVANS  
DEFENCE EDITOR

BRITAIN is to hand over all the intelligence it has acquired about atrocities and mass rapes committed by Serb troops in Kosovo to Judge Louise Arbour, prosecutor for the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia in The Hague.

Robin Cook, the Foreign Secretary, said it would be the "largest release of intelligence material" ever authorised by the British Government.

Appearing at a joint press conference at the Ministry of Defence, Mr Cook said Britain had collated material on more than 50 separate incidents.

It included "not just the gruesome details of the incidents themselves, but the names of the units operating in the area at the time and the names of their commanders."

"We want to make sure that those brought to justice are not only the thugs who committed the crimes but those who gave the orders," Mr Cook said.

Although he did not explain how the material had been acquired, it is likely it has come from a combination of signals intelligence — eavesdropping on Yugoslav military communications — questioning of refugees and covert operations within the Yugoslav province.

Mr Cook said he had handed over more than 100 documents to Judge Arbour yesterday, which had been collected by the British Embassy in Belgrade in the months leading up to the present conflict.

"This material provides a running commentary on a sustained campaign of brutality going back over the last year," Mr Cook said.

Judge Arbour made it clear that while she welcomed the support given to her by the Government and by other Nato governments, none of the intelligence material would be used in court unless it had been fully corroborated by other means.

She said this was crucial because the tribunal had to be seen as an independent legal body, and not one driven by a "political agenda". She would not confirm whether the United States had also offered to hand over intelligence.

But she indicated that without such covertly-acquired material, it would be difficult to build up the evidence to make a case stick because she had "no access to electronic surveillance or wire taps".

She refused to disclose whether she was investigating President Milosevic.

Another possible war crime was revealed yesterday when a Nato official said reports had been received of the Serbs using Albanian boys as young as 14 as "blood banks" for their injured soldiers.

TV & RADIO	54-55
WEATHER	28
CROSSWORDS	28-56
LETTERS	23
OBITUARIES	25
SIMON JENKINS	22
ARTS	41-43
CHESS & BRIDGE	52
COURT & SOCIAL	24
LAW REPORT	27
EASY MONEY	19
MIND & MATTER	20
BUSINESS	29-36
HOMES	38

## After 24 years, Thatcher seeks peace with Heath

By JAMES LANDALE, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

BARONESS Thatcher sought to end the longest running feud in British politics last night by publicly lavishing praise on Sir Edward Heath.

The former prime ministers have hardly exchanged a word since 1975, when Lady Thatcher succeeded Sir Edward as Tory leader. Lady Thatcher chose a party celebrating the 20th anniversary of her rise to power to bury the hatchet.

Before 1,000 guests at the Hilton Hotel on Park Lane in London, she referred to the feud with a joke at her own expense. She said that when she announced her candidacy for the Tory leadership, her husband, Denis, told her: "Good Lord! You must be mad, but I'll support you all the way". Lady Thatcher told the guests: "I suspect that Ted Heath,



"We're very much hoping there might be a Roman warship in there"

**Ships found, page 11**

**BBC bows to the regions**

BBC Television's Six O'Clock News is to introduce regional headlines to quell anger over the corporation's refusal to give Scotland its own news bulletin. Page 8

## Gunmen run riot in school

TWO men in black trench coats and masks walked into a Denver high school and opened fire indiscriminately at groups of children yesterday (Damian Whitworth writes). Several children were carried out covered in blood, but amid chaotic scenes it was uncertain if anybody had been killed.

Police were searching the school — Columbine High in Littleton — for the gunmen, who were believed still to be inside armed with automatic weapons. There were reports of explosions and a fire and some witnesses said that the men had been throwing grenades.

"We saw three people get shot," one girl said. "They were just shooting. They didn't care who they shot. They were just shooting. They were throwing grenades."

# Pizza needZZa Drop.



[www.talasco.com](http://www.talasco.com)

# Down on the forest floor, a world doctrine stirs

Halfway through Foreign Office questions yesterday, a most unfortunate accident befell a backbench MP. A new Labour poodle's pager got stuck on auto-bleep and his confusion was pitiful.

This sketch is not certain that the victim was the ultra-loyalist Eric Ross (Lab, Dundee West). Nor was Madam Speaker. But her face turned to thunder as a continuous whistling came from the vague direction of the government benches. Mr Ross was seen fishing in his pocket, struggling with a tiny machine. Perhaps (like others) he was just checking. The

bleeping combined with the squeaks and bellows of backbench MPs, triggered when the general wickedness of "abroad" is discussed. The sound was reminiscent of the Amazonian night.

Being creatures of the forest floor, MPs cannot always see whether their arguments tend. But, swinging in the vines above, we monkeys of the press sometimes can. Through the jungle noises it was just possible to discern a new tune: a new theory of world order. You could call it the Ashdown doctrine.

Answering Oona King (Lab, Bethnal Green & Bow) the Foreign Secretary repeat-



**MATTHEW PARRIS**  
POLITICAL SKETCH

ed the British position: that when this war is over, it will be impossible to hand back Kosovo to anyone.

So what was to be done? Robin Cook did not use the word "protectorate" but described an administration run by an alphabet soup of international bodies. Anagram-freaks advise that from UNO, EU and OSCE it is possible to construct "U cue noose".

Paddy Ashdown dares to say protectorate. He first used

the term some three weeks ago. But the Liberal Democrats resisted the temptation to crow, "I told you so". Maybe in their minds they are moving forward to the next international protectorate.

Various candidates for this status suggested themselves yesterday. David Heath (Lib-Dem, Somerset & Frome) was concerned about the protection of East Timor. MPs who joined the discussion lagged some way behind

their own logic when they argued, first, that Timor was a European responsibility (of Portugal, the former colonial power), and second, that its hapless population faced a humanitarian catastrophe at the hands of the Indonesian Government. Apparently the most appalling massacres have taken place: a kind of genocide.

So far MPs are arguing only for sanctions. "Cut off funds," one demanded. Ann Clywd (Lab, Cynon Valley), taking a break from her customary calls for Western protection for Turkish Kurds, wanted to pile the pressure on Indonesia. Nobody has yet

suggested bombing Jakarta. Then there was southern Lebanon. Backbenchers leapt in on this argument, some accusing Israel of illegal settlements there, others more sympathetic to the Israeli quest for security. Nicholas Soames (C, Sussex Mid) wanted a new European initiative. Sir Sydney Chapman (C, Chipping Barnet) wanted action to create a "demilitarised" zone.

There were worries about the Falklands. MPs did not reach the question from Tam Dalyell (Lab, Linlithgow), inquiring about the "humanitarian objectives" of the Iraqi no-fly zones (including the Kurd-

ish safe-havens). Nor did we discover what the absent Jane Griffiths (Lab, Reading E) had intended to raise in her inquiry about "the Armenian genocide". For once, nobody asked about the humanitarian catastrophe in Sierra Leone.

The war between Hindu India and Muslim Pakistan over the governance of Kashmir, however, came up more than once. From his vine in the press gallery near the ceiling, this gibbon counted nine strong candidates for the status of "internationally mandated protectorate".

Down on the forest floor the idea has not yet occurred. It will.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Prisoners return to crime in two years

More than half of prisoners released from jail are reconvicted of a serious offence within two years of walking out of the prison gates, according to a Home Office study published yesterday. Among young offenders, 76 per cent are reconvicted within two years, increasing to 85 per cent of those who were convicted of theft.

Almost 75 per cent of burglars released in 1994 were reconvicted within two years — one third of them for the same offence. There is little difference between reconviction rates of prisoners or those given probation or supervision orders. Letters, page 23

### More complain about solicitors

Complaints to the Office for the Supervision of Solicitors are at a record level. From September 1997 to December 1998, there were 41,390, which Peter Ross, Office director, said was "jeopardising our ability to protect the public". It is six months before complaints are allocated to a case worker — a delay likely to double by 2000.

### Lawrence man appears in court

David Norris, 22, of Chislehurst, Kent, a suspect in the Stephen Lawrence murder, was granted bail by Sevenoaks magistrates, charged with taking 32 cases of empty soda syphons worth £224 on Monday. He will appear in court next month with Jamie Acourt, another Lawrence suspect, and Danny Caetano, 23.

### Man faces 15 sex assault charges

Sidney Cooke, 72, a former fairground worker, appeared before a judge at Reading Crown Court yesterday to face charges of serious sexual assaults on children and adults. He faces a total of 15 charges relating to offences that he allegedly committed between 1972 and 1980. He was remanded in custody.

### Shipyard deal 'is weeks away'

Swan Hunter confirmed yesterday that it had moved to take over the threatened Kvaerner Govan yard in Glasgow, but that a deal is still weeks away. Norman Brownless, the Swan Hunter commercial manager, said a formal takeover of the yard, which employs about 1,200 shipbuilders, would take time to finalise.

### NHS fails to check locums

Nine out of ten NHS trusts do not check the qualifications claimed by the locum doctors they employ and only one in five asks about criminal convictions, according to the Audit Commission. The consequence is that 35 per cent of all hospitals found locums were responsible for mistakes or poor performance last year.

### Pressure grows on Woodhead

Pressure on Chris Woodhead, the Chief Schools Inspector, mounted when Derek Foster, Chairman of the Commons Education and Employment Select Committee, said that he should be dismissed. The Labour MP considered confidence in Mr Woodhead had been too damaged by allegations of an affair with a pupil.

## Watchdog spells out supercrop dangers

BY NICK NUTTALL, ENVIRONMENT CORRESPONDENT

COMMERCIAL genetically modified crops could ruin wildlife unless there is tight regulation, the Government's chief scientific adviser said yesterday.

Sir Robert May said they could intensify the dramatic postwar decline in songbirds, insects, wild flowers and hedgerows. The technology was the next "notch up" in realising the dream of agriculture, from its birth 10,000 years ago, of growing crops that no one else eats but us.

This raised serious concerns about fields bereft of the weeds, seeds and bugs on which birds and wild animals depend.

Professor May said that he shared the concerns expressed by English Nature, the Government's wildlife advisers, and environmental groups.

"High-intensity agriculture has increased yields and efficiency but has correspondingly made for great changes in the countryside. The thrust of GM crops is to accelerate this trend," he told the House of Commons Environmental Audit Select Committee.

But opting out of the worldwide drive to develop genetically modified crops was not an option, he said. About 86 million acres, roughly one and a half times the size of Britain, were already producing such crops. Over the coming years a battle would be fought to produce more food to feed a booming world population.

Professor May said he believed that genetically modified crops, producing more food with fewer herbicides, pesticides and fertilisers and less water, could be crucial in win-

### PROTEST BAN FAILS

A High Court judge turned down an application by Monsanto, the multinational biotechnology company, for injunctions against protesters who ripped up 200 gene-altered maize plants in Oxfordshire. Justice Klee said yesterday they may have a defence. A full hearing follows in a few months.

ning this war. The development of such crops could not be left in the hands of multinational biotechnology firms.

Britain needed to be a player on the world scene, helping to bring in controls and regulations that preserved the environment and maximised the potential rather than the prof-

its from gene-altered crops. "I do not believe that what was good for General Motors was good for the United States and I do not believe what is good for Monsanto is good for the world," Professor May said.

He likened Britain's role on gene-altered crops to its role in helping to broker agreements on climate change in Kyoto, Japan, two years ago in the face of stiff opposition from the United States and the world's oil industry.

Britain should not replay its historical mistakes with such technologies as liquid crystal displays and the development of the computer, he told MPs. It should not miss out on a new industry and the prosperity and jobs that will arise, especially given the country's role in developing much of the basic science.

Professor May said that his views were "shades of grey rather than crisp black and white, which characterises far too much of the debate on GM foods and agriculture".

Some fears seemed misplaced, he said. Some scientists and wildlife groups had given warnings that genes from crops resistant to herbicides and insects could cross with wild plants to create superweeds. But 25,000 trials worldwide, including many in the United States, had failed to find evidence of that.

Letters, page 23



First signs of a thaw between Lady Thatcher and Sir Edward Heath appeared in 1998 when they shared a Tory conference platform. Full story, Page 1

## MPs warned of terror virus

TERRORISTS may be creating genetically engineered viruses to spread deadly diseases through civilian populations, MPs were told yesterday (Nick Nuttall writes). Professor Sir Robert May, Tony Blair's scientific adviser, said: "I have little doubt that in Iran and Iraq people are thinking about doing nasty things."

Sir Robert, giving evidence

to the House of Commons Environment Audit Select Committee, said that to those in chemistry, development such as nuclear power could be used for good or evil. Genetic engineering had a similar potential for misuse to nuclear weapons or chemical or biological weapons.

"This whole technology could be bent to terrorist

aims... you could beef up the nastiness of viruses," said Sir Robert, who stressed that this had nothing to do with genetically modified crops.

He said, however, that creating a virus able to make it worthwhile for a terrorist or enemy government, was difficult, as such diseases were normally "self-limiting".

## AA faces queue of windfall drivers

THE AA is facing a stampede of carpetbaggers hoping to pick up a minor windfall if the motoring organisation is sold (Fraser Nelson writes).

The AA, which sells full membership from £43 a year, is understood to have received takeover approaches from Ford and other companies offering up to £1.5 billion.

If it agrees, its 4.4 million members — who still officially own the company — would receive payouts ranging between £230 and £340 each.

However, the AA's 5.2 million second-tier members, who are covered by their company or under somebody else's policy, would not receive a penny.

The AA yesterday refused to comment on yesterday's report in *The Times* that it had been contacted by a series of companies about a takeover.

It said it has no reason to alter its policy of granting full membership status to any motorist who takes out personal cover on an individual basis.

It said: "People should join the AA today for the same reason they would have yesterday: getting a first-class breakdown service."

## Straw's Scouser joke backfires

BY RUSSELL JENKINS

JACK STRAW provoked anger on Merseyside last night when he told an audience discussing anti-crime measures that Scousers were always up to something.

The Home Secretary made the remarks at a question and answer session in Milton Keynes on the Government's Crime Reduction Bill. Referring to the Alley Gate scheme in the Edge Hill area of Liverpool which uses gates around houses to deter burglars, Mr Straw said: "I was told about the alley gate scheme. I thought: 'What the devil is this?'"

"You know what Scousers are like, they are always up to something." Then he added quickly: "Please do not repeat that to anyone from Liverpool."

He was forced to apologise later when senior figures on Merseyside accused him of peddling ancient prejudices and tired stereotypes. Mike Storey, Liverpool City Council leader, said: "We can all take a joke but Jack Straw must know you cannot make comments like that."

"It is an affront and offence to Liverpool. His words just reinforce a prejudiced, stereotyp-

ical view about Liverpool people."

Trevor Hicks, chairman of the Hillsborough Family Support Group, said that the comments were an insult to the people of Liverpool. "It does not help the reputation of the people of Merseyside whether it was said off the cuff or not."

Merseyside Police has hailed a reduction in crime in recent years, and the city council announced plans yesterday to spend £300,000 on rebranding the city's image. The Liberal Democrats, who control the council, believe that the city is still suffering from two decades of Labour rule.

Mr Straw moved swiftly to make his peace with Merseysiders, claiming that as an Essex man he was usually the butt of jokes.

He said: "I was just talking to residents in Milton Keynes about the excellent alley gate project I had seen."

"I was extremely impressed by the hard work that many local people had done to ensure that the scheme was a success. Burglary rates in the area have fallen significantly."



**Fixed Rate  
5.95%  
(6.5% APR)**

**Buy your home NOW  
with the lowest 100%  
fixed rate mortgage**

- Borrow up to 100%
- Fix the rate for 3 or 5 years  
(6 months gross interest is payable if redeemed during the fixed rate period)
- No lock-in penalties at the end of the fixed rate period
- Take your mortgage with you if you move house

**Call FREE now for a no obligation quote  
0500 700 600** quote reference F1095  
Or pick up a leaflet in Sainsbury's, Homebase or Savacentre. Lines are open 8am - 10pm 7 days a week.

**SAINSBURY'S BANK** FRESH BANKING FROM SAINSBURY'S

YOUR HOME IS AT RISK IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE OR OTHER LOAN SECURED ON IT

Other lenders who offer 100% fixed rate mortgages charge higher rates. For example Royal Bank of Scotland plc - 6.95%, The Mortgage Business - 6.55% and Bristol and West - 6.49%. Interest rates sourced from Moneyfacts dated 12/04/99. Our Fixed Rate Mortgage is available from £15,000, minimum property value is £30,000. The interest period will depend on the date that your loan is drawn and may be slightly longer than the 3 or 5 years. Based on an interest only mortgage for £100,000 on a property valued at £200,000 repayable over 25 years with an annual fixed rate period of 3 years. For the 3 year fixed period, interest would be charged at 5.95% (6 months gross interest is payable if redeemed during the fixed rate period). The total amount payable over the 25 year period would be £202,631. APR 6.5%. Interest for the remaining loan term would be charged at Sainsbury's Bank Standard Mortgage Rate (Variable) currently 6.75% or, 364 monthly payments of £1,315.00 (and monthly payments of £1,182.25 for the first 3 years). At the end of the 25 year period, £200,000 is payable. The total amount payable is £161,730 (this example includes an electronic funds transfer fee of £2.50, a valuation fee of £150, Higher Loan to Value fee of £1,000 and legal fees of £600). The cost of any late payments will be added to the mortgage. A Higher Loan to Value fee is payable if the loan exceeds 90% of the value of the property. Full details and written consumer credit quotations are available from Sainsbury's Bank plc, 100, South Quay, London, E16 1JH. Sainsbury's Bank plc is a Representative only of Bank of Scotland Mortgage Group, members of which are regulated by the Financial Services Authority for advising on and selling life insurance, pension and debt investment products. This product is available in the UK with the exception of Northern Ireland. Calls may be recorded or monitored. Sainsbury's Bank and Fresh Banking are trademarks of Sainsbury's Bank plc.

## COMPETITION COMMISSION INVITES EVIDENCE ON THE SUPERMARKET MONOPOLY INQUIRY

John Bridgman, Director General of Fair Trading, has asked the Competition Commission to inquire into the supply of groceries from multiple stores in the United Kingdom.

The Commission would like to hear from all interested parties, in writing, by 21st May 1999. To submit evidence or to obtain a copy of the full terms of reference, please write to: Barbara Varney, Reference Secretary, c/o Room 602, Competition Commission, New Court, 48 Carey Street, London WC2A 2JT.



FOCUSING ON THE PUBLIC INTEREST

## Business Direct Interest Rates Change

With effect from Friday 16th April 1999

The Co-operative Bank Business Direct Account

Credit Interest will be as follows:

Balance	Gross AER%	Gross %	Net AER%	Net %
£2,000+	0.50	0.50	0.40	0.40
£10,000+	0.72	0.71	0.57	0.57
£25,000+	1.38	1.37	1.10	1.10
£100,000+	2.17	2.15	1.73	1.72
£250,000+	4.23	4.15	3.37	3.32

**The CO-OPERATIVE BANK**

THE CO-OPERATIVE BANK PLC, HEAD OFFICE, ONE, MARKET STREET, MANCHESTER, M1 4PE

هكذا من الأصل



# Billy Bunter's weakness is no joke

LINA HAMILTON-WRIGHT

PEOPLE who steal down to the kitchen in the night to indulge in Billy Bunter-type feasts are not just greedy: they could be seriously ill.

Albert Stunkard, a professor of psychiatry at the University of Pennsylvania and an expert in eating disorders, told a conference in London yesterday that "night eating syndrome" should be classified alongside anorexia nervosa and bulimia as a serious illness.

Professor Stunkard, who has specialised in treating people with eating disorders for more than 40 years, said that 10 per cent of obese people and 1.5 per cent of the general population suffered from the night eating condition. Most, but not all, were obese.

Sufferers wake three or four times during the night and at least half the time cannot resist sneaking downstairs for biscuits or slices of cake. Between the end of dinner and breakfast, they consume half their daily intake of calories, 70 per cent in the form of carbohydrates.

On average, the sufferer will eat about 450 more calories than the recommended daily average of 2,000 for a woman and 2,500 for a man. "This is pure comfort food," Professor Stunkard told the Eating Disorders Conference. "They are eating to medicate themselves."

He said the illness is probably more common among men than women. Stress seems to be a trigger but, unlike other eating disorders, children and adolescents do not submit to it. The typical sufferer, he said, gets up after a bad night's

**Night eating syndrome should be treated as a serious illness, an expert says. Ian Murray reports**

sleep and skips breakfast. Many still do not feel hungry enough to eat lunch, but by dinner time they begin to eat normally.

The meal, however, is little more than an *hors d'oeuvre*. It is only when the plates are cleared away that night eating syndrome sufferers really start to pile on the calories, trying

to satisfy an almost uncontrollable craving for carbohydrates.

Professor Stunkard said he had carried out tests that showed that the sufferers' melatonin levels dropped at night. Melatonin is a hormone, normally secreted by the pineal gland in the brain during the night, which helps

to control body rhythms, including sleep patterns. Lack of it is a cause of insomnia.

There was also a fall in levels of leptin, a hormone produced by fat cells that signal when the body has had enough to eat. A shortage means an individual does not know when to stop eating. At the same time there was an increase in cortisol, the hormone associated with stress and depression. The night eater tries instinctively to counter this by eating carbohydrates which push up production of serotonin, the hormone that controls mood.

Professor Stunkard said that trials were needed to find out whether patients treated with melatonin — not available in Britain — would be cured of their insomnia, thus breaking the cycle of night eating. "I don't think behavioural things like putting a lock on the fridge would work," he said. "Someone with night eating syndrome would get round that one."

He first published a paper suggesting the condition might exist in 1955, but this had been ridiculed until recently, when modern research into hormones pointed to the reality of its existence. The *Journal of the American Medical Association* is expected to publish his new, up-to-date paper on the subject this summer, finally making the condition recognised as a genuine, separate kind of eating disorder.

"The trouble is that we don't know very much about the condition yet because it has not been properly recognised," he said. "When it is we can expect progress in treating it."



Billy Bunter was happiest when his stomach was full, day or night. Night eaters probably eat only one meal a day

## The lure of the larder looms large after dark

STUFFING and starving has always been one of the hallmarks of bulimic patients and they often supplement the periods of starvation by inducing vomiting and purgation. A variant of this behaviour is the night-eating syndrome.

Sufferers barely look at food throughout the day but when they return home and supper is cleared away, they empty the refrigerator, and possibly the deep freeze too. They gorge mostly on sweet carbohydrates: cakes, biscuits and bread.

Although the habit of night eating has been little described, doctors have, for as long as I can remember, been aware that there are patients who do this.

Diana, Princess of Wales, was well known as someone who was apt to raid the larder when the rest of the house was asleep, but a more notorious sufferer from night-eating syndrome was Robert Maxwell.

As a young man, the former chief of Mirror Group Newspapers remained comparatively svelte, but as he grew older he suddenly started to put on huge amounts of weight, despite a modest appetite throughout the day.

The scenes of gluttony that greeted his cleaners when they came to clear up the chairman's kitchen at *The Mirror* next morning are still described. Apparently two or



three chickens which he had reduced to bones were left lying around and had served the same role as that of a cup of hot chocolate for an earlier generation in their battle against night starvation.

Elvis Presley was another who reserved his excesses for the night: by the early 1970s his weight had ballooned to 20 stone because of spectacular evening binges. He would eat nothing for most of the day, and then enjoy a breakfast fit for a king about 5 or 6pm. This involved butter-



Robert Maxwell was a notorious night eater

mel cakes and the "sweet treats" of fried white bread and jam sandwiches first made for him by his mother. But by the early hours of the morning his cravings became overpowering.

Midnight flights regularly arrived at Graceland, bearing obliging chefs to cook him fried peanut butter and banana sandwiches or the infamous "Fool's Gold" loaf. He could eat two of these at a sitting, even after snacks of hamburgers and pizza. Before morning he may have consumed up to 100,000 calories, equivalent to the daily needs of an Asian elephant.

Bulimia is likely to be associated with more generalised psychiatric disturbance than is anorexia nervosa. Whether night-eating syndrome deserves to be classified as a distinct entity is uncertain, but a description of the behavioural pattern and any associated physical changes is useful. It is unlikely that one simple remedy will cure this problem. These patients may well be rather disturbed and need careful assessment.

DR THOMAS STUTTAFFORD

## Rigging claim scuppers hearing

By A CORRESPONDENT

A NAVAL trial in Portsmouth was abandoned because the Navy's Chief Prosecutor, Commander Nick Hawkins, allegedly told an officer's wife that he had "rigged" the prosecution evidence against her husband.

Commander Hawkins has now left the Navy, and is currently head of the Crown Prosecution Service in Wiltshire. It is claimed that he made the remarks at his own retirement party, when he allegedly told Tracey Hawkes not to worry about her husband's pending prosecution.

Mrs Hawkes told a hearing that Commander Hawkins had said: "He will be okay. I have rigged the case."

Mrs Hawkes's husband, Lieutenant Jonathan Hawkes, was facing charges, along with another officer, Commander Wheeler. Judge Advocate Captain David Humphrey said the behaviour of Commander Hawkins was improper and the case against Commander Wheeler had to be dropped.

## Woman must pay for lovers' gifts

By SUSIE STEINER

A WEALTHY businessman yesterday won £10,000 from his former lover as payment for every item that he bought her during their three-year relationship.

William Parker, 51, went to court to claim £18,000 from Helen Holdsworth, including £1.75 for a lock for her lavatory door, £25 for a garden trellis and £4 for an oil filter. The items, he said, were a loan to Miss Holdsworth, 38, because she was in financial trouble.

Miss Holdsworth, who has two children, one of whom Mr

Parker has admitted is probably his, said outside the court: "My enduring concerns will be for other single mothers and their children and for the doubt which is thrown upon the possibility of constructing human personal relationships founded upon mutual trust."

Mr Parker's original claim included £1,300 for a mortgage repayment, as well as sums for car repairs and renovations to her home.

Judge Bishop, agreeing the settlement at Kingston County Court, was told that Ms Holdsworth would have to take out a loan to pay the £10,000. However Mr Parker agreed to transfer a Volkswagen Golf that he had bought from Miss Holdsworth, back into her name. The bulk of her costs have been covered by legal aid.

Outside the court Mr Parker said that he had never been in love with Ms Holdsworth.

"I was in there for a bit of sex but I was also there to help someone in need," he said. "She agreed we would put it on a tab and she would pay me a lump sum rather than scrabbling about for £12.50. I don't see a moral issue here."



Miss Holdsworth was charged £1.75 for a lock

You have a great acquisition opportunity.

Can you spare the cash?



Oracle® Applications help you to analyse your current cash position and make accurate cash projections. You can globally view your position across

any currency, organisation and time period. In other words, it's as close as you can get to predicting the future. Oracle® Applications integrate your

entire business - sales, service, supply chain, manufacturing, accounting, projects, human resources. Everything. Our applications capture all

the information needed to provide a complete view of what's going on in your business. Every decision you make is based on

up-to-date information and impact on shareholder value. If you would like to know

more call Oracle to book a free place at a local Discover Oracle Applications Seminar call

+44 (0) 118 924 6600 or visit <http://www.oracle.co.uk/discover-apps>

ORACLE®  
Applications

## BALKANS WAR: THE DISSENTERS

# Party shocked by MP's secret trip

Leftwinger's unofficial journey to Belgrade is likely to result in a reprimand, writes Andrew Pierce

THE left-wing Labour MP Alice Mahon will be carpeted by party bosses for a secret trip to Belgrade without seeking permission.

Party leaders were astonished when the MP for Halifax disclosed details of her journey during a Commons speech in which she criticised her Government's support for Nato.

Even more perplexing for the Labour leadership was the disclosure that *The Mirror*, the traditionally Labour-supporting newspaper which has championed the military action, organised and partly financed the £850 excursion.

"I am not going to give figures. But *The Mirror* paid some and I paid some. It cost me £100 to £200," said Mrs Mahon. "I never accepted any hospitality from the Serbian Government. All I took was two cups of black coffee."

Challenged about why she had not sought party permis-

sion, Mrs Mahon was emphatic: "The whips would have tried to stop me. They would at least have applied heavy pressure."

While Downing Street defended the right of MPs to launch solo peace initiatives, Clare Short, the International Development Secretary, likened critics of the war effort to those who appeased Hitler.

"There were people who opposed action being taken against Hitler and I am ashamed that there are some members of the Labour Party who are saying things defending what the Serbs are doing," she said on BBC Radio 4's *Woman's Hour*. "They are entitled to say it and I am entitled to think it."

An unrepentant Mrs Mahon was last night already discussing plans for a second trip to Yugoslavia at a meeting at Westminster of the Committee for Peace in the Balkans, which she chairs. "I came back even



Mahon: "I only want to help the refugees"

more convinced the bombing will not work because ordinary Yugoslav families told me they will never give up," she said. But the weekend trip, accompanied by a journalist from *The Mirror*, which included two interviews for the state-controlled Serbian media, could well be the last.

Not only were Labour whips bemused that they were not told in advance but the Foreign Office was concerned to discover Mrs Mahon had become only the second Western MP to visit the region since the

bombs started dropping. The Foreign Office was anxious about security implications and the potential publicity premium for the propaganda-hungry Serbian authorities. One Whitehall source said: "We have to beware the risk of MPs unwittingly becoming the toast of Belgrade."

While the MP was coy about the costs, *The Mirror* confirmed that it paid Mrs Mahon's £84 air fare and £55 towards her hotel bill.

Piers Morgan, the Editor, said he was aware that Mrs Mahon was a bitter opponent of Tony Blair's policy. "When we were offered a visa into Yugoslavia it was too good an opportunity to miss," he said.

The MP and the journalist were taken by Serb government officials to sites damaged by bombs.

Mrs Mahon said yesterday: "I was not a help for Milosevic. I refused to meet him or any ministers. I only want to help the refugees to go home. I would walk a million miles if I thought it would help."

Mired in mud, page 7  
Simon Jenkins, page 22  
Letters, page 23



Tony Blair on a visit yesterday to Tornado crews who are flying sorties over Yugoslavia from Bruggen, Germany

## Labour divided by passions of war

Party's wounds may not heal soon, Roland Watson writes

of military action, concern about the legality of Nato's operation and fears for the civilian population of Belgrade.

Of the others who voted against the Government on Monday night, Bob Wareing (Liverpool West Derby), is a long-standing friend of Serbia. Bob Marshall-Andrews (Medway) is a maverick rather than a leftwinger.

Those members of the Campaign group who support the bombing tend to be younger. Many have come to politics from a background of social liberalism, rather than class conflict. They have also developed their beliefs during a time when belief in the supremacy of the nation-state

has taken a knocking. "We now know that the notion of nationhood can often be used to cloak the most appalling crimes," said one Labour MP.

Support on the Left is also driven by feelings that Nato's enemies this time are fascist dictatorship and genocide. That is the line taken by Ken

Livingstone and Harry Cohen, both Campaign members. Television pictures and newspaper reports of refugees that may evoke images of the Nazi Holocaust are also a critical factor among some MPs.

It is noted by some observers that those MPs with a high Muslim population in

their constituencies tend to support the war strongly. But Denis MacShane said the Muslims in his Rotherham constituency had put him under little or no pressure.

Among the humanitarian arguments for intervention are concerns at the rape of ethnic Albanian women. Tess Kingham (Gloucester), a former international aid worker, told the Commons: "I strongly believe we had a moral imperative to intervene."

One MP claims the conflict amounts to "the first socialist war". He says: "This is a Christian alliance going to war with a Christian country in defence of Muslims and to help defeat totalitarianism and genocide. These are the kind of values that brought many of us into the movement."

### BALKANS REBELS

The rebels, led by Tam Dalyell (Glasgow) and Tony Benn (Glasgow), were: Jeremy Corbyn (Glasgow), George Galloway (Glasgow), Neil Gerrard (Walthamstow), Alice Ma-

hon (Halifax), Bob Marshall-Andrews (Medway), Alan Simpson (Nottingham), Llew Smith (Glasgow), Bob Wareing (Liverpool W Derby), Audrey Wise (Preston).

**free serve**

**GET RIGHT TO THE HEART OF THE INTERNET FOR FREE**

Over 1 million people surf the net with Freeserve's fast, reliable service. Our unique homepage provides instant benefits, including:

- TOP 10 CD's FROM £9.99 INCLUDING FREE DELIVERY
- BEST SELLING BOOKS WITH UP TO 70% OFF
- THE LATEST NEWS, SPORT AND WEATHER
- DIRECT AND OTHER GREAT CARTOONS
- WHAT'S ON IN THE UK LOCAL TO YOU
- LAST MINUTE HOLIDAYS AND WEEKEND BREAKS

These are just a few of the great reasons to join the UK's fastest growing on-line community. Join us today.

**free serve**

**www.freeserve.net**

To join us pick up a free CD at any branch of Dixons, Currys, PC World or The Link. All Internet access is subject to standard local call rates.

THE war in Kosovo has produced a split on the Labour Left that will take a long time to heal. Clare Short's denunciation of the 11 Labour MPs who voted against the Government in Monday's debate on the crisis as an "absolute disgrace to the party" illustrates not just the division but the strength of feeling behind it.

In calmer times many of the eleven would be considered political soulmates of the International Development Secretary. But the passion of their opposition to Nato's actions in Yugoslavia runs as fiercely as that of fellow leftwingers convinced that this is a just war.

Even the closest of friends find themselves on the opposite sides of the fence. Alice Mahon, a vigorous critic, has her office next to her close Westminster colleague Ann Chyd, a passionate advocate.

The divisions are partly generational. Many of those opposed to the conflict learnt their politics in the postwar era amid hopes that the authority of a fledgling United Nations could help preside over a new world order. Tony Benn, the former Cabinet minister and MP for Chesterfield, and Tam Dalyell, MP for Linlithgow, fall broadly into that category.

There is also a fiercely anti-American streak running through the opposition to the war, represented by George Galloway, MP for Glasgow Kelvin and Jeremy Corbyn, MP for Islington North.

Other members of the 25-strong, hard left Campaign group arguing against Nato action — including Mrs Mahon, MP for Halifax; Alan Simpson, MP for Nottingham South; Llew Smith, MP for Blaenau Gwent; Audrey Wise, MP for Preston; and Neil Gerrard, MP for Walthamstow — are driven by a mixture of instinctive dislike

**RAF saw civilians only after bombing**

FROM RICHARD OWEN IN GIOIA DEL COLLE

THE RAF confirmed yesterday that British Harriers had spotted civilian vehicles in the Kosovo convoy bombed by Nato planes last Wednesday, but said this was only after the bombing and, therefore, had no bearing on the decision by US pilots to call off the attack.

Reports this week said the Harriers, carrying out daily bombing sorties over Kosovo, had warned the lead F16 pilot that the convoy included civilians but had been ignored.

"This is not true", a spokesman said. "The Harriers arrived... after the attack had been suspended. They also looked at the convoy and reported that it appeared to have possible civilian vehicles amongst it. In that sense they might have contributed to reinforcing a decision to suspend the attacks pending the arrival of the A10s."

US A10 pilots using binoculars confirmed there had been civilian casualties, Nato said.

**STAPLES The Office Superstore**

**LOWEST PRICE OFFICE SUPPLIES**

**100 PUNCHED POCKETS**  
AN104570 • A4, Copy-safe

**STAPLES SPECIAL PRICE**  
**99p\*** EX. VAT WAS £1.29  
**YOU SAVE 30p! EX. VAT**

**BUY 2 GET 1 FREE**

**10 AT&T DISKETTES**  
AN245332

**STAPLES SPECIAL PRICE**  
**£2.54\*** EX. VAT  
**BUY 2 PACKS OF 10 & GET 1 PACK FREE**

**7 DAY\* SPECIAL**

**150% ULTIMATE PRICE PROTECTION**

Show us a lower locally advertised price. We'll match it 100% PLUS give you 50% of the difference (up to £25) as a refund now or within 30 days of your purchase. Call or ask in store for full terms & conditions.

**51 SUPERSTORES FOR YOUR NEAREST STORE**  
**OPEN 7 DAYS A WEEK**  
MON to FRI 9am-8pm, SAT 9am-6pm, SUN 11am-4pm  
\*Special offers are available for a limited time until Saturday 1st May 1999. Available whilst stocks last.

**'Slashing the cost and hassle of running your office'**

هكذا من الأصل



# Nervous start for Nato new boys

Central European recruits may soon regret they signed up, writes Roger Boyes

THE thump of Nato bombs battering Subotica, six miles from the Hungarian border, has brought home the price of alliance membership for the new entrants — Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic.

As the Kosovo war rages on, the new boys are looking nervous. Participating in the Nato club was sold to their electorates as a relatively painless route to modernisation, as an affirmation of Western values and as a way of securing societies against an unstable, unpredictable Russia.

Instead, only weeks after signing up, Hungary finds itself on the front line. The Poles see an already hostile Belarus drawing closer to both Russia and Serbia, and the Czechs are worried that investor sentiment will turn against Central Europe and endanger the far more attractive goal of European Union membership.

Nato's 50th birthday celebrations this week were supposed to put the new members in the spotlight and present a fresh strategic vision for the post-Cold War era. Now the new partners are wondering what they have got themselves into and Nato is wondering whether its "open-door policy" towards Eastern candidates really amounts to a strategy at all.

Most worried of all are two countries on Nato's waiting list, Bulgaria and Romania. Ivan Kostov, the Bulgarian Prime Minister, heads for Brussels today to ask for "additional security guarantees" from Nato.

Bulgaria has opened its airspace for Nato strikes on Serbia and is coming under heavy criticism from the Socialist opposition; the popular mood is turning against the war and against the Government. Every day the country is losing nearly £1 million.

Romania, too, is suffering, above all from the blocking of the Danube: every week of the war it is losing £6.2 million in export earnings. If this is the price of Nato eventually accepting Romania, it is a high one, paid well in advance. Romania is trying very hard to make the grade. Its soldiers now double-march to a US Marine chant which has been adapted to say: "Green leaves on a noble trunk. I am a gendarme, a proud man. We are the gendarmes. Protecting democracy." This may not qualify for any big musical awards but it does underline the effort being put behind every aspect of Eastern Europe's military adaptation to the alliance.

As Janusz Onyszkiewicz, the Polish Defence Minister, says: "You can't change your geography but you can change your geopolitics." That means, in the Polish case, shifting bases from the west of Poland to the east, teaching officers English, kitting up soldiers with Western equipment, trimming the army from 220,000 to 180,000 and raising its professional component. That costs money and even taking into account Nato co-financing of the infra-



Feeling the strain: Albanian children go home from school carrying a box of food sent by aid organisations to help families who have taken in refugees from Kosovo

structural improvements, Poland and the other new allies are in deficit. Airbases are being converted into golf courses, nuclear bunkers into wine cellars to help to pay the bills.

The sums add up for the new boys only if Nato membership brings a swift improvement in their security. For Hungary that seems far from certain. There are 300,000 ethnic Hungarians in the Vojvodina region of north Yugoslavia; they are terrified that Budapest might beat the Nato drum too loudly and turn Serb wrath against them once the Kosovo killing has stopped.

Novi Sad, populated by Serbs and Hungarians, has come under almost daily bombardment and any association with Nato draws contempt. There are irredentists in Hungary who would want autonomy for Vojvodina should Kosovo gain independence. The Hungarian border zone, in other words, is likely to stay unstable for a long time. Budapest's contribution to the Nato campaign is correspondingly low.

The Czechs have reacted churlishly to the air attacks. While President Havel supports the war, Milos Zeman, the Prime Minister, and Václav Klaus, the House Speaker, have expressed doubts and criticised Nato sympathisers as "warmongers". Czechs were the least enthusiastic of the Central Europeans about Nato membership, partly because of the lukewarm attitude

of their leaders, and are unhappy about the present war. There were always two potential crises facing an enlarged Nato: a spreading Balkan war, and a post-Yeltsin succession crisis thrusting Russian nationalists into uncomfortable prominence. The new members were not sufficiently prepared for their alliance role in these crises and they are increasingly uneasy.

A Kosovo war that ends up redrawing frontiers will profoundly destabilise the region. There are ethnic Bulgarians in eastern Serbia, and Serbs and Hungarians in Romania. "The place is a proverbial powder keg and it could just blow up under Nato's southern flank," says a German mili-

tary analyst in Bonn. "If, for example, Kosovo is partitioned, the Kosovo Albanian part will not be viable and will have to integrate economically with Albania proper. That, in turn, will put unbearable pressure on Macedonia, Greece — a Nato member — cannot be untouched by that."

Nato's open-door policy towards Eastern Europe, to be celebrated in Washington this week, has never looked more untenable.

□ Budapest: President Göncz of Hungary will not be taking part in the Nato summit in Washington, his spokesman said, citing reasons of protocol. The delegation will be headed by the country's Prime Minister. (AFP)

## Britain set for refugee intake

By RICHARD FORD  
HOME CORRESPONDENT

THE first refugees from the war in Kosovo are expected to arrive in Britain on Friday, the Government announced last night.

A group of 120 refugees, mainly women and children, will be flown from Macedonia under the United Nations' humanitarian evacuation plans. They include single parents under difficulties in the camps and others who cannot care for themselves.

Another 18 refugees in need of medical treatment, and their 121 dependents, are also to be flown to the UK.

Jack Straw, the Home Secretary, said: "We have made clear that we stand by to respond positively to requests from the UN High Commissioner for Refugees, to take displaced persons from Kosovo on a temporary basis."

The refugees will arrive at Stansted airport and regional airports before being placed in reception centres run by the Refugee Council. They will then be moved into permanent accommodation.

Those arriving this week will be given permission to stay in the UK because they have close family members here, or will get 12 months' exceptional leave to enter.

## BALKANS SUMMARY Yugoslav towns emptied

Geneva: Up to a million people have left their homes in Yugoslavia to move to safer, rural areas as Nato airstrikes continue, the International Red Cross said. Towns in the southeast of the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia have become homes for people who have left their own communities, and Red Cross workers believe up to 50,000 displaced people could arrive in Vranje if the situation continues to deteriorate. (AP)

## One killed at offices

Belgrade: One person was killed and two hurt in a Nato airstrike on Pristina as at least 20 explosions were heard in the Kosovo capital yesterday, the state news agency Tanjug reported. The dead and injured were at an administration building in the Pristina suburb of Grmija, which was hit by a missile. Slatina airport and a coalmine were also targeted. (AFP)

## Airport inspected

Prague: A group of US Air Force specialists inspected an international civilian airport at Mosnov, northern Moravia, which may be used to station Nato KC135 refuelling planes to help with airstrikes against Yugoslavia. The Czech Government has asked parliament to allow the use of its airports and both chambers are due to discuss the issue today. (AP)

## US holds soldier

Massachusetts: The US has taken custody of a Yugoslav army officer captured by the KLA, the White House said. He was captured last Wednesday near Junik and delivered to the Albanian Government before being turned over to the US military. He is in good condition and will receive visits from the Red Cross and religious counsellors. (AFP)

## Old scores put young state at risk of inferno

IF THE Kosovo war leads to the collapse of Macedonia, Europe will be faced with a general conflagration in the southern Balkans with fighting and instability lasting well into the next century.

With every week the war goes on, the danger grows. The fear is that the huge influx of Albanian refugees will alter the country's delicate ethnic balance, inflame tensions between the Serbs, Macedonians and Albanians and provoke bloody massacres. A Macedonian civil war could suck in Albania, Serbia, Greece, Bulgaria and even Turkey and would unleash an orgy of killing and the settling of ancient scores.

This is why the main aim of President Milosevic is to swamp his southern neighbour with Kosovan Albanians. This is why the normally tolerant Government in Skopje has behaved so harshly towards the refugees and tried to stop their influx. This is why the West is terrified that a pro-Serb uprising would throw Macedonia back into the arms of Mr Milosevic and deprive Nato of the only viable land base on which to mass troops.

Macedonia has been in the eye of the storm for almost a century. Both the 1912 and 1913 Balkan wars were fought over control of Macedonia, and the outcome arguably provoked the fatal shot that triggered the First World War. Bismarck once said: "Those who control the valley of the River Vardar in Macedonia are the masters of the Balkans." That is still true today.

The country is without clear borders, identity, historical legitimacy or even an agreed name. Officially still known as the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, it has, since independence, been locked in argument with Greece over its claim to the ancient historical name, which it shares with northern Greece.

This dispute marred the birth of modern Macedonia in 1992, when it opted reluctantly for independence with a fragmented population and a dubious economic outlook. The virulent hostility of Athens, culminating in a trade and transit blockade, may have temporarily forged a national consensus, but it almost strangled Macedonia from the start.

Ironically, relations with Greece have improved so far and so fast that Skopje is now dependent on its southern neighbour for economic and political underpinning. Greek and Macedonian negotiators have reportedly achieved a breakthrough on the name — to be changed to Macedonia —

## Tension in south Balkans could continue into next century, writes Michael Binyon

Skopje: Greek sources say that Athens will sign a treaty when the political atmosphere is calmer.

With a population of only two million, today's Macedonia was largely an invention of the late President Tito, separated from southern Serbia to weaken Serb dominance in a federal Yugoslavia. Under the communists, the Albanian minority of 25 per cent was badly treated. Since independence, they have had more rights and freedoms.

But underlying tensions remain. The Orthodox Macedonians, whose language is virtually indistinguishable from Bulgarian, and a small number of Serbs hate and despise the Muslim Albanians. They see them as a fifth column, scheming to create a greater Albania. The Albanians, in turn, see Macedonia as part of a Slav-Orthodox plot to crush their identity. There is strong support for the Kosovo Liberation Army, and tonnes of weapons were smuggled into Albanian hands in western Macedonia after weapons stores were looted during the 1996 Albanian civil war.

Unlike 1912 or 1913, when the neighbouring countries fought each other for control of this remnant of the Ottoman empire, the surrounding governments know the cost of provoking trouble. Greeks and Bulgarians have both historically coveted the territory.

But today Athens and Sofia are committed to keeping existing Balkan borders. They have offered moral and material support to the Government of Ljupko Georgievski, dominated by moderate nationalists. But Serbia has a different agenda: and Albania, riven by instability, has little to lose by intervention.

The real danger is not outside meddling but internal collapse. If the majority fears a permanent increase in the Albanian population, it would look to Serbia for protection. It might also turn on the Albanians, with massacres that could draw in neighbours in an attempt to protect their ethnic kinsmen. A civil war would be even bloodier than the one in Bosnia. The region cannot afford a third Balkan war.

# The amazing British Midland Sale.

(Perhaps you should take a seat)

DEPARTURES		
Manchester	£49 rtn.	save £23
Edinburgh	£49 rtn.	save £20
Belfast	£49 rtn.	save £20
Amsterdam	£59 rtn.	save £27
Brussels	£59 rtn.	save £27
Paris	£59 rtn.	save £23
Nice	£99 rtn.	save £37
Prague	£149 rtn.	save £35
Warsaw	£149 rtn.	save £24

Until 1 May we've reduced flight prices to our lowest ever for many routes. Prices are valid for travel between 1/5/99 and 31/5/99. Flight prices include taxes and charges from London. Book now for travel on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturdays. More outstanding prices available Friday and Sunday mornings.

For details of our amazing offers, contact your travel agent or call us 7 days a week on 0870 240 7033 or book on [www.britishmidland.com](http://www.britishmidland.com)

British Midland  
The Airline for Europe

Return prices based on availability. Bookings must be made from 1/7/99 up to 1/5/99 for travel between 24/4/99 and 30/6/99 inclusive. 7 days advance purchase necessary. Min 2 night or Saturday night stay required with over 1 month. No changes or refunds available. Saturday flights not affected. Flight prices include passenger service charges, UK and foreign levies taxes, exchange rates may vary. Prices correct at time of going to press. Cuts are recorded. More offers available from other airports in the UK and Ireland.



# The flat was too small to swing a cat.

# So it was kicked, punched and pummed instead.



When the vet inspected Raquel, he noted a fractured leg, broken ribs, blood swelling to the head and a ruptured abdomen.

The kind of injuries consistent with a road accident. Except this cat had never left her owner's flat.

You see, it wasn't a speeding vehicle that had struck her. It was a boot.

The rest of her injuries revealed a sad catalogue of suffering.

Severe burns. Scald lesions. Broken and fractured bones. Ruptures. Haematoma. Chronic arthritis caused by a fractured hock.

The owner assumed that Raquel, used to living in large houses, had incurred these injuries running round her cramped flat.

The owner's boyfriend, who was found guilty of the horrific attacks, was then sentenced to three months in an extremely cramped place of his own.

Last year, our inspectors investigated over 124,000 cruelty complaints. Thankfully, this one had a happy ending.

Under the RSPCA's care, Raquel made a good recovery and is now re-homed in a loving environment. She remains scared of men but is making steady progress.

RSPCA week runs until 25th April. Please join, support us or make a donation by calling 01403 223 284 during office hours.

Despite our best efforts, cruelty to cats is creeping up every year. But with your help, we are determined to reverse this trend.



Prophets  
visions  
comfort  
Belgrade

factory boss scoffs  
'anti-rich' raid





American troops move a campbed to drier ground at their Tirana base after the heavy rains that have turned parts of Albania into a quagmire

## Americans meet their match in Albania's mudbath

THE age-old scourge of European battlefields has returned to haunt US troops arriving in Albania. They are attempting to set up camp in a mudbath.

The 3,000 ground troops sent to Tirana to prepare for the arrival and use of Apache helicopters have been severely hampered by the quagmire. The US Army has been attempting to set up a base from where it can operate missile launchers and dispatch helicopters on missions to hunt Serb tanks and troops. But officers are concerned that heavy rain has created a scene reminiscent of the trenches in the First World War.

The sheep pasture in which Task Force Hawk is attempting to work has been renamed "Mud World". Trucks and missile launchers have become mired in ditches as troops struggle, and fail, to keep their feet in a sea of mud.

Few troops have failed to become caked in mud which, in the absence of adequate laundry facilities, has

**Soldiers meet ancient scourge of armies, writes Damian Whitworth**

firm ground on which the missile launchers and the helicopters can stand. The 18 Multiple Launch Rocket Systems can fire short- and medium-range missiles at Serb forces; the helicopters, flying close to the ground, will then attack with Hellfire laser-guided missiles, rockets and guns.

The helicopters, which have been at the centre of controversy because it has taken more than two weeks to deploy them from Germany, are expected to begin flying in a week, despite the conditions. "There are high levels of mud. They [the troops] are contending with it and we will have the Apaches ready soon," William Cohen, the US Defence Secretary, said.

Nicosia: Greek Cypriot students walked out of their classes, marched to the United States Embassy and hurled eggs at the building to protest against the bombing. About 2,000 students waved placards and chanted slogans saying "Nato, killer of children" and "Stop the bombing." (AP)

An American contractor has been called in to spread gravel in order to provide

## Prophets' visions comfort Belgrade



The superstitious Serbs are turning to seers who forecast the US will split in two over the conflict. Tom Walker writes

BILL CLINTON'S political career is over and America will shortly split in two, Serbs were assured yesterday in one of their favourite occult magazines, *Twilight Zone*. As the Nato bombardment drags on into its fifth week, residents of the capital are looking for alternative worlds in which to live, and soothsayers and prophets are doing brisk business.

The television stations are eagerly embracing the effort to build a metaphysical bunker against grim reality in a nation slowly being picked apart. Spasoje Vljacic, an author and prophet, told viewers of the pre-Milosevic BK channel two nights ago that Mr Clinton is in league with Satan, and that he has been excommunicated by his home parish in Little Rock, Arkansas.

Mr Vljacic has become an overnight celebrity through his uncanny ability to convert names into numbers — and strangely Clinton, Albright and Blair all somehow add up to the same figure, 666. Their evil is being countered by divine intervention, and without hesitation Mr Vljacic provided the example of the Nato bombing raid that killed 16 civilians in the southern town of Aleksina. A day later, he claimed, dozens were killed in a traffic accident in Germany.

Serbs are a superstitious lot at the best of times, and their Orthodox religion includes a vibrant dose of pagan tradition. Ancient beliefs are now being vigorously called upon, and the divine spirit most prayed to is Elijah, or Ilja, patron saint of the weather and fondly known as "Ilja the

thunder-maker". Many citizens have watched enough CNN and Sky television to know that storm clouds are normally enough to keep Nato's iron vultures at bay.

Books on Nostradamus are being snapped up along the Knez Mihailova shopping street, with many Serbs quoting the French physician as predicting that the Third World War will begin in June. On a similarly gloomy note, many are also recalling the 19th century sayings of Serbia's own Mitar Tarabic, who foresaw a calamitous leader plunging the nation into a hopeless war and inevitable defeat, after which "there will only be enough Serbs to stand under a plum tree". Revelling in their ability to suffer like no other Europeans, many Serbs apparently enjoy the thoughts of Nostradamus and Tarabic as much as those seers closer to the regime, who vow Kosovo will never be lost.

Today's ratty gaudy equivalent of Tarabic might be the transsexual Kleopatra, formerly a male singer in a popular Bosnian truck cafe but in her recent and buxom incarnation one of the most respected television prophets.

"Nothing good is going to happen and nothing good will happen all the way down to our great grandchildren," the towering blonde, who packs a pistol in her handbag, said in *Twilight Zone*. But Kleopatra, an acquaintance of President Milosevic's wife, Mira, knows on which side her bread is buttered and assured readers that after Kosovo peace talks "the President will stay in power."

## Factory boss scoffs at 'anti-rich' raids

FROM TOM WALKER IN BELGRADE

A DIRECTOR of a Serbian factory destroyed by airstrikes yesterday rejected Nato claims that it is weakening the regime of President Milosevic by blowing up state assets. The alliance says that the action is hitting his inner circle in the pocket.

"One of the biggest industrial plants levelled by Nato is the Zastava car and lorry complex in Kragujevac, central Serbia. Anonymous Nato officials, who say that many state companies are controlled by those close to Mr Milosevic, cite Milan Beko, Zastava's director and formerly the minister for privatisation.

"This is unbelievable," said Mr Beko, one of Serbia's more flamboyant entrepreneurs, last night. "You can't punish

the 38,000 workers of Zastava just because someone is alleged to be close to the President. In that case Nato should say it is fighting Yugoslavia because of Milosevic, and not for humanitarian causes."

Opposition figures in Belgrade also ridiculed the Nato claim. "If they really want to destroy assets of the inner circle, they should bomb a couple of banks in Switzerland and on the Cayman Islands," an independent journalist said.

They pointed out that many Belgrade elite are already fantastically rich by Serbian standards and their grip on power would enable them to switch quickly from assets left moribund by Nato to more fertile profit opportunities.

## test drive your IQ

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS SHOULD TAKE NO MORE THAN TEN MINUTES TO ANSWER, BUT THERE IS NO TIME LIMIT. YOU MAY USE A PENCIL TO WORK OUT YOUR ANSWERS. start now.

1 FIND THE MISSING NUMBER.

WOLF is to FLOW as  
8526 is to...

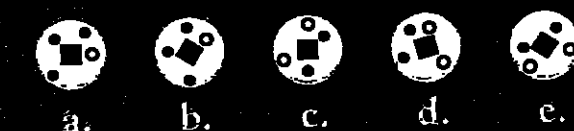
2 INSERT THE MISSING PAIR.



3 FIND THE ODD ONE OUT.

a. ODRO c. HWLEE  
b. OOTB d. EERT

4 WHICH OF THESE SHAPES DOES NOT BELONG?



5 WHAT WORD COMPLETES THE FIRST AND STARTS THE SECOND?

SIDE ( \_ \_ \_ ) NATION

6 FIND THE WORD THAT CAN BE PREFIXED BY ALL THE FOLLOWING.

SM D HE P ST

7 LOOK CAREFULLY AT THE FOLLOWING EQUATION. IS IT TRUE OR IS IT SO MIND NUMBINGLY AMAZING YOU CAN'T QUITE GET YOUR HEAD ROUND IT?



RENAULT



The Laguna

Answers:  
Question 7 is true.  
(It happens to be mind  
numbly amazing  
as well.)

FOR THE OTHER ANSWERS, GO TO PAGE 11





THE Queen was introduced yesterday to ginseng, a prized potion said to reduce blood pressure and improve stamina.

She was served it for dinner, but at the end of a long day it was the Duke of Edinburgh who looked most in need of its restorative powers.

Ginseng, served with cucumber and mustard sauce, was the first item on the menu at last night's state banquet here. The Queen remained alert and active after a day of greeting huge and admiring crowds, but the tired-eyed Duke nodded precariously close to the dinner table while his wife

On the second day of her state visit, the Queen found herself the object of adulation by virtually the entire student body of the world's largest all-female university. It was in the sharpest contrast to a visit she made several years ago to the campus at Aberystwyth, when hostile Welsh-speaking students forced her, for one of the few times in her reign, to cut short an engagement.

They are going to *curmudgeonly* in South Korea, where the visit has been accorded such high importance by the Government, that even last week's dress rehearsal took precedence on the television news over a state visit by President Mubarak of Egypt. After the formalities of the first day, yesterday was for the crowds.

In case it was all too much, the Queen's tour of Ewha Women's University included a laboratory where scientists were distilling ginseng to try to discover the secret of its restorative properties. The Queen showed interest, but did not sample it. They gave her a box to take away.

Over a carefully screened cup of tea, the Queen met some of the university's notable graduates including Im Eun Joo, 33, who is the world's first internationally qualified woman football referee, and Byun Young Joo, a film director. "We have just been seeing all the films about you on television, including your life story," Miss Byun said eagerly. "I'm afraid that's rather a

Even greater crowds, primed by a torrent of advanced media publicity, packed the narrow canyon of Insa-Dong, a traditional Seoul shopping street, as the Queen went walkabout. Police struggled to clear a path and curious faces peered from every upstairs window.

At a calligraphy shop she was presented with a scroll and two traditional seals with owl motifs. Across the street she visited a ceramics shop, signed her name on a white china plate with a calligraphy brush and came away with a gift of a handsome white tea pot. Then to a dress shop selling traditional outfits. There they gave her a turquoise shawl which she put on but declined an invitation to look at herself in the mirror. "No, I

know that I look very nice," she said rather charmingly. The shawl was added to the day's booty.

contrast, the Head of the Commonwealth looked like an ordinary lady on a shopping trip.

Gifts are not all one way, however. Yesterday the Queen made her host President Kim Dae Jung an honorary Knight Grand Cross of the Order of the Bath, and gave him a pair of silver-framed photographs and a 19th-century print of

Cambridge, where the President spent some time.

The state visit is largely about trade but there is much recognition of Britain's part in the Korean War, which has left the peninsula divided for nearly half a century. At the state banquet given by President Kim last night the Queen referred to current events near-

er home. "At a time when hostilities are again very much on our minds in Europe, we in Britain recall that some 87,000 British servicemen and women, along with military contingents from other Commonwealth countries, fought in those three years of the Korean War, many as part of the Commonwealth Division. We

**□ Porn warning:** The Duke of Edinburgh, saying that clever crooks and peddlers of pornography were exploiting the Internet, urged South Korea's business leaders to ensure that highly trained technology managers were also grounded in ethics and morality. (PA)

BY HELEN RUMBELOW

**GINSENG** has a royal pedigree as great as the Queen's, since Mongol emperors ate the "king of herbs" in search of long life and an heir up to 4,000 years ago.

Then as now it is a symbol of Korea, but it has been much coveted by the Chinese for the effects of its Yang energy, some of which have now been proved scientifically.

Its name is derived from the Chinese for "man-roof" because its 10in fleshy white tendrils often assume a human shape.

The older and bigger the root becomes the more human it looks. Although most

are harvested after six years, in 1994 a farmer pulled up a *Slin* root claiming it was 600 years old. He was paid £140,000 for it in Beijing.

More than 12,000 tonnes of ginseng is produced annually, most from the damp woodlands of Korea.

Its power is the stuff of myth, with the best quality given to the Koryo kings in Korea as well as Chinese dynasties who prized it as an aphrodisiac and food for warriors.

Chinese herbalists use the root in tea as a tonic for the elderly. It affects the adrenal gland which produces stress-related hormones.

**ENDSLEIGH  
INSURANCE**

**CALL  
ENDSLEIGH  
FOR CHEAPER  
MOTOR  
INSURANCE.**

**AND DON'T MISS OUT  
ON THE EXTRA BITS.**

Endsleigh may offer cheaper motor insurance, but you still get our 24 hour 'one call sorts it all' claims service. And you still get a free courtesy car.\* And you still get windscreens replacement without affecting your no claims. And you still get 30 days cover in Europe. And you still get road rage cover. And if you need any extra reasons to call, give us a call.

And if you need any extra reasons to call, give us a call.

**CALL ENDSLEIGH NOW**  
**0800 028 2344**

OXFORD SCIENTIFIC FILMS  
 1000 NEW YORK AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL. 60611  
 DIVISION OF SCIENCE, ACADEMY OF NATURAL SCIENCES  
 1000 NEW YORK AVENUE, CHICAGO, ILL. 60611

Volkswagen Audio Dept

Even our radio antennae are designed to reduce wind resistance. **Passat. German for detail.**



# INVENSYS

## THE BIGGEST

## COMPANY

## YOU'VE NEVER

## HEARD OF

You're forgiven. Invensys was only born on 4th February, the result of the merger between BTR and Siebe. But what a merger it is. Invensys is now a force to be reckoned with, having consolidated sales of £9 billion and a current market value of over £11 billion. It's already a worldwide leader in automation and controls. We are off to a remarkable start. But that's all it is – a start. Invensys will now be in an ideal position to combine the individual strengths of both BTR and Siebe and offer a more comprehensive package of products, systems and services to our customers. This might well be the first time you've ever heard the name Invensys. But it certainly won't be the last.

Invensys plc, Canfield Place, London SW1P 1BN, UK. Tel: +44 (0) 171 634 2040. Web site: [www.invensys.com](http://www.invensys.com) All amounts relate to BTR 12 months to 30th June 1998 and Siebe 12 months to 3rd Oct 1998. Market value as at close of trading on 5th April 1999.

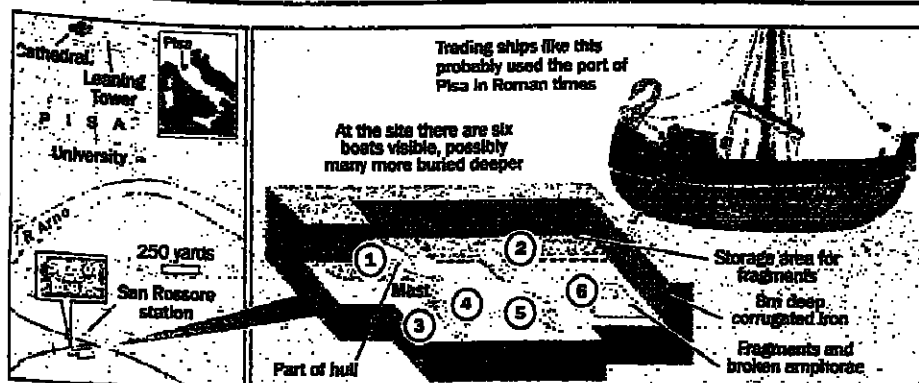
 **Invensys**

مكتبة من الأصل

Roman  
dig from  
Pisa ha







# Roman ships dug from lost Pisa harbour

Scholars are celebrating a rare insight into maritime life 2,000 years ago, reports Richard Owen in Rome

BRITISH and Italian classical scholars yesterday hailed the discovery of eight almost perfectly preserved Ancient Roman ships buried in the mud of what was once the harbour at Pisa as "an astonishing step back into the past" and a "rare insight into Rome as a maritime and trading power".

One wooden ship, with an elongated prow, is thought to have had a military purpose. "Confirmed, this will make it the first Roman warship ever found," said Stefano Bruni, the Tuscan archaeologist in charge of the dig.

Professor Andrew Wallace-Hadrill, director of the British School at Rome, said that the ships were "extremely impressive, outstandingly well preserved, and in pristine condition... I could hardly believe the wood before my eyes was not modern-day wood in a modern boat. It is as fresh as the day the ships sank. This is a very exciting find."

He said he believed that "perhaps a fifth of the boats have been uncovered... there is even more to come".

Giovanna Melandri, the Minister of Culture, said the find was "of exceptional impor-

ance. The archaeologists have uncovered a marvel, both because of the state of preservation of the ships and the numbers involved... the ancient port of Pisa has come to life before our eyes."

"The Roman fleet emerges from the mud of Pisa after two thousand years," said the headline in yesterday's *La Stampa*, noting that it was "extremely

**'Some may have foundered, others sunk in storms, and others went to the bottom in a flood'**

rare" to find Roman ships in such numbers. They range in length from eight yards to thirty yards.

The ships, which are believed to date from the third century BC to the fifth century AD, had all been anchored in a port at the confluence of the River Arno and the River Ausser near the coast. The area has since silted up, and is several miles from the present coast.

The ships were discovered within an area one hundred

and fifty yards square by workmen constructing a control centre at Pisa for the renovated high-speed railway line between Genoa and Rome. They were shown to the press yesterday at Pisa's San Rossore station, half a mile from the Leaning Tower of Pisa.

Reconstruction of the railway station is being held up, but railway officials said that

area. He said that there were no giant grain ships of the kind that plied between Egypt and Rome among those uncovered. "I think what we are looking at here is a lagoon harbour which was probably linked to the coast by a canal. Big ships moored off the coast, and these smaller vessels unloaded goods and came up to Pisa."

"They probably also plied up and down the coast. One of them has a distinctive type of sand in it which I am told comes from the Bay of Naples, suggesting that it put in at Naples to take on ballast before chugging on up here."

Some of the boats used oars while others were under sail. A mast has been found in one of them. "These are not just odd remains but whole vessels, with hulls, planks, wooden pins, nails, even baskets and jars."

Professor Bruni said that the excavations were continuing. "The fleet was obviously much bigger than the eight ships found so far," he said. "We knew the site might have artefacts of archaeological value, but nothing like this."

Wood spotted six yards down in the dark grey silt turned out to be the hull of a ship. The archaeologists even found the remains of rope used to tie the boats up in the harbour.

Professor Wallace-Hadrill said the ships were in an exceptional state of preservation because they had been engaged in damp mud. To ensure they are not damaged by exposure to the air, specialists have covered the wooden remains in a layer of varnish and protected them with fibre glass. The boats will later be soaked in distilled water.

Professor Bruni said the archaeologists had also found hundreds of amphorae that once contained fruit such as cherries and plums, and chestnuts and walnuts, as well as

olives, wine and oil. The jaw bone of a wild boar suggested the boats carried live animals.

"For me this is one of the most important aspects of the discovery," Professor Wallace-Hadrill said. "We have tens of thousands of amphorae from Pompeii and other sites, but know little about what they really contained. This gives you the feel of the range of goods ferried around the Mediterranean." "The dates of the amphorae provide clues to the dates of the ships, which will be confirmed by carbon dating of the wood."

The Superintendent of Archaeology at Pisa, Guglielmo Malchiodi, said it appeared that the ships had all fallen victim to a "Pompeii-type catastrophe, perhaps a flash flood, which overwhelmed them". But Elena Rossi, one of the leading archaeologists working on the ships, believes that they had all suffered different fates at different times. "Some may have foundered, others sunk in storms, and others went to the bottom in a flood," she said.

Professor Wallace-Hadrill said Roman ships had been found before around the Mediterranean, "but almost always

in ones or twos, such as finds at Fiumicino, during the construction of Rome's airport on the coast, and at Marselles. This is something quite extraordinary."

A Roman rubbish dump, packed with treasures, including a dinner-set and a leather sandal, has been unearthed in a private garden on the edge of a Falkirk housing estate. The garden adjoins Murrills Farm at Laurieston, the protected site of one of the largest of 17 forts found on the Antonine Wall.

Leading article, page 23



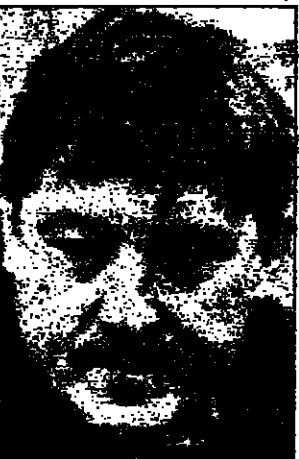
One of the archaeologists recording details of the ships, described as outstandingly well-preserved. Photographs: Chris Warde-Jones



A wild boar's jaw bone with tusks and an amphora were uncovered, providing evidence of the ships' cargoes



Elena Rossi, a leading archaeologist on the Pisa site, cleaning one of the hulls. Right: Andrew Wallace-Hadrill, director of the British School at Rome



www.renault.co.uk  
0800 52 51 50

answers

- 6258.
- 
- EERT (TREE).
- D. (A & B are a pair as are C & E).
- CAR.
- ART.

The Renault Laguna Alizé Hatchback or Estate with 16valve engine, air conditioning and a host of extras from £14,705 on the road with 0% finance.

The Laguna



RENAULT

Renault Laguna has a 12-month unlimited mileage warranty with free AMC membership plus an 8-year anti-rust warranty and Renault Assistance Services. Manufacturer's recommended retail price on the road (including 17.5% VAT, delivery to the dealer, dealer preparation, security, insurance, 12-month warranty and 100,000 miles and 100,000 miles of 425,000 miles). The Renault Laguna RT Alizé starts from £15,000 on the road. Car shown: Renault Laguna Alizé 1.6i (115hp, manual petrol). Other goods or services supplied by arrangement between the customer and dealer are not included. Finance offer, subject to status, applies to any new Renault Laguna ordered and registered by 30th June 1999. Written agreement available on request. Finance provided by RPS Ltd, City House, City Road, Chester CH2 3AP. Free servicing applies to any new Renault Laguna Alizé ordered and registered by 30th June 1999 and is for two free servicing vouchers at service intervals of 12,000 miles and 24,000 miles (10,000 and 20,000 for diesel models) - equivalent to typical annual mileage. Finance and service offers apply to private and business purchases only (excluding fleet hire). See your Renault dealer for details.

When consulting with businesses on where to open,  
we often suggest a densely populated area. The living room.



*Join us. Together we can change the world.*

There's a new world being created. With new ways of buying and selling. New ways of doing business. And even new ways of living. At PricewaterhouseCoopers, we're working with clients to make the most of these new opportunities. Whether it's building Internet-based shopping, establishing electronic trading communities, or what goes on in-between, we understand the broad implications that can help our clients secure long-term success. In countries all around the world. As well as the brave new world of cyberspace.

[www.pwcglobal.com/uk](http://www.pwcglobal.com/uk)

**PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers refers to the U.K. firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers and to other member firms of the worldwide PricewaterhouseCoopers organisation.

هكذا من الأصل



## NEWS IN BRIEF

## Pond gives up sunken treasure

Conservationists clearing a pond pulled out a jewellery box containing 40 pieces valued at £2,500, including a £1,500 diamond and ruby cluster ring. A grappling hook thrown into Coy pond, in Bourne, to retrieve a traffic cone snagged on a pillow case with the box inside. The jewellery was thought to be stolen by burglars and to have been in the water for at least ten years. Police are checking their records.

## Explosive fuel

Bomb disposal experts were called in to defuse a grenade that workers found in a delivery of coal to a power station on the Isle of Grain in Kent. The consignment had arrived by ship from Holland but had originated in Colombia.

## Sex attack hunt

Police are to leaflet 80,000 suburban homes on the edge of East London to help them to track down a sex attacker who has seriously assaulted five children. The attacks, in secluded areas of Woodford, Clayhill and Elm Park, began in 1994.

## Head accused

Terrence Vardon, the head of King Henry VIII School, Coventry, was charged with possessing indecent photographs of children. A teacher at the school, John Skermet, has also been accused over child photographs. The cases are not linked.

## More depressed

The number of people who went to see their doctor with depression more than doubled from four million to nine million between 1994 and 1998, according to a report by HMS Health. Men were more likely to suffer from it than women.

## Elvis surprise

A man who played two unlabelled metal records he bought in Memphis in 1968 found they were Elvis Presley's *That's All Right*, his first single, and *Mystery Train*. Graham Knight, of Aberdeen, believes they are master copies worth £20,000.

## Seabed odyssey

Brian Lodey decided that a lobster he caught near St Michael's Mount, Cornwall, deserved to live after he found that it had covered more than 300 miles. The lobster was tagged in 1996 off St David's Head, Wales.

## Allergy woman killed by chip dipped in curry

By PAUL WILKINSON  
NORTH EAST  
CORRESPONDENT

A WOMAN with an allergy to nuts died after taking a bite from a chip that she had dipped into a restaurant curry. Leann Rickaby, 24, immediately suffered a severe allergic reaction despite rushing to the lavatory to make herself sick. She went into anaphylactic shock and died on the way to hospital.

Yesterday her family called for clearer labelling of food on restaurant menus to show whether dishes contained nuts. Her father, John, said: "We want people to be more aware of these allergies so that this kind of thing never happens again."

"It would give us a bit more peace of mind if someone in the future said, 'If it wasn't for that girl in South Shields my daughter could have died.'"

Miss Rickaby, an accounts manager at Sunderland University, went for a meal with her boyfriend and a friend last Friday to celebrate a promotion and pay rise. She had eaten at the restaurant, the India Brasserie in South Shields, before without experiencing an allergic reaction.

When she noticed the first signs of an attack she called a waiter to her table for help

## THE SHOCK THAT CAN BE FATAL

Anaphylactic shock is a severe and life-threatening allergic reaction, (Christine Middap writes). It is most commonly caused by insect bites, food and drugs. It affects the whole body, usually within minutes of exposure to an allergen such as nuts or shellfish. Even tiny quantities of the allergen can cause the body's immune system to overreact to the perceived threat to the body and release chemical substances, including histamine. These substances can lower blood pressure, constrict airways and cause asthma, hives, swelling, stomach pain and vomiting. In the most severe cases, the patient can choke, fall into shock and collapse if he or she remains untreated.

and explained that her life was in danger. As she became more distressed her boyfriend called a taxi, but she insisted that an ambulance be called.

Miss Rickaby was able to walk out of the restaurant but died in the ambulance on the way to hospital.

Her father said: "She knew she had this allergy; she was always very, very careful. She had had reactions in the past and what she normally did was to make herself sick."

"She might not have asked if it had nuts in but it wouldn't

have mattered anyway because she always tested her food and that's what she did this time. She dipped the chip in to see if it had any nuts and she just had that little bit."

Miss Rickaby, who lived with her family in South Shields, also suffered from severe asthma. A post-mortem examination concluded that death was a result of natural causes.

A spokesman for the India Brasserie said: "We are deeply upset about what happened and we want to extend our sympathies to the family." He said that the menu did indicate whether each meal contained nuts. "It was very hot and crowded in the restaurant at the time, which may have made the condition worse."

## LINKS

[www.anaphylaxis.org.uk](http://www.anaphylaxis.org.uk). The Anaphylactic Campaign provides information on potentially fatal food allergies, including guidance for carers.

## Navy flier gave parents joyrides

By SIMON DE BRUXELLES, SOUTH WEST CORRESPONDENT

A SENIOR Royal Navy aviator took his parents and their lunch guests on a joyride in his helicopter, a court martial was told yesterday.

Lieutenant-Commander James Hawkins was found out after a neighbour who rang her local council to complain about dogs' mess went on to complain about the noise from the helicopter next door.

Mr Hawkins made a 50-mile detour in his Lynx helicopter to visit his parents in Launceston, Cornwall, as he headed from his base at Portland to a ball at the Britannia Royal Naval College at Dartmouth, Devon.

After having lunch with them he took his parents and their seven guests on a series of joyrides in the £7 million aircraft.

Mr Hawkins had been celebrating his last day as observer and flight commander of the helicopter based on the de-

stroyer HMS Gloucester when he made the flights at Easter last year.

He admitted causing unnecessary annoyance by flying over private residences and breaking Queen's Regulations by carrying civilian passengers without permission. He was fined £1,500 and will be assigned to another job within the Navy.

Captain Ian Tibbitt, the president of the court martial, told him: "You deliberately flouted regulations for the operation of Naval aircraft and betrayed the trust and confidence of those who looked to you to uphold the professional standards of your specialisation."

Lieutenant-Commander Hugh Anderson, for the defence, said: "These matters are out of character. He is desperately embarrassed to be here today to account for what he knows full well was a deliberate flouting of regulations."

## Dialogue of deaf ends in stabbings

By RUSSELL JENKINS

A DEAF woman, caught by her boyfriend trying to seduce her former lover, lashed out with a kitchen knife after a furious row in sign language, a court was told yesterday.

Lynda Wright, 31, was entertaining the men — both profoundly deaf — at her flat in Stockport on Christmas Day, 1997.

Minshull Street Crown Court in Manchester was told that she lost her temper when her former boyfriend, Peter Drinnan, 40, spurned her attempts to give him a love bite. She grabbed a 7in knife from the kitchen and stabbed him in the stomach.

She then left the room and returned with a pair of scissors, attempting to stab herself. She then allegedly stabbed her boyfriend, Alex Wilson, 41, in the shoulder.

Police forced entry into the flat when Ms Wright locked herself inside, armed with the knife. Mr Drinnan needed nine stitches, while Mr Wilson needed three stitches.

Stephen Rothwell, for the prosecution, told the court that the dispute began after the trio had been drinking. Ms Wright became affectionate with her ex-lover, who pushed her away. It was then that Wright attacked the two men, he said.

Ms Wright denies two charges of wounding with intent to cause grievous bodily harm. Four interpreters for the deaf are being used in the trial, which continues.

## C&amp;G mortgages are on the other end of the line.



## C&amp;G MORTGAGE DIRECT

C&G Mortgage Direct makes it easy to enjoy the benefits of a C&G mortgage.

• Call free for a decision in principle within 15 minutes.

• You'll find our mortgage service as friendly and efficient as it is fast.

• We don't charge valuation fees or mortgage indemnity premiums.

• Whether you're moving home or just your mortgage, we have a mortgage to suit.

• Call free quoting ref: TC1D

0800 731 8511

Apply online: [www.cheltglos.co.uk](http://www.cheltglos.co.uk)

Cheltenham & Gloucester

Looking after you, from interest

YOUR HOME IS AT RISK IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE OR OTHER LOAN SECURED ON IT

3Com  
More connected.

Kate Hunter  
Dancer

Three choreographers I'd like to work with. François' number in Paris.

Ballet class 10am. Physiotherapy at 4pm. Dinner with Mark 7.30pm.

The critics' reviews of my performance. Notes on Nureyev's bio.

Buy another six pairs of leg warmers. Roses to Katya for premiere (hey, who's jealous?).

Synchronise and back up my Palm V™ organiser with my PC. With just one touch.

# Simply Palm

Phone 0800 701100 - [www.palm-3com.com](http://www.palm-3com.com)

Palm Computing, Inc. developer of the world's leading handheld platform.

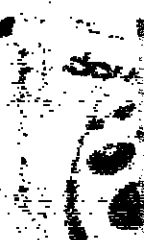


@ { IBM Servers are  
the engines  
of e-business }

مكتبة من الأصل



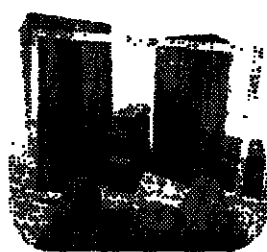
Offers a range of server  
business including a  
Windows NT, UNIX  
and enterprise  
current IBM se  
7500 and sur



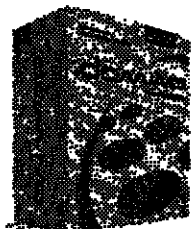
Lotus Domino re  
SM servers from Ne  
S 390 On ca  
PS 4000 and S-39  
over 20,000 mail users  
Lotus Domino con



# With e-business, the {only interior that's critical} is your server's.



IBM offers a range of servers for e-business, including affordable Windows NT, UNIX midrange and enterprise servers. All current IBM servers are Year 2000 and euro ready.\*\*



Lotus Domino runs on all IBM servers from Netfinity to S/390. On our AS/400, RS/6000 and S/390 servers, over 20,000 mail users can run Lotus Domino concurrently.

Your server determines how easily your customers can find you, and the experience they have once they do. Your server dictates the security of your transactions, and the integrity of your data. Everything else is secondary – your office, your décor, your location.

**How do you choose the right server?** Choosing the right server – to connect your customers, employees, vendors and suppliers through intranets, extranets and over the Internet – depends on your size, the conventions of your industry and the kind of transactions required. So it makes sense to consult IBM, the company that builds and installs more servers for more platforms than anybody else.

**On the Web, a server that isn't secure is a customer confidence problem.** Protecting your customers' data is crucial if you manage an e-business. At IBM, we've spent three decades securing the world's corporate networks. So security is an integral part of all our e-business solutions – in both our hardware and software.

**On the Web, a server that isn't scalable is a business issue.** As your Web site becomes a primary source of interaction between you and your customers, your server has to be able to handle the increasing traffic. IBM's four ranges of servers are the answer – with each model designed for enormous scalability. Consider that our RS/6000 SP server holds the record for the most Web hits in one minute – for the 1998 PGA Tour Web site – while our Netfinity series has helped the smaller business continue to grow over the Web.

**On the Web, a server that crashes is a customer service concern.** A Web site needs to be operational 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. So downtime is not an option. Fortunately, our reputation has always been built on reliability, as evidenced by our S/390 server\*, which concedes just five minutes of downtime per year. That's 99.999 per cent availability – the 'Five Nines' to which other hardware companies can only aspire.

To find out how our engines of e-business can improve your organisation call Edward Bailey anytime between 8.30am and 6pm, Monday-Friday on 0800 400 400 or visit

[www.ibm.com/servers/ebusiness/uk](http://www.ibm.com/servers/ebusiness/uk)

\*In a parallel Sysplex environment. \*\*For more information on euro readiness and Year 2000 issues, including certification, visit our Web sites: [www.ibm.com/euro](http://www.ibm.com/euro) and [www.ibm.com/year2000](http://www.ibm.com/year2000). IBM is a registered trademark of International Business Corporation. The e-business logo, AS/400, RS/6000, S/390 and Parallel Sysplex are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation. Lotus Domino is a registered trademark of Lotus Development Corporation. UNIX is a registered trademark of the Open Group. Windows NT is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation. Other company, product and service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

# Welcome to the collapse of the Conservative Party

The Tories are not only politically irrelevant but are also in danger of appearing ridiculous. After attempting to remake the party's image and William Hague's style in the manner of a failing middle-market paper, the leadership is now in a muddle over policy. The confusion cannot just be dismissed as a linguistic and "spinning" fuss. It reflects distinct and inherently contradictory strategies.

On the one hand, William Hague has said the Tories would "re-establish the economic and

moral case for low taxation" and praised an "excellent" Centre for Policy Studies pamphlet by Maurice Saatchi and Peter Warburton calling for an overhaul of the tax and benefit system to slash the tax burden. On the other hand, Peter Lilley has highlighted the limits to the role of the free market and defended taxpayer funding of public services.

Mr Lilley sought to answer criticisms that the Tories do not care about welfare services and are interested only in privatisation. The public overwhelmingly supports

universal health, education and welfare provision funded by the taxpayer. There are limits to the application of insurance either in health or social security since those most in need would not be covered or only at very high premiums, as in the United States. That does not, however, exclude public-private partnerships.

However, accepting that such services will remain "predominantly taxpayer-financed" limits Tory ambitions to cut taxes. Repeated squeezes on government running costs and cutbacks at the margin

helped to reduce the relative size of the public sector from a peak of 47 per cent to 41 per cent by the time the Tories lost power in 1997. But that was only achieved through the exercise of strong political will by the Treasury and it will be hard to cut the share much lower. There is

no way that the tax burden could be reduced from its current level of more than 37 per cent of national income to the immediate Saatchi/Warburton objective of 33 per cent, let alone to their ultimate goal of 30 per cent, as in the 1950s, without violating Mr Lilley's pledge.

If Mr Lilley's lecture was full of subtle realism, the Saatchi/Warburton plan is full of grand simplicities. The authors dress up their ideas in the trite populism of "Independence Day", a national holiday when people stop working for the Government and start working for

themselves. But the plan has the appealing theme of ending the overlap between taxes and benefits and exchanging tax allowances, reliefs and exemptions for lower tax rates. There is a lot to be said for tax neutrality and simplicity. But there would be a large number of losers, who would see their benefits and special tax reliefs eliminated.

The Saatchi/Warburton pamphlet has the virtue of making firm proposals. Without specific plans about how the public sector can be reined back, proclamations about the virtues of low taxes by Mr

Hague and Francis Maude lack credibility. Mr Lilley has annoyed many of his colleagues by appearing to rule out radical free-market solutions.

However, if the Tories want substantially to cut taxes, that inevitably means a smaller welfare state. If they accept Mr Lilley's analysis, how would the Tories differ from new Labour? The key to Labour's success in 1997 was having a clear and credible strategy. The failed media operation backed that up, but was secondary. The Tories need to sort out where they stand.

Peter Riddell  
ON POLITICS

## Hague stands by his man as Tory revolt erupts

WILLIAM HAGUE tried to face down a Shadow Cabinet revolt last night by staking his authority on the abandonment of Thatcherite ideals of reforming the health, education and welfare systems.

With Baroness Thatcher looking on at an event to mark the twentieth anniversary of her election as Prime Minister, Mr Hague threw his backing behind a move by his deputy Peter Lilley to shift the Tories away from the quest for free-market solutions to the problems of health, education and benefits.

He did so after at least three members of the Shadow Cabinet protested over what they saw as Mr Lilley's attempt to ram through radical change without discussion. They complained that his move had cut short their options in the party's policy review.

Because of the internal dissonance caused by advance billing of Mr Lilley's remarks — from which he did not retreat when he delivered them to the Carlton Club last night — Mr Hague devoted a portion of his speech celebrating Lady Thatcher's anniversary to supporting his deputy.

The Hague-Lilley plan is the biggest rhetorical break with the Thatcher years since Mr Hague became leader. It has been prompted by "focus group" findings that much of the Conservatives' unpopularity derives from the public belief that they would privatise

Lilley's rejection of Thatcherite ideals sparks Shadow Cabinet anger, writes Philip Webster

health, education and social security.

A source close to Mr Hague compared the move with Tony Blair's crusade to scrap Clause Four. "Blair slayed the paper dragon of Clause Four because of the perception that it meant Labour would nationalise everything even though we all knew that they would not. Now we have to slay the paper dragon of the perception that we will privatise health and education, even though of course we would never have done that."

In his speech Mr Lilley said the Conservative "Achilles heel" was the party's supposedly hostile attitude to the welfare state, particularly health and education. He repeated that the Tories could only renew public confidence in their commitment to welfare if they "emphatically accept that the free market has only a limited role in improving public services like health, education and welfare".

In a remark that astonished

some Thatcherite MPs, he added: "Unless and until we are prepared to accept that there is more to life and more to Conservatism than defending and extending the free market we will always be on the intellectual back-foot where the public services are concerned."

Mr Lilley's words had alarmed frontbench colleagues. Iain Duncan Smith, the Shadow Social Security Secretary, demanded and got a meeting with him on Monday but he refused to budge. There were also strong complaints from Gillian Shephard, the Shadow Environment Secretary, that the move had not been cleared with the Shadow Cabinet, and from Ann Widdecombe, the Shadow Health Secretary, whose main policy proposals since her appointment last summer have included ideas for large injections of private money into the health service.

At a private seminar yesterday Michael Portillo also underlined his attachment to private-sector solutions although he made plain that he was not commenting on Mr Lilley's move.

Mr Hague told the Shadow Cabinet that he would be backing Mr Lilley, and sources close to them said there would be no public expressions of discontent. "They are unhappy but he is the leader and they must accept it," one said.

Leading article, page 23



The Scottish Green Party put four faceless models on the streets of Edinburgh yesterday to support their claim that the environmental policies of other parties in the elections to the Scottish parliament are uniformly grey

## Three steps to their tax heaven

Tim Hames on how administrative savings could pay healthy dividends

THE programme outlined by Maurice Saatchi and Peter Warburton is aimed at eliminating the complexity that has entered the tax and benefit system over the last 40 years. Income tax "celebrates" its bicentenary this year. It will shortly reach some 39 per cent of national income — the highest peacetime level. Despite this steadily increasing burden, public demand for higher spending on health and education continues to outpace the ability of elected politicians to deliver. Saatchi and Warburton aim to reverse this ratchet through three initiatives.

The progressive elimination of present arrangements

which involve comparatively small amounts of taxation being extracted from relatively poor people who then have the same money returned in the form of benefits. The Government now extracts Income Tax and National Insurance contributions from 17 million households with incomes below £20,000 a year, seven million of which earn less than half that sum. Almost all of these people then receive benefits in order to "top up" incomes that have been in part

drained by tax contributions. Saatchi and Warburton seek a single cut-off point above which people would be taxpayers and below which they would receive benefits.

An assault on the 250 tax allowances, credits, exemptions and reliefs that clutter the tax system. These would be abolished to make way for one single large personal allowance and permit a further lowering of tax rates. The same broad principle was followed in the United States during the

1980s although it has since been undermined by President Clinton's enthusiasm for tax breaks targeted at electorally sensitive voters. Critics of Gordon Brown argue that he has now chosen to follow a very similar path.

These policies would allow government agencies dealing with the spider's web of taxes and benefits — the Inland Revenue, the Department of Social Security, the Benefits Agency, and the Contributions Agency — to be merged. This would allow for large administrative savings — initially estimated at £5 billion — that could be redirected towards health and education.

## CAMPAIGN FOR SCOTLAND 99

Scots 'have lost their enterprise'

The nation which produced Adam Smith has been accused of losing its entrepreneurial spirit. In a lecture to-night, David Bell, Professor of Economics at Stirling University, will claim that lack of motivation will hinder economic growth. He will also reject SNP claims that an independent Scotland could, like Ireland, become a "Celtic tiger" economy, and tell young Scots to look abroad and learn lessons from the Far East.

### QUOTE of the day

Jim Wallace, Scottish Lib Dem leader, on anti-drugs policy:

"Banging a drug offender up in prison is like locking an alcoholic up in a brewery."

### today's AGENDA

Donald Dewar will play bingo in Maryhill while Labour's press conference will focus on science and technology. Jim Wallace, Scottish Lib Dem leader, launches a "Better Business Charter". The Tories talk about drugs.

## Compared to BT, our international call prices look even smaller.



COST PER MINUTE	BT	SWIFTCALL	SAVING	COST PER MINUTE	BT	SWIFTCALL	SAVING
USA	19p	9p	53%	GERMANY	21p	14p	33%
JAPAN	49p	16p	67%	FRANCE	21p	14p	33%
INDIA	89p	50p	44%	IRELAND	16p	10p	38%
AUSTRALIA	35p	16p	54%	TAIWAN	86p	42p	51%
SOUTH AFRICA	61p	36p	41%	CANADA	19p	12p	37%

All prices are per minute, include VAT and are correct as of 20.3.99.

\*Signifies BT weekend and Friends & Family rate.

Open a Swiftcall account today and make immediate savings on calls to anywhere in the world. • No need to change your existing number or phone line.



• No hidden charges. • Quality Customer Service and clear lines. • Open an account for as little as £25 worth of calls. • Our lines are open 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

TO OPEN YOUR SWIFTCALL ACCOUNT:

CALL FREE 0800 769 0022 TODAY

SWIFTCALL

SWIFTCALL is part of KDD, Japan's leading international telecommunications company

LOW COST INTERNATIONAL CALLS

Cash ISAs

£1 is all it takes to open your very own tax-free NatWest ISA (Individual Savings Account).

ISAs are a totally new way to save your money and they're available from NatWest now. With our Mini Cash ISA\* you can put in up to £3,000 during the first tax year and £1,000 every tax year after that, which makes it a brilliant way to save for the future.

It's tax-free too, which means all the interest you earn is yours. Your interest will be paid monthly at an Annual Equivalent Rate of 5.64%\* so it could add up to quite a bit.

What's more, our Cash ISA meets the Government's CAT standards of fair Charges (ours has no withdrawal fees), easy Access (ours is instant access with an optional Cashcard), and decent Terms (our interest rate will be no lower than 2% below base rate).

So, if you're fed up with paying tax on your savings — and you've got £1 or more — give us a call or pop into any NatWest branch today.

Call 0800 85 45 81 for further details

NatWest

\*In each tax year you can open three different Mini ISAs (which allow one type of investment, e.g. all cash or all stocks and shares) or one Flexi ISA (which is a single plan which allows several types of savings and investments). Where an ISA component is to be managed in accordance with the relevant CAT standards, it does not necessarily mean that the ISA is appropriate for the customer. Adherence to the CAT Standards, where applicable, is certified by NatWest, and it does not carry certification by any other body. You are advised to seek financial advice if in any doubt. \*5.5% gross variation and correct at time of going to press. We may monitor and record your phone calls with us in order to maintain and improve our service. National Westminster Bank Plc. Registered Office 41 Lombard, London EC2P 2BP. Registered Number: 920022, England.

هكذا من الأصل



Party

# Bones put man in bed with Neanderthals



Neanderthals shared space and time with modern man, but DNA tests indicate that the two never interbred

## THEM AND US

### Neanderthal man

- Large head with projecting nose, large teeth and a prominent brow ridge
- Not tall but stocky and muscular; taller men were about 5ft 7ins
- Bones of upper arm much bigger and stronger. Hips suggest that Neanderthals were very active as children, probably following the adults as they hunted and foraged
- Brain large but lying behind the face, not on top of it. The back of the skull was balloon-shaped, with a series of bony crests just behind the ears
- Died out about 30,000 years ago, but may have survived longer in areas such as Spain and Portugal, out of the way of modern human beings
- No language, art or culture

### Homo sapiens

- Flatter face, higher forehead and smaller nose than Neanderthal man but larger chin, smaller teeth
- Taller and more lightly built; men four to six inches taller than Neanderthals
- Brain almost identical in size to Neanderthals (1,200-1,700cc) but located higher above the face
- More sophisticated use of tools, reflected in less strongly developed bones and muscle in upper arm
- Possessed language, developed art and practised ritual, as in the burial of the dead

## Nigel Hawkes reports on a scientific discovery that throws new light on the origin of Homo sapiens

THE skeleton of a four-year-old child who died 24,500 years ago reveals that Neanderthals and modern man interbred, an American palaeontologist has claimed.

The skeleton, found in the Lapedo Valley north of Lisbon, has the sturdy limbs of a Neanderthal but the pronounced teeth and chin of Homo sapiens, says Erik Trinkaus of Washington University in St Louis.

The suggestion conflicts with genetic evidence extracted from Neanderthal bones, and published two years ago, which indicated that there had been no interbreeding.

The opportunity was certainly there. Anthropologists believe that the two populations did overlap, both in space and time.

Neanderthal man emerged about 300,000 years ago and did not die out until well after the appearance of early Homo sapiens about 100,000 years ago. In southern France and the Iberian Peninsula traces of both species, dating to about 30,000 years ago, have been found in the same places. But most experts have dismissed the idea that they might have interbred.

Professor Trinkaus says the Portuguese skeleton provides the proof. "This skeleton, which has some characteristics of Neanderthals and others of early modern humans, demonstrates that early modern humans and Neanderthals are not all that different. They intermixed, interbred and produced offspring," he said. The skeleton was found



Palaeontologists unearthing the child's skeleton

buried on a hillside near Leiria, 80 miles north of Lisbon and 19 miles from the Atlantic coast.

The skull had been crushed by a bulldozer but Joao Zilhao of the Portuguese Archaeological Institute led excavations which found a well-preserved lower jaw and skeleton.

The find was made last December when an archaeologist struck his hand down a rabbit hole and pulled out the left forearm.

Radiocarbon dating revealed that the child lived about 24,500 years ago, or 4,000 years after early modern man migrated into the Iberian Peninsula, where Neanderthals were already living, Professor Trinkaus said.

He said the skeleton could not be dismissed as a product of a rare affair between the two groups. "This is not a love child," he said. "The results of admixture were there in the population 4,000 years after Neanderthals and early modern humans first met on the Iberian Peninsula."

The prominent chin was characteristic of early Homo sapiens while the stocky trunk and short limbs reflected Neanderthals, he said. Arm bones pointed to early modern human parentage. The discovery, which is yet to be published, could prove controversial because it questions the Out of Africa theory of the origin of modern man, which holds that he evolved in Africa and spread around the world, displacing the Neanderthals without interbreeding.

"This find refutes strict replacement models of modern human origins — that early modern human beings all emerged from Africa and wiped out the Neanderthal population," Professor Trinkaus said.

A leading exponent of the Out of Africa theory, Chris Stringer of the Natural History Museum, yesterday told BBC Online that he expected the find to make a "major contribution" to debate on how Neanderthals died out.

If interbreeding did occur, modern man will carry genes inherited from Neanderthal ancestors. But this conflicts with the DNA evidence, published by a team led by Svante Pääbo of the University of Munich, which showed that Neanderthal DNA differed equally from the DNA of modern man on all five continents.

Had there been interbreeding, the Neanderthal DNA would have been closer to that of modern Europeans because that is where the two populations mixed.

## LINKS

<http://www.cam.ac.uk/public/science/publications/neanderthal.html>  
<http://www.naturalhistorymuseum.org.uk/pressroom/2002/02/20020220.htm>  
[http://www.neanderthal.de/~/media/Neanderthal\\_Museum\\_Foundation\\_in\\_Germany](http://www.neanderthal.de/~/media/Neanderthal_Museum_Foundation_in_Germany)

## Times in tribute to human rights lawyers

By FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

TWO human rights lawyers whose premature deaths last month were widely lamented by the legal profession were honoured at The Times/Justice Awards last night.

Peter Duffy, QC, who acted for Amnesty International during the House of Lords hearing on General Pinochet, was named Lawyer of the Year. A special award was made to Rosemary Nelson, who was murdered in Northern Ireland, in recognition of her courage in defending her clients "fearlessly in the face of great personal risk."

The awards were presented to the winners' relatives by Gordon Brown, the Chancellor. "All the winners have shown themselves to be outstanding in their efforts to make human rights real and accessible to ordinary people," he said.

Anne Owens, director of the human rights group Justice, paid tribute to the work of Mr Duffy, who died of cancer last month, aged 44. Despite his illness, she said, he had appeared in several landmark cases over the past year, including the one on women as refugees, and had helped to prepare lawyers for the implementation of the Human Rights Act.

The judges, who included Lord Woolf, the Master of the Rolls, Robert Ayling, chief executive of British Airways and Chris Mullin, MP, named Saul Lehrfreund and Parvaz Jabbar as joint winners of the Young Lawyer of the Year award for their work helping prisoners on death row in the Caribbean.

The Access to Justice Award was given to the Environmental Law Foundation, which through a network of lawyers mostly acting without charge has helped many local groups to pursue their environmental rights.

A full report on the awards will appear in The Times law pages next Tuesday.

# LATEST OLYMPUS CAMERA WORTH £549 FREE WITH THIS PENTIUM® III PC

Home Studio™ Enthusiast System 450

INTEL® PENTIUM® III PROCESSOR 450MHz

■ 96MB RAM ■ 13GB Hard Disk Drive ■ 17" Colour Monitor



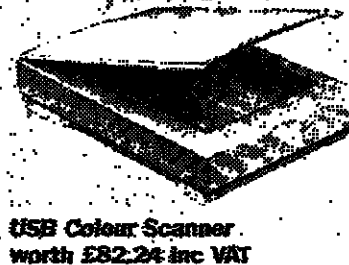
17" MONITOR  
UPGRADE OFFER  
EXTENDED  
FOR A LIMITED  
PERIOD ONLY

PICK UP YOUR FREE TINY ONLINE CD AT ANY TINY SHOWROOM NOW!



FREE OLYMPUS 330L DIGITAL CAMERA worth £349 inc VAT

## INCLUDES



USB Colour Scanner worth £82.24 inc VAT



17" Monitor Upgrade worth £82.24 inc VAT

## INCLUDES

Over £330 worth of Microsoft® and other software including Microsoft® Word, Microsoft® Money 99 and Language Tutorial Software.

## INCLUDES

Epson Colour Printer worth £117.49 inc VAT



DVD ROM Drive compatible with CD\*

FREE

DVD

DVD ROM Drive compatible with CD\*

PLUS UP TO £275 OF EXTRA SOFTWARE FREE PHONE FOR DETAILS

## SPECIAL OFFER

£1299 ex VAT £1526.33

PRICES EXCLUDE DELIVERY

VISIT YOUR LOCAL TINY SHOWROOM OR CALL FREEPHONE FOR MORE INFORMATION

TINY 0800 731 9372 NOW

think big about your PC...think TINY

TINY COMPUTERS LIMITED, REDHILL BUSINESS PARK, BONEHURST ROAD, SALFORDS, REDHILL, SURREY RH11 5YB. FAX 01293 822 514. www.tiny.com

0% NOTHING TO PAY FOR 12 MONTHS - NOT EVEN A DEPOSIT

26.9% All trademarks acknowledged. All prices and manufacturers specifications are subject to change without notice. Please check availability before ordering. Goods are offered for sale subject to standard conditions of sale available on request. E&OE. Intel Inside Logo and Pentium are registered trademarks of the Intel Corporation. Tiny Computers Limited is part of the C11 group. Offers subject to availability. \*May not need CD-ROM.

SALE STILL ON! CALL NOW FOR DETAILS

NOTHING TO PAY

UNTIL APRIL 2000 On All Systems

97 SHOWROOMS NATIONWIDE OPEN 7 DAYS A WEEK\* MOST OPEN 9AM TO 5PM MON-SAT Carmarthen & Kings Lynn OPENING SATURDAY

- |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| ABERDEEN      | LIVERPOOL       |
| ALTRINCHAM    | LONDON          |
| AYLESBURY     | LONDON W1*      |
| BEDFORD       | LONDON EC2*     |
| BELFAST       | LUTON           |
| BEXLEYHEATH   | LONDON DERRY    |
| BIRMINGHAM    | MAIDSTONE       |
| BOLTON        | MANCHESTER      |
| BOURNEMOUTH   | MEADONHALL      |
| BRACKNELL     | SHEFFIELD       |
| BRADFORD      | MIDDLESBROUGH   |
| BRIGHTON      | MILTON KEYNES   |
| BRISTOL       | NEWCASTLE       |
| BROMLEY       | NEWPORT         |
| CAMBRIDGE     | NORTHAMPTON*    |
| CANTERBURY    | NORWICH         |
| CARDIFF       | NOTTINGHAM      |
| CHELTENHAM    | OXFORD          |
| CHESTER       | PERTH           |
| COLCHESTER    | PETERBOROUGH    |
| COVENTRY      | PLYMOUTH        |
| CRAWLEY       | PORTSMOUTH      |
| CROYDON       | PRESTON         |
| DERBY         | READING         |
| DONCASTER     | ROSFORD         |
| DUDLEY        | SHREWSBURY      |
| DURHAM        | SLough          |
| EALING        | SOUTHAMPTON     |
| EAST KILBRIDE | SOUTHEND        |
| EDINBURGH     | STEVENAGE       |
| ENFIELD       | STOKE-ON-TRENT  |
| EXETER        | SUNDERLAND      |
| GLASGOW       | SUTTON          |
| GLOUCESTER*   | SWANSEA         |
| GUILDFORD     | SWINDON         |
| GRIMSBY*      | TAUNTON         |
| HAMMERSMITH   | TRURO           |
| HARROW        | TUNBRIDGE WELLS |
| HOUNSLOW      | WALTHAMSTON     |
| HUDDERSFIELD  | WARRINGTON      |
| HULL          | WATFORD         |
| ILFORD        | WIDEBURNHAMPTON |
| IPSWICH       | WOOD GREEN      |
| KINGSTON      | WORCESTER       |
| LANCASTER     | YORK            |
| LEEDS         |                 |
| LEICESTER     |                 |

\*Showrooms not open Sundays

## Spring Breaks



OLD ENGLISH INNS & HOTELS

Dinner, bed and breakfast from only £29.50

per person per night, based on two sharing a twin/double room for a minimum of two consecutive nights

Choose from over 100 character Inns & Hotels, set in some of the most beautiful parts of the country. Charming Inns with traditional oak beams, beautiful gardens, freshly cooked food, fine wines, real cask ales.

Celebrate the Millennium in Style We have over 100 character Inns available for special occasions and many more offering short breaks with special celebratory packages.

For your complimentary Spring Breaks brochure, please telephone: 01242 821200 Fax: 01242 821201

Member: British Inns Association Email: [central.reservations@oldenglishpubs.co.uk](mailto:central.reservations@oldenglishpubs.co.uk) www.oldenglishpubs.co.uk



## Radical college sets up chair of aliens

FROM GILES WHITTELL  
IN LOS ANGELES

IF ANYBODY'S out there, Berkeley would like to know: the university that invented gender studies in the 1960s has appointed the first Professor of Extraterrestrial Intelligence.

Dr William Welch will supervise the building of a three-acre field of telescopes in Northern California in a renewed attempt to answer what most scientists consider the Big One: are we alone in the universe? He does not expect a quick answer.

Using giant dishes pointed at deep space from New Mexico and Puerto Rico, the Search for Extraterrestrial Intelligence (Seti) has been seeking signals from alien life for decades, without success.

"Will we find intelligent life in space in my lifetime?" Dr Welch mused in an interview with *The New York Times* at Berkeley's Hat Creek Observatory. "It's a very remote possibility."

Seti researchers concentrate on a band of microwave radiation considered the best hunting ground. Such signals could take aeons to get here, though. In 1974 a message about our solar system was beamed from Puerto Rico to a star cluster 25,000 light years away. A prompt reply would not be back for 50,000 years.

Dr Welch's job is at least a sign that Seti is about science, not little green men. Endowed to the tune of \$500,000 (£311,000) by two Seti volunteers, the professorship is a much-needed injection of money for a search stripped of most of its NASA funding in 1993, as depicted in *Contact*, the film starring Jodi Foster.

Jill Tarter, on whom Foster's character was based, then sought private backing. She happens to be Dr Welch's wife.



Sophia Loren proves she is still the centre of attention after a presentation by Massimo D'Alema, the Italian Prime Minister, in Rome yesterday. The 64-year-old actress, who starts filming in her native Naples in June, won the entertainment category of a government cultural award.

## South Africans praise violent police tactics

Rampant violent crime has fostered a siege mentality among citizens, writes Ray Kennedy in Johannesburg

THE extent to which society in South Africa has become brutalised by its enormous crime wave became clear yesterday after the screening by BBC Television of a documentary showing police in Johannesburg assaulting car-hijacking suspects.

Although senior officers expressed shock, most callers to radio phone-ins said: "Good for them."

Reports about the documentary, shown on *Newsnight* on Monday and re-screened last night on South African television, were the lead stories in newspapers and radio bulletins. The South African Broadcasting Corporation reported that the police unit involved, the Brixton Highway Patrol in Johannesburg, is to be disbanded.

Typical of the callers was a white woman, identified as Sue, who lives near Johannesburg, on Radio 702. She said: "As an ordinary citizen, I'm de-

lighted that these criminals are getting what they deserve. We are living in a state of siege behind electric fences. They are raping our children and we drive around with our cars locked and walk with our keys in our hands."

Neville Melville, of the Independent Complaints' Directorate, a body monitoring police, said the public was "baying for blood" as suspects escape arrest or are freed on bail.

Six white policemen filmed by the BBC have been suspended. The documentary, which was planned originally to focus on the stress under which they work, shows the highway patrol kicking and punching suspects and setting a dog on them as they lie face down and handcuffed.

In another incident, a sus-

pect injured after a hijacked car crashed is filmed being hit in the stomach and about the head with a rifle butt.

The Independent Complaints' Directorate said yesterday: "No less than 15 people a month die in custody or as a result of police actions." More than 1,000 police officers have been murdered since 1994.

George Fivaz, the police commissioner, has warned criminals in a country awash with guns that the police will "fight fire with fire". But Mohamed Hussein, of the National Association of Democratic Lawyers, said police needed educating that they were living in a constitutional democracy.

It was emphasised in many quarters yesterday that most South African policemen and women are hard working and

had been involved in 17. After the African National Congress came to power in 1994 it dismissed concerns about rising crime as a bitter white reaction to black majority rule. The fact that crime now affects far more blacks than whites simply because of demographics has compelled the ANC to address it as a major issue in its campaign for the general election on June 2.

President Mandela, opening yet another crime prevention campaign on Monday, admitted that it would take several years to solve the problem. Statistics show that 52 people out of every 100,000 were murdered last year which was a slight improvement on the previous year when the figure was 62. On average there is one rape every two minutes.

More than 2,000 cars and vehicles were seized from their owners in the Johannesburg area alone, mostly at gunpoint, last year.

### WORLD IN BRIEF

## Dogs slaughtered to halt brain virus

Kuala Lumpur: Malaysia has begun killing dogs and plans to test "every species imaginable" to curb a rare brain disease that has claimed about 100 lives. At first, pigs were believed to be the only carriers of two strains of viral encephalitis that broke out in October. A dozen people have died of Japanese encephalitis and recently more than 90 from a new strain named Nipah after the village where its first victim died. Despite claims that the outbreak seemed to be over, officials admitted yesterday that stray dogs had contracted the Nipah virus in the worst-hit area 60 miles southeast of the capital. (AP)

## Move to oust Bhutto

Karachi: Pakistan's Parliament moved to annul the membership of Benazir Bhutto, the former Prime Minister, and Asif Ali Zardari, her imprisoned husband, following their conviction for corruption (Zahid Hussain writes). All the couple's assets can be confiscated because of their conviction. Khalid Anwar, the Law Minister, said.

## Chinese 'torture'

Arbitrary and summary executions, detention, unfair political trials and tortures that include the insertion of horse hair into the penis are part of a pattern of gross and systematic abuse of human rights in the Uighur Autonomous Region of Xinjiang in western China, according to a report issued by Amnesty International (Michael Binyon writes).

## Rape law toughened

Cairo: The Egyptian parliament has scrapped a century-old law exempting a rapist from punishment if he marries his victim. Parliament adopted the change after women's groups expressed outrage over the freeing of three rape suspects when one of them married the victim. Human rights activists praised the decision. (AFP)

## Fatally bad hair day

Beijing: A Chinese woman died of shock when she clapped eyes on her granddaughter with dyed red hair, the *Lanzhou Morning Post* reported. The young woman went to visit her grandmother in the mountainous northern town of Meixian after working for several months as a hairdresser in the southern economic boom town of Shenzhen. (AFP)

## Everglades in flames



Miami: Smoke turns day into night as Broward County firefighters watch a 130,000-acre blaze that has swept through the Everglades in three days - closing about 60 miles of Interstate 75, known as Alligator Alley, and threatening an Indian reservation. The largest of at least 2,515 fires in Florida this year, it may devour another 40,000 acres. (AP)

## Apple bites back at 'carpet-bagger' Hillary

FROM IAN BRODIE  
IN NEW YORK

HILLARY Clinton loves New York, but New Yorkers are loving her less.

A campaign-style swing by the First Lady through the Big Apple, where she is eyeing a Democratic run for the Senate, was marred by a new poll showing she has lost the ten-point lead she held in Janu-

ary over her putative opponent, Rudolph Giuliani, the city's Republican Mayor.

They are now in a statistical dead heat, 43.5 per cent for her, 42.8 per cent for him, according to a new poll by the Marist Institute for Public Opinion.

Even worse for Mrs Clinton, a majority of New York voters, 52 per cent, now think she should not run for the Senate, up from 37 per cent in February, according to the

poll. It appears that Mr Giuliani is making inroads with his denunciation of Mrs Clinton as a carpet-bagger - a politician seeking office in a state where she has no real connection.

Asked if she will run, Mrs Clinton said she was still considering the idea but was very interested. Asked why, she said: "I love New York to start with, I always have." It was "a microcosm of America".

## dangerously reliable!



There are PC manufacturers and then there's Dan - a rare breed of manufacturer with a quality ethos that makes computing more reliable than it's ever been before. For a start, they are designed and custom-built for your needs - and yours only. They are fitted with the latest Intel® Pentium® III processor and are fully millennium compatible. What's more, with the Intel® Create & Share™ Camera Pack, talking to friends and family has never been more fun. On top of this, Dan PC's are unbeatable in terms of service, customer satisfaction, reliability, technical support and more. That's why Dan have topped the polls time and again in leading publications such as PC Magazine and PC Pro.

So, if you're looking for hassle free, reliable computing that is fun to use, buy Dan. Freephone us on 0800 389 7250 or fax 0181 830 1122, and quote T21/4 to discuss your requirements or ask for a free brochure (lines open 9am-6pm, Monday to Friday).

**www.dan.co.uk**  
CONFIGURE AND BUY A DAN PC ON THE WEB

**0800 389 7250**

**dan**  
Technology

**dantium 3450D**  
Intel® Pentium® III processor 450MHz, 64MB PC100 Memory, 15" Monitor, 5MB Video Card, 6.4GB Hard Drive, 56K Fax/Modem (UK only), 32x Speed CD-ROM, Speakers, PLUS Windows 98, Microsoft Works Suite 99 OEM, Includes Money 99, Encarta World Atlas, Word 97 & more.

**£999 + VAT** (ex. delivery)  
£1187 inc. VAT & delivery

**Intel® Create & Share™ Camera Pack**  
• Take & manipulate snapshots  
• Send an e-mail you can see  
• See and hear friends across town or around the world

**£ 84 + VAT** (ex. delivery)

Thinking outside the box

BUY NOW PAY 2000\*

## KOSOVO AND BALKAN CRISIS

### PLEASE ACT NOW

It's a month since the conflict in Kosovo escalated and an ever growing number of refugees desperately need emergency assistance, food, shelter and clothing simply to survive.

It's a crisis of horrendous proportions and Y Care, in conjunction with church organisations, is helping to relieve the suffering through an emergency feeding and assistance programme to provide nutrition, shelter and clothing to refugees in Albania, Macedonia, Montenegro, Kosovo and other parts of FR Yugoslavia.

Please help us help these desperate people survive the coming weeks and months. Please help by sending whatever you can today. Thank you.

Help us to help people to rebuild their lives

Call our free 24-hour credit card hotline:

**0800 013 1055**

HERE IS MY GIFT TO THE PEOPLE OF KOSOVO

Name (Mr/Mrs/Ms/Ms)

Address

Postcode

I wish to give: £50 ☐ £100 ☐ £20 ☐ £10 ☐ £5 ☐ Other £

I enclose a cheque/PO payable to Y Care International OR Please debit my:

Debit Card ☐ Access ☐ Visa ☐ Amex Card ☐ CAF Charity Card ☐

My name will be used for Y Care publicity ☐

Card No.

For £  Date of Expiry  -

Signature  Please send this coupon to Terry White, Y Care International, FREEPOST, London E17 3BB.

Y CARE INTERNATIONAL

EFFECTIVE AID THROUGH THE WORLDWIDE

## Health insurance

from  
**50p**  
a day

### Compare our prices - then just give us a call

Come to Prime Health to discover health insurance with a difference. As part of the Standard Life Group, we aim to deliver the best value too. Just compare the cost of our leading plan, Primecare, with those of other insurers:

Monthly premium for a single person, aged 35	
Primecare	£35.54
BUPACare	£43.48
PPP Extensive	£53.91
Norwich Union Express Care	£55.80

YOURS FREE

Find out how much you could be saving by phoning now for a no-obligation quote. We'll even send you a FREE £25 Marks & Spencer voucher if you join Prime Health before 31st July 1999.

**Call 0800 77 99 55**  
to find out more Ref: M17001NG

**Prime Health**

A member of the Standard Life Group

Although benefits vary between products, we believe the table shows a realistic and unbiased comparison between us and our competitors. All premiums quoted are based on a single person aged 35 and are available to all new policyholders. Get voucher terms and conditions: 1. Allow 28 days from the date of receipt by Prime Health of the purchaser's first premium payment for delivery of vouchers. 2. The gift will be withdrawn if the purchaser cancels the policy within 14 days of the policy start date. 3. The offer does not apply to existing policyholders, adding people to an existing policy or to company schemes.

سكنا من الاصل



# To have or have not



**Personal Finance Editor Anne Ashworth on the financial implications of marriage; how to make savings in the garden; and why personal pension customers could be owed as much as £4,000**

Successive surveys predict the demise of matrimony, yet the institution persists. This summer a gaggle of glitziers will tie the knot, presumably in the belief that if cohabitation will soon become the norm, then marriage is chic. The Spice Girl Victoria Adams and footballer David Beckham will unite their fortunes in June to create a £20 million partnership. Next in line are Sophie Rhys-Jones, a partner in a PR firm, who earns about £80,000, and Edward Windsor, a television producer whose income this year should be £416,000. Close behind in the celebs' altar line stand Zoë Ball, the radio and TV presenter, on a salary of £1.5 million, and Fat Boy Slim, her fiancé, whose dance-music hits should make him at least as wealthy as his wife-to-be.

Like other brides and bridegrooms of the season, these prosperous pairs will now be concentrating on the champagne for the reception and the musculature of the hen-night entertainment. The Government, however, would like couples who are in less easy circumstances to be planning the smooth operation of a joint account as well as the itinerary for the stag night. We should be considering not only the cost of the wedding but all the financial implications of matrimony, too.

The Home Office has recommended that the betrothed should be supplied with a "marriage preparation pack", with details of tax, state benefits and property rights. It also proposes that all couples should draw up prenuptial agreements in recognition of the one in three chance that their relationship will end in divorce. Usually the preserve of Old Money or of New World wealth, these documents set out the division of the marital assets in the event of a split.

However, like other government notions designed to make us more financially prudent, these plans are yet to be finalised. This will come as a relief to those who would prefer a pacier honeymoon read than benefit entitlement terms and conditions.

The contents of the pack may also be causing some embarrassment in Whitehall because they would reveal that the tax benefits of marriage are negligible to many couples, and soon to be nil. Jack Straw, the Home Secretary, husband and father, is apparently concerned to support marriage. But Gordon Brown, the Chancellor of the Exchequer and bachelor, will next year be abolishing the married couple's tax allowance.

The £1,970 allowance, worth £197 a year, will be abolished in April 2000. A year later it will be replaced by a concession given to families with children whether the parents are married or not. The children's tax credit will be worth, at most, £416 a year. The higher your salary, the less tax credit you receive, so that a household where one partner has an income of £38,500 or more gets nothing. However, if both mother and father earn £30,000 each, they will receive a percentage of the credit.

Pensioners will be entitled to retain their higher married couple's allowance of £5,195, worth £520, but only if either spouse celebrates their 65th birthday before April 5, 2000. In the seniors' marriage market, those of the pre-1935 vintage will suddenly be a more sought-after commodity.

In a further blow to the married of Middle England, the introduction of the children's tax credit in 2001 may be accompanied by the imposition of higher-rate tax on child benefit. But Mr Brown must first discover a way to circumvent independent taxation, under which husbands and wives are taxed separately. Child benefit is paid to mothers. But too few are higher-rate taxpayers to raise sufficient revenue. So Mr Brown must find a way to tax a wife's money as her husband's income if he is a higher-rate taxpayer. The Chancellor is aware that such a measure would leave him open to charges of fiscal sexism. While the Home Office strives to compile its pre-marriage pack without acknowledging that the tax system is growing less favourable to husbands and wives, Easy Money can provide some hints to marital financial harmony.

Some of the best guidance comes from divorce lawyers whose services you are less likely to need if you remain financially compatible. Frances Hughes, the head of the matrimonial department at Bates, Wells & Braithwaite, the solicitors, says: "A lack of openness in money matters leads to problems, as does unnecessary financial dependence. Wherever possible each spouse should have their own bank account and do their own budgeting. A feeling of being powerless in the relationship, of having to ask for money, causes disagreements."

The contemporary money management model is based on three accounts — his, hers and theirs. The joint account is used to pay the mortgage and other household expenses. If one partner does not use the personal tax allowance of £4,335, a meeting should be held to discuss putting some of the joint savings into his or her name only. This will allow him or her to receive tax-free interest up to the level of the allowance.

For the wealthy, marriage still holds significant tax benefits, as John Battersby, a tax partner at the accountants KPMG, points out. There is, for example, the opportunity to cut a bill for capital gains tax. If your spouse cannot use his or her tax-free allowance of £7,100 and you would face a large bill from the sale of some asset, say shares, then transfer them tax-free to your spouse. He or she then sells the shares, sets the gain against his or her allowance and limits the household's tax liability.

You can bequeath your whole estate tax-free to your spouse. Leave it to anyone else and inheritance tax at the rate of 40 per cent is payable on the portion above £231,000. Couples should draw up wills to take advantage of the spousal concession and the tax-free portion. Whatever the size of your joint bank balance, if your spouse dies intestate, you automatically inherit a portion of the estate: cohabitees do not enjoy such rights.

Prenuptial agreements are not legally binding in Britain, but their popularity is rising, not only among those who wish to protect City bonuses from estranged spouses. Expect soon to see the pre-nup on the pre-wedding *side-memoire* in *Brides*. Professional couples often believe that the ability to discuss how houses and savings will be managed throughout the marriage — not only at its ending — is a sign of emotional maturity in a prospective partner. Sarah Antonic, of Campbell Hooper, the solicitors, says: "A pre-nup is part of sensible financial planning."

These same serious-minded young people also insure their weddings with Cornhill or Ecclesiastical against such calamities as the destruction of the dress or the bankruptcy of the catering company. Policies cost from £45. But latterday Miss Havishams should be aware that they will not be covered for cancellation of the event if the other party has a sudden change of heart.



Rolling down the aisle: David Beckham and Victoria Adams. Fat Boy Slim and Zoë Ball

allowance and limits the household's tax liability.

For the wealthy, marriage still holds significant tax benefits, as John Battersby, a tax partner at the accountants KPMG, points out. There is, for example, the opportunity to cut a bill for capital gains tax. If your spouse cannot use his or her tax-free allowance of £7,100 and you would face a large bill from the sale of some asset, say shares, then transfer them tax-free to your spouse. He or she then sells the shares, sets the gain against his or her allowance and limits the household's tax liability.

You can bequeath your whole estate tax-free to your spouse. Leave it to anyone else and inheritance tax at the rate of 40 per cent is payable on the portion above £231,000. Couples should draw up wills to take advantage of the spousal concession and the tax-free portion. Whatever the size of your joint bank balance, if your spouse dies intestate, you automatically inherit a portion of the estate: cohabitees do not enjoy such rights.

Prenuptial agreements are not legally binding in Britain, but their popularity is rising, not only among those who wish to protect City bonuses from estranged spouses. Expect soon to see the pre-nup on the pre-wedding *side-memoire* in *Brides*. Professional couples often believe that the ability to discuss how houses and savings will be managed throughout the marriage — not only at its ending — is a sign of emotional maturity in a prospective partner. Sarah Antonic, of Campbell Hooper, the solicitors, says: "A pre-nup is part of sensible financial planning."

These same serious-minded young people also insure their weddings with Cornhill or Ecclesiastical against such calamities as the destruction of the dress or the bankruptcy of the catering company. Policies cost from £45. But latterday Miss Havishams should be aware that they will not be covered for cancellation of the event if the other party has a sudden change of heart.

Prove that you suffered a loss by failing to join your company scheme at the time. But, whatever your situation, you will get nothing if you do not return the form.

SUSAN EMMETT

● Contacts: FSA helpline: 0800 003 007

## NASTY HABITS

One in four women prefers it to sex. No, it's not shopping, it's gardening. It may not be the new rock'n'roll but there is no denying that gardening is hip. The garden centre is fast replacing the pub as the ideal place for thirtysomethings to spend their spring bank holidays. The launch of *New Eden*, a glossy magazine that seeks to do for gardening what *Wallpaper\** did for interior decorating, and exclusive shops such as The Plant Room, a North London specialist that has its catalogue on CD-Rom, reinforce the claims that gardening is terribly trendy.

The problem with gardening — as with all things both modern and cool — is the expense. Prices paid by gardeners for the same goods probably vary more than in any other area of consumer spending. Small, specialist garden centres and shops are much more expensive than the big chains such as Homebase or B&Q.

At the Chelsea Gardener, a 4ft-tall Tuscan Waterlily complete with silicone implants and dispirited expression will set you back £495. Or you could purchase a decorative conservatory planter for £295, though why you would want to put a slightly rusty metal globe crowned with a pineapple in your conservatory is anyone's guess.

On the more tasteful side, you could splash out on an eight-seater metal and fake marble table, perfect for summer dinner parties, for £1,635. The drawback is that you also have to buy the eight chairs at £399 each, setting you back £4,827 for the whole caboodle.

If you do decide to buy outrageously priced sculptures or garden furniture, it is a good idea to insure them. Otherwise you could find yourself in the situation that Brian Sewell, the art critic, found himself in last week when thieves made off with life-size marble busts of John Locke and Emperor Augustus and a bronze bust of an obscure Italian politician from Mr Sewell's garden.

You can make huge savings by avoiding the trendiest garden centres and posh Islington boutiques. Frequenting the major chain stores or supermarkets can save you a packet. The price war between the big DIY chains is cut-throat. This has led to brutal cost-cutting and, especially at this time of year when stores are trying to attract customers, obvious loss-leaders. Growbags, for example, can cost just 99p.

Even for basic implements, the differences in price are staggering. A 30-metre hose from Chelsea Gardener costs five times as much as it would from Homebase. A spade costs almost four times as much: £46.95

against £11.99. A gardening fork is nearly double the price: £29.95 against £14.99 at Homebase. Compost can cost as little as £3.99 for 80 litres (that's about the maximum most people could lift into the back of a car without help). Chelsea Gardener sells 75 litres for £5.99.

Accessories are also much cheaper at the major DIY stores. A bird table costs £41.95 at Chelsea Gardener, £22.99 at Homebase. A glazed blue pot costs £120 in Chelsea, £49.99 from Homebase, while a terracotta pot costs £300 from the Chelsea Gardener, £24.99 from Homebase.

This means that before you have even got to the plants, you could save £438.32 by stocking up at Homebase rather than in Chelsea. Once you do get to the plants, the price differentials are massive depending on whether you grow the plant from seed or buy a more mature plant.

For example, a small *Viburnum Tinus* costs £2.99 from Homebase, or £90 for a fully grown plant from Chelsea Gardener. You can buy a rhododendron seedling for just £3.99 from Homebase, or the same mature plant for £120 from Chelsea Gardener, or £3.99 for a younger plant from Homebase. A 6in-high Japanese maple from Homebase costs £6.99, while the fully grown version will set you back a hefty £600 at Chelsea Gardener.

The disadvantage of growing plants from seed is that you need lots of space, ideally a greenhouse and plenty of time and dedication for all the pricking out, potting on and watering. However, this is offset by the feelings of pride and satisfaction that you will get from the knowledge that you have nurtured the plant to maturity — not to mention the additional saving of £810, based on the prices of the three plants mentioned here.

Added to your savings on the basics, your cost-cutting has saved a total of £1,248 — enough to pay off half the interest payments on a £50,000 mortgage for the year. Invested as a lump sum in the Barclays FTSE-100 index tracker for five years, you could save £2,500, based on past performance.

Be warned, however, that your garden may suffer as a result of all this cost-cutting. Expensive garden centres are expensive for a reason. They tend to be staffed by real enthusiasts who know the plants they are selling and the conditions in which they will flourish, so you are less likely to end up with plants unsuited to your garden or roof terrace that wither within weeks of purchase.

PAULA HAWKINS



## Affordable life assurance?

Choose the options that suit you.

£53,200 of life cover for just 20p a day

It's natural to want what's best for your family. But how would they cope financially if you were no longer around to provide for them?

The Family Protection Plan from Legal & General will help to protect them financially with the cash lump sum if you should die during the term of the policy.

You decide how much cover you want and how long you need it for. And you have a range of optional extras for even greater peace of mind. For full details, and an instant quotation, call us on 0500 33 66 66\* today.



\*Equivalent to £4.00 a month (based on a male non-smoker aged 30 years over 15 years). Minimum premium of £5.00 per month equates to 17p a day. Premiums accepted on a monthly basis only. Life assurance is provided by Legal & General Assurance Society Limited. Full written details available on request. Now and then we may tell you about other products or services offered by the Legal & General Group of companies that we believe may be of interest to you. If you would prefer not to receive this carefully selected information, please tick the box in the coupon. \*For your protection, calls are usually recorded and randomly monitored. Legal & General Direct Limited is a representative only of the Legal & General marketing group, members of which are regulated by the Financial Services Authority and IMLR for the purposes of recommending, advising on and selling life insurance and investment products bearing Legal & General's name. Legal & General Direct Limited, registered in England No. 2702040. Registered Office: Temple Court, 11 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4N 4TR.

Up to £300,000 FREE

Accidental Death Cover

Call now for more details

Call now for an instant quote

0500 33 66 66

For more information, visit our website

Visit our website at www.LandG.com

Please send me a personal quotation and information pack on the Legal & General Family Protection Plan. Ref D45/DL02

Post to: Legal & General, FREEPOST (SWC 0467), Cardiff CF1 1YW

Surname (Mr/Ms/Ms/Ms) \_\_\_\_\_

Forename(s) \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

Postcode \_\_\_\_\_

Tel No. Home \_\_\_\_\_ Tel No. Work \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ / \_\_\_\_ I am a smoker ☐ Non-smoker ☐

Cover required £ \_\_\_\_\_ Term required ☐ 1 year ☐ 5 years ☐ 10 years ☐ 15 years ☐ 20 years ☐ 25 years ☐ 30 years ☐ 35 years ☐ 40 years ☐ 45 years ☐ 50 years ☐ 55 years ☐ 60 years ☐ 65 years ☐ 70 years ☐ 75 years ☐ 80 years ☐ 85 years ☐ 90 years ☐ 95 years ☐ 100 years

We may telephone you to make sure your information has arrived safely. Now and then we may tell you about other products or services offered by the Legal & General Group of companies that we believe may be of interest to you.

If you would prefer not to receive this carefully selected information please tick here ☐

Visit our website at www.LandG.com



## No claim, no gain in pensions row

NO ONE likes being shortchanged or being served poor-quality goods, which is probably why most of us would kick up a fuss if we were served a hotdog without enough mustard.

However, if you are one of the millions who has recently received a letter marked "R.U. Owed?", you have the chance to rectify a far greater financial wrong than simply getting an undergarment sausage in a roll. Filling in the forms attached to the letter could be worth thousands of pounds if you were one of the millions who were wrongly advised to leave or never join a company pension scheme but instead were sold a personal pension. Over the past four months more than three million people have been contacted by their pensions company or financial adviser as part of the personal pensions mis-selling review. But many potential victims have yet to respond, despite an advertising campaign launched by the Financial Services Authority (FSA), the City

watchdog. The latest ad features a chap who feels that his hotdog does not have enough mustard. If you were sold a personal pension between April 1988 and June 1994 even though you were entitled to join your company's scheme, with its superior benefits, you could be owed as much as £4,000.

So get out the envelope and take a trip down memory lane to that ill-fated meeting when a life insurance salesman persuaded you that a personal pension was the only option for you.

You will be offered compensation if you can prove that you suffered a loss by failing to join your company scheme at the time. But, whatever your situation, you will get nothing if you do not return the form.

SUSAN EMMETT

● Contacts: FSA helpline: 0800 003 007





# The race to draw a map of humanity

Medicine tailored to the needs of the individual could be possible if an altruistic, \$45 million project is successful. However, one scientist wants to make money. Anjana Ahuja reports

There is precious little to distinguish you, biologically speaking, from anyone else on the planet. We are each made from three billion pairs of DNA building blocks, and a variation occurs every 1,000 building blocks. This means that we share about 99.9 per cent of our genetic make-up with each other.

These minute and sparse variations are the subject of an extraordinary research project announced last week. The SNP Consortium — comprising the Wellcome Trust, ten pharmaceutical companies and five of the world's leading medical research institutes — will spend \$45 million over the next two years to identify one-tenth, or 300,000, of those variations, more properly called single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs, or snips).

The fact that rivals such as Glaxo Wellcome, AstraZeneca, SmithKline Beecham, Pfizer and Hoffmann-La Roche are joining forces is striking, since nobody will profit.

The consortium is sending out a strong message that the rapid advances being made in genetics should be shared freely for the public good, rather than being patented and sold on for vast sums.

However, according to the Wellcome Trust, Dr Craig Venter, the maverick American scientist who has broken away from the International Human Genome Project (IHGP) to set up his own commercial effort, has announced that he will compete to create a snip database.

Snips are the smallest possible change in genetic material, and occur in a single building

block of DNA. They are one class of genetic mutation. Some snips are harmless; others, either singly but more often in combination, render people more susceptible to diseases such as cancer, diabetes and heart disease. Scientists in the consortium aim to draw one of the most important maps in scientific history — a chart of the exact locations of 150,000 snips.

By comparing the genetic maps of sufferers with the maps of healthy individuals, doctors should be able to infer which snips are associated with specific conditions. The result will be a kind of master atlas for medical science — by examining our own sequence of snips and comparing them to this mammoth map, we could discover which diseases we might fall victim to and take preventive action.

"Each disease will be associated with a handful of snips, which are one type of genetic marker," says Dr David Bentley, head of human genetics at the Sanger Centre in Cambridge, one of the participants. "Since we are looking at 300,000 snips, this project will give us an awful lot of reference points. The current set of genetic markers, called microsatellites, number 300, so this universal map of snips will give us much more detail."

This project, Dr Bentley says, is part of the genome project. However, the map being drawn in the IHGP is too low in resolution to provide the detail required to hunt for the genetic clues to disease. It would be like trying to use a world atlas to navigate a journey from Liverpool to Manchester. The snips should also

reveal how individuals might respond to different drugs. It should identify, for example, which sufferers of depression might benefit from Prozac. This means that patients can be offered a treatment tailored to their needs, rather than a blanket therapy with possible side-effects.

The project will have other spin-offs, too — while everyone should have a healthy diet, it is well-known that switching from chocolates and crisps to fruit and vegetables will help some more than others. In the future, nutritional advice could be offered on the basis of a snip profile. This may seem spooky but "personalised medicine" will be an important trend over the coming century.

In accordance with a condition laid down by the Wellcome Trust, which has contributed \$14 million, the consortium has pledged to put its results on a public database. This is important because information in the public domain cannot be patented. However, there will still be commercial opportunities. After all, the snip map is just that — a map of snips. Companies will still have to identify which clusters of snips are associated with specific diseases. This information can then be used to develop diagnostics and therapies, which they can go on to patent.

"It is a bit like making an A to Z of the UK — individual companies can still go on to develop and market road maps of Birmingham or London," explains Dr Michael Morgan, chief executive of the Wellcome Trust Genome Campus in Cambridge, which houses

the Sanger Centre. "It is a kind of pre-competitive project. Some of the pharmaceutical companies were sceptical at first. There was a lot of discussion but at the end of the day this was the preferred route." So what is in it for the participating pharmaceutical

companies that have stumped up \$3 million each?

Dr Morgan sums up: "It raises the level of the playing field for everyone, for modest expenditure. It is good for us, since we would probably end up funding something like this at full cost to ourselves."

Not making such information available would stifle innovation, according to Arthur Holden, chairman and chief executive of the SNP Consortium. "The more people that have access to this tool, the more creativity and success there will be in coming up with new diagnostics and ther-

apies," he says. "I know a company that is charging \$30 million for access to a genetic database. How many companies and universities can afford that?"

"This information will lay the foundation for innovation in medicine for the next century. There will be far more competition and progress, especially among smaller companies, if the information is freely available rather than locked up by private concerns."

He says such collaborations have occurred elsewhere: "We are talking about setting up a core technical platform for the

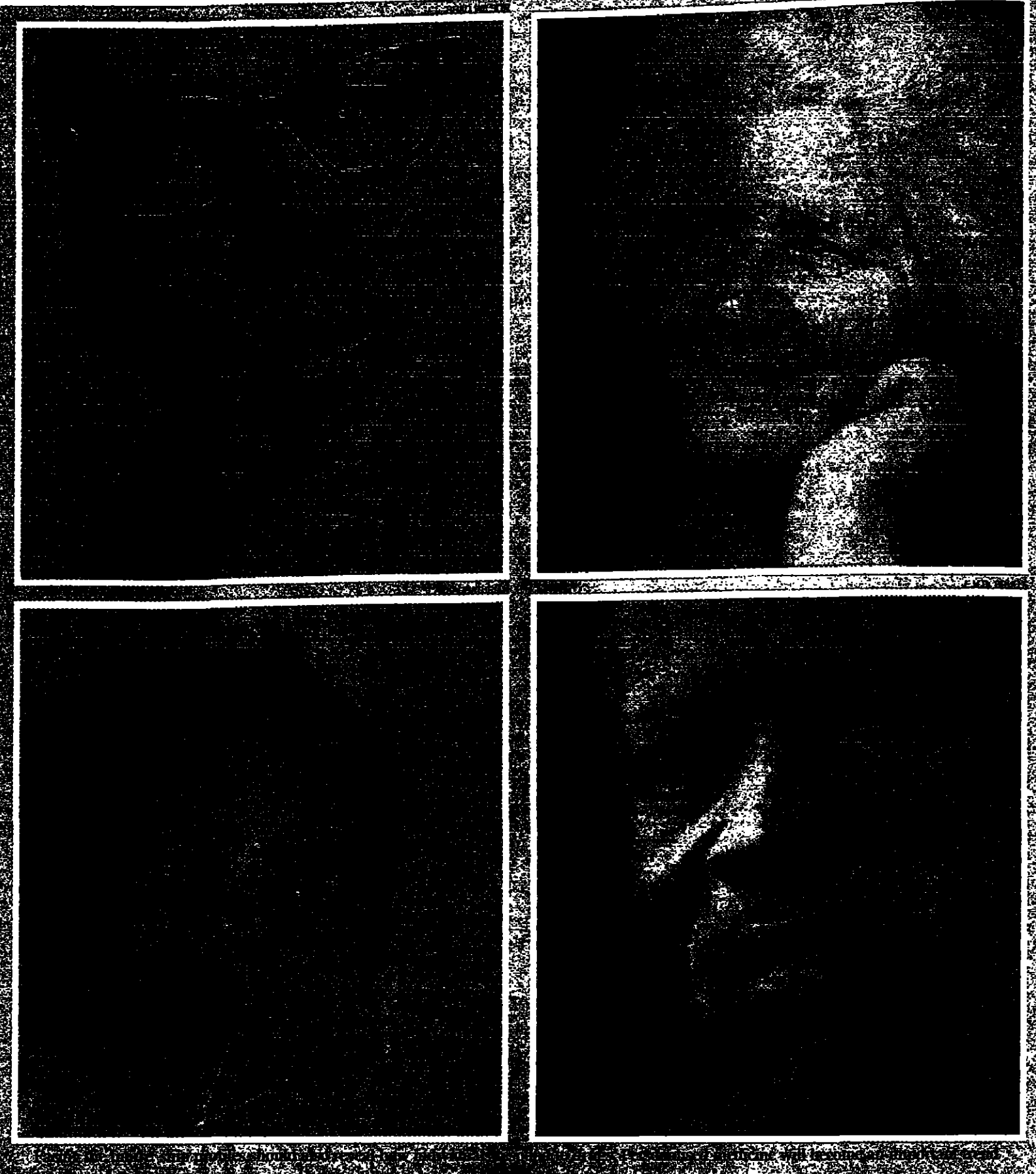
industry. Similar things have been done in the telecommunications, computer and defence industries."

Dr Morgan points out that it would be incredibly expensive for one company to go it alone on a snip database. Nonetheless, this is what Dr Venter is planning to do. Dr Morgan is sceptical that Dr Venter and his company, Celera, will succeed, as he anticipates the SNP Consortium will produce the "gold standard" among snip databases.

"Craig was prepared to participate in our consortium on his own terms, which was

unacceptable to us as it would have restricted access," Dr Morgan says. "Since our announcement, he has said that he is going to make his own snip map and make it ten times bigger and 20 times better than ours."

"It would be arrogant for one company to think that it had all the expertise necessary to understand the kind of information that will come out of it. We are talking about the blueprint of humanity. This is going to help us to understand what makes us human. I don't think we can fully conceive of what is going to emerge."



## THE ULTIMATE

"POSSIBLY THE BEST VALUE IN THE WORLD"

The best system anywhere? Probably...  
Free Lifetime Internet access, absolutely.

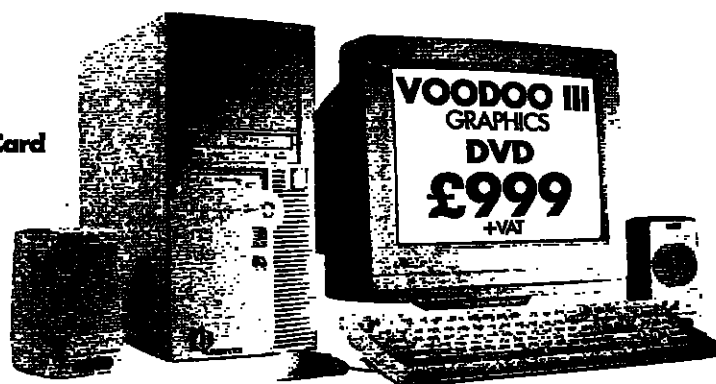
The blisteringly fast Intel® Pentium® III Processor, The fantastic NEW VOODOO III 3000, A Large 17" Monitor And Quantex..... an unbeatable combination.

**M45E : £999+VAT £1,173.83 INC vat**

### System Specifications

- Intel® Pentium® III Processor 450MHz
- Intel SE440ZX AGPset
- 4th Generation DVD
- 128Mbyte Ultra Fast Memory
- 17" Digital Colour Monitor
- NEW VOODOO III 3000 16Mb Graphics Card
- Soundblaster AudioPCI Sound Card
- Non-Integrated Graphics or Sound
- FREE Lifetime Internet Access
- Main Power Speakers
- Microsoft Windows 98, Corel Office Suite 8
- 10.2 Gbyte Ultra ATA Hard Disk Drive
- USR V.90 Modem
- Year 2000 And 9999 Compliant
- Lifetime Technical Support 24 Hours Per Day... EVERYDAY!

**M50E : As above but with a 500MHz processor £1,199+VAT**



**0% Finance option**  
Alternatively **27.8% APR**

### Call for special options:-

- Special Bonus Pack, Monitors, Warranties and Super Fast BT Highway Conversions, Express Delivery

### Fastest 3D Graphics In The World

A Recent Review In Personal Computer World (May '99 Issue) Proclaimed The VOODOO 3 3000 - The Fastest 3D Graphics Card In The Universe.

POWERED BY INTEL...

...DELIVERED BY QUANTEX



### Why must you choose Quantex?

If you don't you will most certainly miss out. The NEW Voodoo III 3000 is at least twice as fast as a high end graphics card with two Voodoo II accelerators combined. This is truly a remarkable system at an unbelievable price. It's what you have come to expect from Quantex. Not only do we supply superb systems our technical support just came out TOP in a recent BBC survey.

www.qtx.co.uk

www.highway.bt.com

To Order: **01438 224444** Fax: 01438 224224

## Spot the asteroid

IT IS remarkable what you find once you start looking. Since a systematic search of the sky for near-Earth asteroids began, the numbers are piling up at a remarkable rate. Fifty-five new asteroids with the potential to collide with the Earth were found during 1998 — more than in the previous six years. None of the asteroids poses a threat, but there are plenty more to find. The American space agency Nasa, which says there are 2,000 such objects, set a target of identifying most of them within ten years. So far, 163 have been found. A new telescope, due to go on line soon, will speed up the search, but the target looks optimistic.

Dr Brian Marsden, of the Minor Planets Centre in Cambridge, Massachusetts, expects 90 per cent of the potentially dangerous asteroids to be found within 17 years.

A few years is hardly likely to make any difference, says Don Yeomans, of Nasa's Near Earth Object programme. He expects that if there is an asteroid with the Earth's name on it, we will get ten, 20 or 30 years' warning, enough time to devise a way of shifting the asteroid's orbit, perhaps by explosives, to ensure that it misses.

One recent discovery, called 1999 AN10, has caused controversy not because of any risk of an impact but because of the way its discovery was handled.

A year ago, some astronomers were embarrassed after Dr Marsden gave warning that an asteroid might be on course for a 2028 impact. More refined calculations, when further details

of its orbit were known, showed the fears to be unfounded. The low-key announcement of AN10 is seen by some, including Benny Peiser, an anthropologist at John Moores University in Liverpool, as an overreaction to that embarrassment. The news slipped out on a website in the form of a paper from three Italian astronomers.

The interest in AN10 is that its orbit is tilted at an angle of 70 degrees and intersects that of the Earth twice a year in February and August. It is thought to be about a mile in diameter, quite large enough to do continent-wide damage if it hit. Dr Andrea Milani and Dr Steven Chesley, of the University of Pisa, and Dr Giovanni Valsecchi, of the Planetary Institute in Rome, say that it will remain close for the next 600 years.

There is, they say, a one-in-a-billion chance that it could strike the Earth in August 2039, but that is smaller than being struck by an unknown asteroid any day without warning, and not something to worry about. The long-term potential needs careful watching, though, as the orbit of AN10 may be disturbed by its constant close approaches to the Earth, possibly increasing the chances of impact.

Dr Peiser says that he finds the lack of public notice disturbing. But astronomers seem happy with the way it was done. "I commend them for the process of being careful," Richard Binzel, of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, told the *Boston Globe*. "On a scale of zero to five," he said, "this thing is a zero."



SCIENCE BRIEFING  
Nigel Hawkes

## Birds trigger songs that enlighten



THE birds are in fine voice at the moment, as the lengthening days of spring inspire them to song. Scientists at John Hopkins University have discovered that the process is triggered by melatonin, a hormone known to be linked to the daily cycle in many species, including humans.

The part of the brain responsible for song in birds, the high vocal centre, actually

expands as the days grow longer. This was believed to be controlled by levels of the male sex hormone testosterone, but the change happens even in birds that have been castrated.

In experiments on starlings, Gregory Ball and George Bentley, of Johns Hopkins, and Thomas Van't Hof, of the Max Planck Institute, have shown that by providing extra melatonin they can control the changes, regardless of the length of the day. The findings could have wider implications, says Dr Bentley.

"We would never have discovered this if we had started out trying to see what melatonin is doing in humans," he says. "Now, with this discov-

ery, we can feed back the information to other scientists and perhaps help them to understand what is happening in other species."

## Wine is fine to clean up your ulcer



GOOD news about moderate drinking keeps on coming. As well as protecting against heart disease, it may also reduce the risk of ulcers, according to a new study.

Alcohol is antiseptic, so Dr Hermann Brenner, of the University of Ulm, in Germany, wondered if it might be effective against *Helicobacter pylori*, the bacterium which is credited with causing ulcers.

He tested blood samples from 1,785 volunteers in the German National Health and Nutrition Survey for antibodies against *H pylori* — evidence that they were infected with it — and also questioned them about their lifestyle.

In *Epidemiology*, he and colleagues report that moderate drinkers — those who consumed the equivalent of a glass of wine or a pint of beer a day — were more than a third less likely to harbour *H pylori* than non-drinkers.

Wine appears to do the job rather better than beer, reducing the infection rate by 42 per cent, compared to 25 per cent. He did not look at heavy drinkers. "It's another piece of the puzzle suggesting that moderate alcohol consumption, as practised by the vast majority of the population, does indeed offer some health benefits," he says.

## INDIA - KERALA

Kerala's beauty lies in its fascinating history, tranquil beaches, scenic countryside and serene backwaters. Our 'Kerala Experience' tour captures the essence of this charming, traditional region.

7-night Kerala Experience Tour

+ 7 nights Kerala Hotel (8&8) from \$699

Sumak HOLIDAYS

For a brochure packed with exotic holiday choices - please call 0181 423 3000

مكتبة الامم المتحدة



# Excuse me, what is mind-blowing sex?

"WHAT is sexy?" demands the huge red-and-white banner hanging over the Jacob K Javits Convention Center on 35th Street, usually home to New York's computer and auto shows, but this week taken over by Erotica USA, Manhattan's biggest exhibition so far about sex.

The programme promises "everything that is new and exciting in erotic music, videos, piercing and wine and spirits..." Inside, the Center is a jumble of stalls selling erotic pictures, penis fruit gums, nipple lollipops and latex clothing.

I wander over to join a small crowd gathered around a stall called The Erogenous Zone. A Swingers' Club For the Next Millennium. Behind the salesman, a tall, blonde girl in micro, crotch-hugging shorts is riding a child's rocking horse and spooning melon chunks out of a plastic cup.

"It is for people who want to try swinging but haven't dared," explains Martin Davis, national sales director,

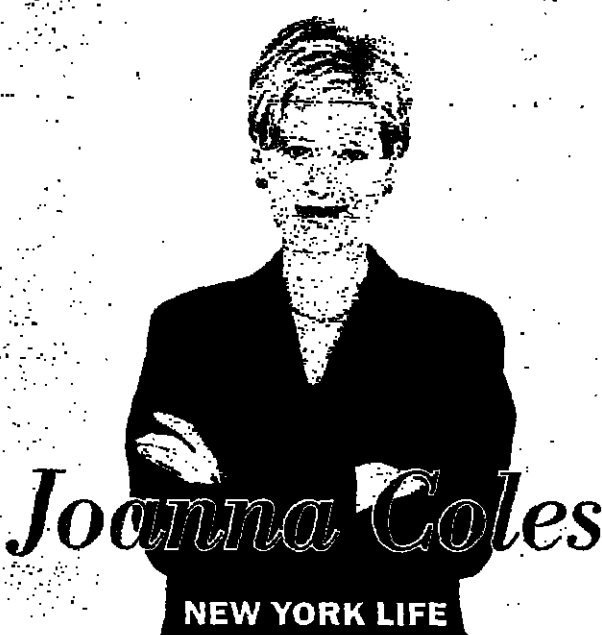
thrusting an Erogenous Zone Franchise Business Plan at me. "If you go to Kansas or San Francisco you know what a Big Mac is going to be like: safe, clean and fun. Well, the Erogenous Zone will be like the McDonald's of sex. Our focus groups found that most people would like to try swinging but are too scared."

Above him a television set is demonstrating the Erogenous Zone's Boom Boom Room, an adult version of a bouncy castle where you can jump on dozens of inflatable sex dolls.

There is also an artist's impression of adult swings, sturdier versions of the playground variety, to be ridden while you are naked.

Martin reads aloud from the brochure: "Who doesn't have fond memories of hours spent in the playground?"

"The suggested entrance fee is \$80 per couple," he continues. "Men must arrive with a female partner. Women may enter singly and are charged \$40." He adds: "We will also have a room with



Joanna Coles  
NEW YORK LIFE

stuffed animals and cuddly toys."

"Have you had much interest in the franchise?" I ask.

"Oh yes," she smiles. "It costs \$30,000 a year and next year we're opening in New

York, Los Angeles and Chicago."

On the stage at the end of the hall, a tired girl dressed in a latex nun's habit is dancing to *Vous-Vous Couches Avec Moi?* with two men dressed

as Roman gladiators. In another stall, designed like a doctor's reception, a quartet of blondes with hugely augmented breasts are campaigning for Brad J. Jacobs, "award-winning breast-implant surgeon", whose handiwork they are demonstrating. According to Brad's banner, he "invented the procedure to correct the problems of saline implant augmentation."

I pause at another stand presided over by the portly, bearded pornographer Al Goldstein, Editor and founder of *Screw* magazine. He is wearing a florid jerkin that matches his complexion and sucking a chocolate finger.

"I'm leaving America," he announces. "I'm going to Amsterdam, where I can smoke Cuban cigars in peace. At 63 I'm an embarrassment to my son."

Suddenly he encircles my waist with a bearish arm and hauls me on to his lap. "I love you and think of you," he rasps, breathing hot chocolate fumes on me. I squirm

free and escape to the morning lecture.

"Raise your hands if you're comfortable talking about sexual experimentation," cries Sari Locker, the relationship correspondent for *Channel 2 News*. Today's lecture is called *Mind-blowing Sex in the Real World*. There are 28 of us in the audience. Sari, author of *The Complete Idiots' Guide to Amazing Sex*, tries again. "Come on, raise your hands," she orders. Eventually, five hands go up sheepishly.

"Wow, we have five sexual experimenters," she says. "So are there any questions?" Usually, for New Yorkers are generally quick with questions, there is silence.

"Oh, a relatively quiet group," Sari laughs bravely. The silence continues. "Aren't there any areas people are interested in?"

Eventually a hand creeps up and a white-faced woman with long black hair mouths something towards the podium.

"I can't hear you," Sari says

brightly. "Do you want to repeat your question?" The woman mouths again.

"The question is, 'How do you move from one fetish to another?'" roars Sari, making a lasso of the microphone cable and striding to the front of the stage as we all swing round to check the woman out.

"With a fetish, communication is very important, very important," Sari replies. "And it may be, in the end, that a couple don't have sexual compatibility."

The questioner looks nonplussed and a grey-haired couple side out.

"Any other questions?" Sari's eyes roam desperately until they settle on my neighbour, an attractive older woman who half raises her hand. "What is mind-blowing sex? I mean, how do you achieve it?"

Sari nods. "Is that your husband with you?" she asks, motioning to the man sitting next to her. The woman smiles noncommittally. "Hello, sir," Sari says anyway. "I

define mind-blowing sex as when you're totally in the moment. It's like when you know that you are protected from STDs and you're not thinking about how fat your thighs are."

My neighbour stares back doubtfully. "I'm older and I have a slightly different perspective," she says hesitantly. "Do you give the same advice to married people as to young people?"

"Well, in marriage there is the issue of sexual boredom," says Sari. "But you can always try different things. Wear a wig! Lose weight, then it's like having sex with a new body! If you're a man, buy a penis expander!"

"A woman doesn't need to have breast augmentation; she can put plastic implants in her bra," she continues earnestly. "Or have sex in a business suit!"

We contemplate this advice until, finally, another woman, sitting on her own, puts her hand up. "Can it still be mind-blowing sex if you feel lonely or sad afterwards?"

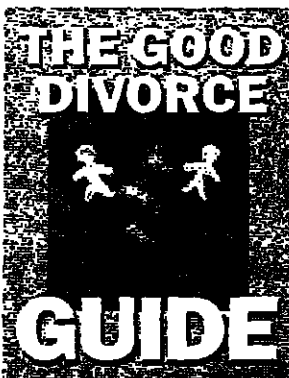
## Caught in the crossfire

During the breakdown of a relationship, the subsequent separation and divorce, one or both parents will have to cope not only with their own feelings but with those of their children. Children are the innocent victims of a relationship that breaks down. They are the reason that parents remain in contact long after the dust has settled on their divorce. They are the ones whom parents should try their utmost to protect from the devastation that an acrimonious divorce can wreak. It will at times be unbelievably difficult.

If you succeed the reward will be well-adjusted and balanced children who will be able to enjoy time with both parents and who can make the most of having two homes.

Children in divorce need to know that both parents still love them; that their parents are divorcing each other, not divorcing themselves from the children. They need to know that by showing love for one parent, they are not betraying the other; that they can continue to love both parents openly without each parent competing for more love. And the only way this can be achieved is through reassurance from both parents.

But how do you do this



In the final extract from her new book, **Simone E. Katzenberg**, a family solicitor, says children must come first

when your partner is demanding contact with the children but refusing to pay maintenance, or flaunting his or her new partner while you suffer the pain of the breakdown? Or when your partner blocks or sabotages your efforts to maintain a relationship with your children? What you really need to avoid is your children being caught in the middle of a tug-of-war in which no one wins anything.

You need to be constantly aware of the effect that your behaviour will have on the children. Thoughtless or vindictive behaviour towards your partner can rebound, often unintentionally, on the children. Think before you act.

The children need time to adjust. Constant and ferocious conflict between their parents

does not help them. There must never be a contest over who has more time with the children; the children must not be made to feel that they have to choose one parent over the other. It may be that in order to avoid a battle, one of you has to back off to protect your child from a wrangle.

At each stage, step back and try to separate the way you feel towards each other from the way you feel towards your children. Question the motive behind your actions and try with all honesty to put the children first, doing what is right for them even if it does not necessarily satisfy your needs.

How do you tell the children? At the breakdown stage, many parents cannot control their emotions in each other's presence. The children may



Innocent victims: most children of divorced parents eventually learn to cope, but it is vital to consider their emotional needs before your own

have been exposed to frequent tantrums and rages and it may be impossible for the parents to sit down together and explain their plans to them.

The situation at home may have been unstable for so long that the children realise it is just a matter of time before one parent goes. That in itself may be a relief to them as it will end the constant bickering and conflict.

In ideal circumstances, you may want to wait a while before you break the news to the children. However, your distress may mean that it is impossible to continue putting on a brave front.

If you can tell the children together, do so. The children can be assured that even though Mum and Dad can and will no longer live together, their continued love for them remains, independent of their feelings for each other. You can all cry together and answer questions the children may have.

Provide as much reassurance as you can that they will be able to see the parent who is leaving. What has happened has nothing to do with them but is between you as adults. Your dual role as parents will continue. It will be the beginning of a period of adjustment for all of you, and you must take it one step at a time.

You may be the parent who is left to tell the children without the support of the other parent. Choose a time when no one is in a hurry to get anywhere, no guests are expected and a favourite television programme is not about to start: wait until homework is complete, take the telephone off the hook, hold each other and talk. If a child is about to take exams or a birthday party is imminent, it may be better to wait until later.

It is important to notify the schools of the situation and to talk to the children's head teachers. The school can give your child any extra attention and support needed, and alert you if any difficulties arise as a result of the breakdown.

If you are the parent who leaves home, notify the school of your change of address. The

school can keep you informed of all school activities and functions as well as send you reports, as extra reports need to be requested. If your relationship has broken down to the extent that you are not talking to each other at all, this is important to preserve access to information about the children at school.

During the early stages of separation, try to be perceptive towards the often silent signals that children give when they are uncertain and distressed. Encourage them to talk to you — or a close friend or other family member — about their concerns. Avoid attributing blame to the other parent. Step back and see how the children feel, and think of how you can help them. Try to put your feelings for them first. They do not need to be caught in the crossfire of emotions.

If you are the parent who has left, you may desperately want to see the children every day. Try not to demand more than your partner will permit.

If you are the parent who has left, you may desperately want to see the children every day. Try not to demand more than your partner will permit. If you are the parent who has left, you may desperately want to see the children every day. Try not to demand more than your partner will permit.

Reassure your partner that you are not trying to take the children away. If your partner does not feel threatened, you are likely to find that contact is increased. By stepping back a little you are removing the power that your former partner can exert over you.

If you have been left with the children and they speak to your partner on the phone, leave them alone and do not interrupt. If you are the caller, it does not help to criticise the other parent or to tell the children how unhappy you are.

Conflict over the children will continue if your partner is stuck in an emotional stage that you have moved through. If you experience continual difficulties over contact with the children, keep a diary of all telephone calls and contact. This should include attempts to speak to the children when they are "unavailable" and when the answerphone is on in an attempt to block calls, and details of when contact takes place, should have taken

place and did not take place. Only time will tell how the children's relationship with the other parent develops or diminishes. Children adapt and get on with their lives. If they are confident about their continued contact with both parents, they are more likely

to accept the situation. School concerts, parents' evenings, sports days, weddings and family functions may always be uncomfortable. But somehow or other you will all adapt and find a way in which, while not necessarily grinning and bearing it, you will cope.

● Extracted from *I Want a Divorce?* by Simone E. Katzenberg, published on May 6 by Kyle Cathie, £9.99. Copyright 1999 Simone E. Katzenberg. Times readers can order this title for £7.99 with free p&p by calling The Times Bookshop on 0990 134459.

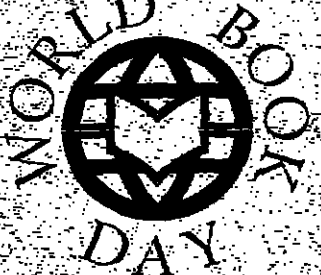
EXCLUSIVE OFFER THE TIMES

### Free book vouchers

This week *The Times*, in support of World Book Day, offers readers the chance to save on the cost of books. Printed below is the third of six vouchers that will appear in *The Times* until Saturday. Each voucher gives you £1 off any book or audiobook worth £2.95 or more, or entitles you to receive a free copy of *The Children's Book of Books 1999* or *The Grown-Ups' Book of Books* (pictured). A voucher will also appear in *The Sunday Times* books section on Sunday. Present the vouchers, between April 23 and May 3, at one of the thousands of bookstores participating in the World Book Day offer. Only one voucher per transaction permitted. Offer subject to availability of titles in stock.



A gift from your bookseller of  
**£1 off**  
your next purchase of a book or audiobook worth £2.95 or more



Alternatively, this voucher may be exchanged for *The Children's Book of Books 1999* or *The Grown-Ups' Book of Books*, if stocked by the retailer, and while stocks last.

VALID: FRIDAY, APRIL 23 TO MONDAY, MAY 3, 1999 (INCLUSIVE)

TO THE RETAILER: Retailers participating in the 1999 World Book Day promotion undertake to redeem this £1 voucher against the cost of any book or audiobook over £2.95, subject to the terms and conditions printed below.

TO THE CONSUMER: This special voucher is redeemable against a book or audiobook worth £2.95 or more in all bookshops participating in the promotion. Offer is valid from April 23 to May 3, 1999 (inclusive) when the offer ends. This voucher cannot be exchanged for cash or any other merchandise, nor used for school purchases nor for the payment of school accounts. Only one voucher per transaction. Offer applies only to titles in stock. Voucher cannot be photocopied.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS: 1. This voucher is redeemable in participating bookshops that are members of the World Book Day promotion. 2. This voucher cannot be used in conjunction with any other offer, or for the purchase of Book Tokens, and is not exchangeable for cash (although it has a value of £1). 3. This voucher can only be redeemed at participating bookshops supporting the World Book Day promotion. Please check that the shop accepts the voucher before you enter. 4. This voucher is valid for the purchase of any book or audiobook worth £2.95 or more. 5. This voucher is valid for the purchase of any book or audiobook worth £2.95 or more. 6. This World Book Day offer is co-ordinated by the Publishers Association (Publishers' Book of Books).

9 907760 021003

CHANGING TIMES

## low cost motor insurance with increased benefits

If you are aged 50 or over you could save £££s with Saga.

At Saga we reward your age and experience with competitive premiums and high levels of cover.

- Discounts for low mileage and over night garaging
- 12 months FREE European cover\*
- FREE Green Card when required

### Extra savings with P&O Stena Line

Switch to Saga Motor Insurance and take advantage of specially negotiated P&O Stena Line ferry fares. From £49 for a three-day return you can take a car and up to nine passengers on a Dover-Calais crossing. A special day trip fare offering a third off standard prices is also available. Both offers subject to restricted space and sailing.

For a motor insurance quotation or instant cover, call Saga

**0800 484 184**

quoting reference TM4909

Our lines are open 8.30am to 7pm weekdays and 9am to 1pm Saturdays

**SAGA**  
Now's the time

Telephone calls may be monitored/recorded for staff training purposes. Terms and conditions regarding the P&O Stena Line offer will be sent with your quotation. Saga Services Limited would like to send you information on other Saga products and services and may pass on your details to other Saga companies for this purpose. \*As defined in the policy conditions.



# A scorpions' tale of new Labour

Roland Watson on the feuds that poison Mandelson's life

It takes a rare mix of the brilliant and the flawed, the spiky and the exotic to elbow aside the Balkans and secure a leading slot on the war-dominated news agenda. But one Labour politician has it. Peter is back. Back in the news and soon to be back in the Government, according to the excited gossip surrounding the launch of a biography, Mr Mandelson's second of the year.

Whereas the first book took delight in helping to knock him out of Government, the mood music around the second is about rehabilitation. Mr Mandelson is less than four months into an uncertain sentence but already talk of a comeback is in the air. And yet the details contained in Donald Macintyre's book, published today, though considerably less explosive than Paul Routledge's home loan revelation, may yet turn out to be more corrosive.

The portrait emerging of the former Trade and Industry Secretary adds to his reputation as a famously complex man. He is a prima donna prone to fits of petulance and dramatic door-slaming exits, but also a suffering servant who is prepared to resign rather than allow his epically bad relations with Gordon Brown threaten Labour's election hopes. He is someone with enough self-awareness to parody himself as Tony Blair's "little helper". But he is also the reticent celebrity, fiercely protective of his sexuality.

Mr Mandelson has always had the power to discomfit the cautious and confound expectations. But even those accustomed to his distinctive style have raised eyebrows at his latest media strategy. Mr Macintyre's book is enlivened by extensive quotations from a slew of private letters, including some very intimate notes received by Mr Mandelson from Mr Blair.

It appears likely that Mr Mandelson chose to unburden himself dramatically after his departure from Cabinet just before Christmas. Mr Macintyre's book has not overshoot its deadline for nothing. Those close to Mr Mandelson suggest the increased level of co-operation this year was designed to imbue the whole exercise with a cathartic quality.

But how is Mr Blair to feel now that the privacy of his correspondence with Mr Mandelson has been made public? How helpful has Tony's little helper been in revealing that the new Labour project was almost blown apart by two of its strongest personalities? Will the Prime Minister find this feud's eruption into the public domain in all its poisonous detail a "cathartic" experience?

And how, too, is Gordon Brown to feel when he reads the words of Michael Wills, a junior Trade and Industry Minister and a part of the Chancellor's inner circle. Mr Wills said of Messrs Brown and Mandelson that they were "like scorpions in a bottle; only one of them will crawl out alive".

The Brown camp is declining to comment on the book.

The fact that the Red Lion no longer enjoys as much patronage from Charlie Whelan has meant the waters between the adversaries remain calmer than they might be.

Moreover, Mr Brown has been making genuine attempts to help Mr Mandelson through a gentle rehabilitation. He has brought him into the planning of the Scottish election campaign and the pair have had several post-resignation meetings to try to use the shock of the event to reheat their relationship.

But how will the sheer acrimony of their relationship, understandably described by Mr Macintyre as dysfunctional, help them if and when they become ministerial colleagues again? Cartoonists will have a field day as they address the question of how many scorpions can survive around a Cabinet table.

Mr Mandelson continues to have fervent supporters in Downing Street who yearn for his return. Blairite ministers have been discreetly canvassing Westminster opinion as to the likely impact of an early Mandelson return. The clear implication is that Mr Blair has not ruled out a comeback for his friend before the next general election.

But does the Government need him? Relations between Nos 10 and 11 have been considerably better since his departure. Ministers no longer feel quite the same need to hasten around Whitehall watching their backs with feverish concern.

At the Trade and Industry Department Stephen Byers is delivering a broadly Mandelsonian agenda, with the odd tweak here and there, albeit with a pro-European agenda. The Government is hardly less popular for his absence, with poll ratings remaining stratospheric.

There is a strain of thought, heretical to his supporters, that the evidence of the past few months shows that Mr Mandelson was the critical cog in Labour's pre-election wheel and may yet play a similar role in future elections, but that is where he operates best.

Such a view ignores Mr Mandelson's success at the DTI, where civil servants still mourn his departure, and the fact that it would help Mr Blair if his chief adviser was allowed into the Cabinet loop again.

But it is hard to see Mr Mandelson's return being accelerated by this week's revelations. Members of the "Way Back" group of Blairites dedicated to his return were plotting the Mandelson comeback over homely shepherd's pie and supermarket red wine in the weeks before the book came out. They were confident that a more rounded picture of their friend would begin to emerge this year. They were delighted with his more restrained, almost puritan, backbench profile. But, once again, by thrusting himself forward, Mr Mandelson is not letting his complex character be seen in the best light.

comment@the-times.co.uk



## Three strikes and out

Nato is fighting a trio of wars with Milosevic — and none will succeed

There are three Kosovans running at present. Nato has lost the first, the second is still being fought, and the third has not properly begun. Since conflict takes a mounting toll on reason, we must struggle to keep these wars distinct.

War A: This began in January with Nato warning President Milosevic against "a humanitarian disaster in Kosovo". Mr Milosevic declined to be warned. Despite intelligence of his aggressive intent against the Kosovan Albanians, Nato's military response was hesitant. It already had 2,000 ground monitors in Kosovo and had placed a 10,000-strong Nato intervention force in the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia. Amid much confusion during the Lewinsky affair, President Clinton's Secretary of State, Madeleine Albright, threatened Mr Milosevic not just with sanctions but with a bombing war if he failed to grant Kosovo "partial autonomy". In March this threat had to be honoured.

Whether Mr Milosevic's Operation Horseshoe — the methodical cleansing of Kosovo — predated the January ultimatum is unclear. What is beyond doubt is that Nato knew of his readiness to visit on the Albanians what Croatia had visited on the Krajina Serbs in 1994-95. After the clearing of Krajina, some 250,000 evicted Serbs descended on Belgrade and demanded Mr Milosevic's head. Having lost Krajina, he was not going to lose Kosovo.

Yet Nato removed the monitors and aid workers from Kosovo. Both groups had served as witnesses and partial restraints on Serb (and Kosovo Liberation Army) atrocities. They were probably the outside world's best hope of impeding Mr Milosevic's grim determination. As it was, far from impeding the disaster, Nato's strategy gave the Serbs a "permissive environment" for the ethnic cleansing.

The cleansing has not been, as Nato spokesmen claim, the worst humanitarian outrage since the Second World War. An exaggeration of many Africans and Asians might consider racist. However, it has been brutal and horrific to witness, and holds a peculiar abhorrence to Europeans within the memory of Hitler's war. As of yesterday, more than half the Albanian population of Kosovo has been expelled from the province. The rest have probably been killed or are being held hostage. Mr Milosevic's Operation

Horseshoe may be a sick and hollow victory over a burnt and empty land. But for Serb nationalists the securing of Kosovo is a triumph, achieved while the mightiest armed force in the world did nothing but dally and bomb. Nato pledged to draw the line against Mr Milosevic in Kosovo, and did not do so. Nato sent in monitors, then withdrew them. Nato sent reinforcements to Macedonia but left them setting up camps for victims of a war Nato half-threatened but would not fight. War A has been lost.

War B: This is a quite separate war. It is being waged at a vertical distance of 15,000ft over War A and mostly in the Danube basin 200 miles from Kosovo. It is a classic air war, in pursuit not of territory but of a political goal, as in Iraq, to get a regime to change its mind. As a result, its objectives tend to be hazy and shifting. Air defences and other military targets are bombed first. As these targets are exhausted, "target drift" starts, leading to a drift in objectives. Since War A is all but over, there seems little point in risking pilots by attacking the Yugoslav Army in the field. Nato is now powerless to stop ethnic cleansing, unless it can induce Mr Milosevic to change his mind.

Targets are thus extended to non-military sites, to blocking the Danube and to destroying chemical factories, fertilizer plants, roads and bridges. Nato is seeking to impose a crippling economic burden on the Yugoslav people — we hear no more about "just bombing Milosevic" — in the hope of turning them against their elected Government and forcing Mr Milosevic from power. Hence the toxic cloud over Belgrade. Hence the emphasis on Nato's "credibility", as if credibility lay in demonstrating the sheer potency of Nato's weapons.

Such political objectives are notoriously hard to control. They depend on an accurate reading of the internal politics of a State under siege. Victories are measured not in burning tanks or factories but in morale, propaganda and power play. Last week War B briefly intruded on the tail-end of War A, when Nato bombed a refugee convoy. Spin-doctors sought to dismiss it as an accident of war and attacked the media, including reporters working against ferocious odds in Belgrade. But in wars such as War B, collateral damage is always a victory for the enemy. The success of a sortie is measured not in hits but in media coups de theatre.

Nato's Jamie Shea is a frontline general. This second war has not yet been won or lost. It is conceivable, but unlikely, that history could be stood on its head and Yugoslavia be the first country bombed into changing its Government. Other apologists suggest that bombing might "soften up" Mr Milosevic for some Russian-UN deal, to get him to readmit an Albanian resettlement monitoring force into Kosovo. I still think a version of this is the most plausible outcome of War B, but it would be hard to avoid calling it another defeat. Nato would have fought its way back to much the same trench as it was in last October. Or Nato might simply continue its act of punishment until it has made Belgrade another Stalingrad. This "Stone Age" strategy, launched with similar conviction on Vietnam, is the logical consequence of credibility and a "just war" taking precedence over common sense. To call this winning War B would be absurd.

War C: This is the war that dares Nato to breathe its name. Despite denials, a force of 80,000 troops appears to be moving into position to invade Kosovo and set up what would amount to a Western military

prosecutor. This involves abandoning Nato's pledge that it would send in soldiers only after a negotiated settlement, once considered a legal necessity for such intervention. It flatly contradicts Robin Cook's assurance, repeated yesterday, that "We're not going to fight our way in. We've made that very clear from the start. It would involve too many casualties." Bill Clinton and Tony Blair have pledged likewise. Yet War C's sabre-rattling gives Mr Milosevic every inducement to prepare his people and his army for an invasion. He is now mining the roads and appears to be holding back tens of thousands of refugees as potential human shields.

War C was always rejected by Nato because democracy would not wear it. Democracy apparently wanted Mr Milosevic to be stopped, but cleanly and not at the expense of any Nato lives. Bombers are not allowed to fly low: they can risk missing their targets but not getting killed. Nato wants to seem tough, but tough at 15,000ft, not in a "bayonet, knife and bullet war". That is why Nato would not fight War A. Because of that timidity, democracy may now be asked to stomach the same war but at a vastly higher cost. Nobody could say that War C is unwinnable. Kosovo is not the same as Vietnam and if Nato cannot hold a province the size of Yorkshire it is in dire straits. But a Nato-ruled Kosovo would be even more burnt and barren than it is now. Kosovo cannot be rendered "autonomously" Albanian, only autonomously Nato. War C cannot rectify War A. It could only be a war of punitive desperation. It would do little more than change the guard over Kosovo's empty fields and rotting corpses. They are Mr Milosevic's doing, for which his people and perhaps a court of law will one day hold him to account. Nato cannot be party to yet more killing.

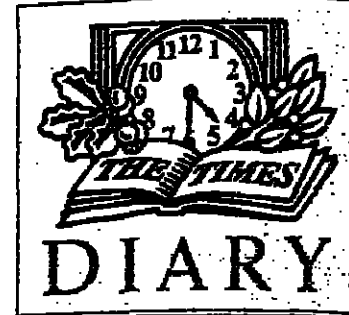
Of these three wars, War C is the only one that is militarily coherent, yet it is the maddest war of all. Mr Clinton and Mr Blair are right on this: the cost is too great for the gain. So where has Nato's hubris got us? I can hardly believe it. The turbulent 20th-century is about to end on a note of stupendous irony: a worsted Nato pleading with Russia to sue for peace.

comment@the-times.co.uk



Simon Jenkins

comment@the-times.co.uk



## Willson wheels

READERS are doubtless impressed with the passion Quentin Willson, a presenter on the BBC's *Top Gear*, displays when condemning the evils of "clocking".

Quentin, the Nissan Micra to Jeremy Clarkson's Rolls-Royce, has been a victim himself of the Arthur Daley practice of rewinding mileometers. But in his case he ended up being convicted of supplying a clocked car before he joined the TV series in 1991.

Willson (left, pictured with Clarkson) emphasises it was ignorance. As a former car dealer himself, he bought the vehicle at auction, was unaware of its true mileage and sold it on to a private buyer, and then came unstuck.

A friend of his at the BBC says: "Quentin wants improved legislation in this area. He wants consumers and the motor industry to be better protected, which is why he writes about it in his column."



A PLUTOCRAT bearing a vague resemblance to Geoffrey Robinson, now free to spend more time with his money, was sighted at *The Savoy*. Gloomily, the figure reflected: "It is very difficult to buy a decent bottle of wine in London for under £400 these days."

■ IT IS a rare privilege to read one's own obituary. But as Dave Swarbrick learnt of his demise in *The Daily Telegraph* he had reason to believe that reports of his death had been rather exaggerated.

Jilly, wife of the former Fairport Convention violinist, awoke to an anxious call from a friend. "It came as a sledgehammer," she says. Now our Dave had been a bit peaky (his emphysema had been aggravated by a chest infection and he had been flown back from Germany to a Coventry hospital); but he had just moved to an ordinary ward and was looking forward to a visit from a physio. Swarbrick, as he is known to intimates, took it well. "It's not the first time I have died in Coventry."

Those undertakers on *The Daily Telegraph* obituary desk (who always look forward to a cold snap) say simply: "We were just misinformed, that's all." I, for one, wish Mr Swarbrick a speedy recovery.



■ DOES Martin Bell want to move to Manhattan? On a bean to Kosovo just before the bombing, the man in white lobbied United Nations sorts about the possibility of a juicy job once his mandate as Talbot's MP runs out. But I hear his audience was distinctly unimpressed with our Mart.

Russians at the UN feel that when he was reporting the Bosnian war he was too matey with the Muslims, who they thought were just as beastly as the Croats and Serbs. The Russians would block his appointment because they feel Bell's stance would be unhelpful.

PRINCIPLES are handy. Luciano Benetton, he of the tasteless adverts and even more alarming jumpers, has refused to pay tax on his Argentine properties. It's not that he's tight, you understand: Mr Benetton is protesting against a recent land tax hike — to a crippling 3 per cent.

■ CHERIE BOOTH's motivation for joining Labour in 1970 when she was a sweet 16 was purely romantic. She was recruited into the Young Socialists by a Mrs Speight, a teacher at her school (was this ethical, me wonders).

The PM's wife admits: "I joined with friends. I suspect our motives were more social than political as it was a good way to meet boys." Later she learnt that there were better catches to be had in chambers than on those dreary ban the bomb marches.

JASPER GERARD

## 'On trains, Her Majesty is allowed to smoke in the lavatories, although not cigars or pipes'

Since today is HM the Queen's unofficial birthday, I know that you will want me not only to wish her many happy unofficial returns on all our behalfs, but also to take this opportunity to reply to those countless thousands of you who wrote to me regarding the recent Buckingham Palace statement that the Queen was exempt, "by reason of her special position", from the law requiring her subjects to wear a rear seatbelt. Were there, you clamoured to learn, any other special dispensations which Her Majesty alone enjoyed?

The reason that I have not replied earlier is because, not surprisingly, there turned out to be a huge amount of painstaking research involved; but I'm delighted to tell you that I am now, at last, in a position to publish in the national interest what I hope with all my heart is a usefully

informative — if by no means comprehensive — list.

When travelling by car, for example, Her Majesty is uniquely entitled to stand upstairs on buses. Should she spit, however, she is liable to the same fine as anyone else, although she would, of course, be given time to pay. On trains, she is allowed to smoke in the lavatories, but not cigars or pipes. She may also lean out of the window without penalty, except on InterCity routes. On the London Underground, she may not go up a down escalator, or vice-versa, but she is allowed to jump over the barrier if she hears her Tube train coming, provided she has a valid ticket for the journey. When flying, she is not permitted to get up before the plane has come to a complete halt, but she does not have to take care when opening the overhead lockers. She is of course, allowed to lean her

bicycle against shop windows.

Sport, as you might expect, is a somewhat more complex jurisdictional area for Her Majesty. When bowling, she is permitted to deliver more than one bouncer per over — except in one-day matches — but she is nevertheless required to observe current ECB dress-codes and not wear a headscarf when batting or fielding. She can be given out lbw, but never stumped, and in the unfortunate event of a run-out, it is her partner who must surrender his wicket, irrespective of fault. As to football, the Queen is allowed, when playing in goal, to move before a penalty is struck, and would not normally be sent off for bad language, unless violence were involved. In rug-

ger, she does not need to call for a mark or leave the field when bleeding, and in tennis she may abuse her racket as much as she likes. In athletic competition, she is allowed four attempts at the high jump and, when throwing the hammer, to put one foot, but not both, outside the circle. The Queen is also uniquely permitted to carry a spare baton in the 4 x 400 relay, in case she drops one. In snooker, she is permitted to pot the six remaining colours in any order she chooses. Should her opponent go down during a boxing match, Her Majesty is not required to walk to a neutral corner.

She is allowed to busk on her highway, but not in public houses which do not have a

music licence. In zoos (with the exception of Whipsnade), Her Majesty is permitted to feed the animals.

When it comes to shopping, the Queen is allowed to go through the checkout marked "6 items or less" with 7 items or more, but no special dispensation applies in regard to taking the trolley from the premises. In Post Offices, staff may not ask her to go to the next counter, and in petrol stations she does not have to switch off the engine while filling up, though she must take the cigarette out of her mouth. She is allowed to bring her dog into foodshops, but if it wiggles against anything, she is not exempt from prosecution, provided a notice to that effect is prominently displayed.

Should, however, a notice be prominently displayed in any

public place stating that bill stickers will be prosecuted, Her Majesty may safely ignore this, just as she may with impunity disregard any injunction to leave these premises as she would wish to find them. She is not, mind, exempt from the law in the matter of spraying graffiti, and if told to use the footbath before entering a public swimming-pool, she is legally obliged to comply. She is allowed to drop litter only in the royal parks, but may walk on the grass wherever she takes a fancy to do so.

And finally, when driving — in addition to the seatbelt dispensation with which we began all this — Her Majesty is also allowed to hoot after 11pm, and overtake in the Blackwall Tunnel. If she were to park on a double-yellow line, however, her car would be liable to be towed away, but only by a peer of the realm, with a silken rope.

comment@the-times.co.uk

Alan Coren



comment@the-times.co.uk

سكنا الاصل





Willson  
wheels



## FOOD FOR THE TABLE

Tories need big ideas not small improvements

William Hague spent last night at a dinner to mark the 20th anniversary of Margaret Thatcher's initial election as Prime Minister. He paid a full and appropriate tribute, mindful all the while of the giant gulf between his current prospects and her past achievements. Anniversaries are potent fashions of mythology. It is fashionable in certain Tory circles today to present the Conservative manifesto of 1979 as a seed that contained within it a fully-developed philosophy and programme. In truth, this document was a much more modest text.

That Conservative manifesto did, however, concentrate on the right issues. Mrs Thatcher identified the basic rate of income tax, trade union power, and the dire performance of a state-saturated economy as the central questions. These were, to borrow from Mr Hague's recently adopted vocabulary, the "kitchen table" issues that then absorbed the electorate. The Thatcher Governments proposed radical solutions but imposed their approach step-by-step. This combination of steady principle with subtle practice has ensured her legacy.

Maurice Saatchi and Peter Lilley were both significant figures in the Thatcher years. Lord Saatchi was then known primarily for his powers of presentation. Mr Lilley for his policy initiatives. In a pamphlet published by the Centre for Policy Studies today and in the Rab Butler memorial lecture delivered yesterday these two men have traded places. Lord Saatchi and Dr Peter Warburton put forward the sort of radical plan for the reform of the tax and benefits system that would once have been associated with Mr Lilley. The former Cabinet minister explored the reasons why voters do not trust the Tories to run public services in a public spirited manner and what might be done to rectify this.

Lord Saatchi has made much the more convincing transformation. He argues that the Conservatives need a small set of big ideas that must include a fresh initiative on taxation. This contrasts with the views of the Conservative leader who has convinced himself that his party is seen as "obsessed by economics". According to the Saatchi thesis, voters shifted their support in 1997 because Tony Blair had eased concerns about Labour's competence to protect their incomes and because the Conservatives, after the ERM exit and huge tax increases, had betrayed their supporters. In short, on economics the Tories were not working.

The radical proposals to address this failure rest on a simplification of the tax and benefits system and at this stage, as the authors concede, are not fully developed. Currently small amounts of tax are extracted from a large number of relatively poor people who then need to have their incomes "topped up" by benefits. As well as stopping this, the authors would like to eradicate the vast numbers of tax allowances and reliefs within what is a hideously complicated tax structure. These two ideas

would allow for the merger of several government agencies, thus producing administrative savings that could be redirected towards health and education spending.

This emphasis on tax simplification is right in itself and also one on which the Conservative Party should have already been offering proposals. It has not put forward ideas of consequence in this or any other area. A policy review is taking place under Mr Lilley: but if it were to move any more slowly a bunch of flowers and a letter of condolence would be in order.

In his lecture the Tory deputy leader noted that the Tories were not seen as credible custodians of public services because all too often they appeared to have nothing positive to articulate about them. He suggested that his party would not be able to advance enhanced private provision within a public-private partnership while its real objective appeared to be an outright privatisation of services for which there was no free market alternative.

Mr Lilley should then have outlined the language and policies that might persuade voters to embrace a different balance between public and private activity. Instead he stressed the limits of market economics with such intensity as to convince his listeners that the private sector was already making the maximum desirable contribution. He claimed that there was "no logical reason why any Conservative would want to restrict provision of health care, education or welfare below what the general public want and are prepared to pay for". Incremental improvement was the best he could offer.

This was less the Rab Butler than the Neville Chamberlain memorial lecture. Mr Lilley asserted that the NHS as currently constituted provides a level of service that works "as well as any in the world". He thought that education policy required devolving power not to parents, headteachers or schools but to teachers. Instead of demanding further welfare reform he seemed proud that the current discredited edifice had been "safe in our hands". If the rest of the Tory policy review looks anything like this farrago from the focus groups, there will be little hope for the party at the next election.

Mr Hague has rightly told the Shadow Cabinet that it must concentrate on the issues that matter to ordinary voters. The Conservatives must also associate themselves with substantial solutions to these core problems. They should pursue radical ends by empathetic means not incremental ends by means that are pathetic. Lord Saatchi and Peter Warburton have pointed the Conservative Party in the right direction. Mr Lilley seems, sadly, to prefer a form of intellectual surrender. Mr Hague must obtain a tighter grip on the policy process. There is little point in asking voters to sit around the kitchen table if all the Tories can provide is such gruel.

## BEYOND THE BALKANS

Ankara's new Government should beware the call of the wild

Moderate Turkey has swung towards nationalism. In elections this week, 38 million voters favoured the Democratic Left party of Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit and also the far-right Nationalist Action party known to history as the Grey Wolves. The result makes it likely that Turkey's next government will be a robust coalition led by these two forces.

There is less to fear from this than meets the eye. The vote marks discontent with the weak political establishment; the desire it shows for strong government is positive. Graft and feuds have crippled six Governments since 1995. Economic reform is stalled. Ankara has failed to quell Kurdish nationalist unrest in the southeast. Requests to join the European Union have been snubbed.

This secular protest against Turkey's weakness is less alarming than the religious protest of elections in 1995. A short-lived Islamic Government irritated the army, which saw it as a threat to the secular constitution. The army will be relieved by the Islamists' slump now.

Mr Ecevit has become the symbol of national decisiveness by luck. He took over

just a few weeks before the February capture of Kurdish nationalist Abdullah Ocalan, which prompted a surge of gratitude. But the respect he commands for ordering the invasion of Cyprus in 1974 will make him a stable coalition leader.

There is no immediate cause for concern about Turkey's foreign policy. Chilly relations with Europe could get chillier. But Europeans have only themselves to blame, after shabby treatment of a state whose wish for closer ties deserves respect.

What would cause alarm would be a more aggressive stance towards Turkey's rival, Greece, or bolder policy in its Balkan backyard. Either would worsen regional tension and revive fears of Turkish invasion among Greeks and Serbs. Here, Mr Ecevit should muzzle his probable partners. Nationalist Action's pan-Turkic ideology holds that Turks from the Balkans to China are one nation, led across the world by a legendary grey wolf. In the 1970s, they used violence: now they promise tamer tactics. But snapping at Kurds or regional rivals must be avoided.

It would be dangerous to let the grey wolves have their head.

## NOT BY SEA

New Roman ships but no Latin love

A schoolboy, gazing at a map of the Roman Empire, might deduce that the Romans were skilled sailors, whose power rested on their maritime might. Rome was so conveniently placed for the sea. And it was surely the most awkward place from which to run a land empire: an army had to march half way up Italy before it could even begin a journey anywhere.

The opposite was the case. The Romans were not natural sailors. Evidence of their power is the straight roads which criss-cross Europe, not shipwrecks. Earlier this week, archaeologists near Pisa exhumed eight Roman ships. One might be the first warship ever found on what the Romans had the chutzpah to call "mare nostrum", our sea.

Rome's weakness was most seriously exposed when Carthage sent a fleet against Sicily during the first Punic War. The Romans responded by exploiting and improving others' inventions. Greek ship-builders were employed to build a fleet of

triremes and quinqueremes, the latter patterned after a Carthaginian warship. The Romans then changed naval warfare into something closer to that of a land battle by introducing the *corvus* — a hinged gangplank with a grappling hook. Instead of ramming a ship first, then boarding it later, Roman captains perfected the art of ram-raiding.

These innovations helped Rome to notch up a number of naval victories and secure trade routes to the breadbasket of Egypt. Yet although they boasted of supremacy "terra marique" — on land and sea — the Romans continued to rely on others to crew their boats. Nor, as their poets regularly proved, did they ever love life at sea. Lucan enjoyed watching, from the safety of land, a ship being tossed about on a stormy sea. He did not relish the sufferings of others, merely realising what troubles he had been spared. Romans may have tried to rule the waves, but they never loved being on them.

## Labour MP backs war reporters

From Mrs Alice Mahon, MP for Halifax (Labour)

Sir, Congratulations on your leader defending freedom of speech on the bombing of Yugoslavia ("Sword and pen", April 16). Journalists such as John Simpson [letters, April 17 and 20], Robert Fisk and Tom Walker, who have the courage to report to us from a country under aerial bombardment, deserve nothing but praise for their efforts, irrespective of whether one agrees with the content of individual reports. Government ministers routinely describe Yugoslav television coverage of the war as hateful propaganda and even threatened at one point to bomb Serb transmitters because, hardly surprisingly, they showed little enthusiasm for Nato bombing their cities to rubble.

Yet the same ministers and officials, who criticise propaganda from the other side, are using anonymous briefings to try to impugn the integrity of the small number of Western journalists providing us with on-the-spot reports of the effects of the bombing being done in our name within Yugoslavia. The reason for this is clear. No objective observer on the spot could fail to note the systematic destruction of the civilian infrastructure by Nam bombers and the fact that virtually the entire Serbian population opposes this — just as much as we would if it were being done to our own country.

It may not be good news to learn that Nato bombs are hitting the Serbs behind Milosevic, or killing civilians every day, but it is certainly relevant when considering the pros and cons of this undeclared and illegal war.

In reality, most of our media are overwhelmingly influenced by Nato's own scarcely credible war propaganda. Journalists who try to report objectively, or have the temerity to ask ministers difficult questions, are performing a public service. They should be praised, not vilified.

The British public has the right to know the effect of bombing upon the lives and attitudes of the innocent population of Yugoslavia. If this raises questions about the aims and methods being used in what we were told would be a "humanitarian war", then those legitimate public concerns must be debated not suppressed.

Yours faithfully,  
ALICE MAHON,  
House of Commons,  
April 16.

From Mr F. J. Howard

Sir, I'm sure that during the Second World War Winston Churchill would have loved to have had a German reporter in London regularly telling his countrymen how well the British people were standing up to German bombing raids and how firmly united they were behind their leader.

The only reason John Simpson and his ilk are allowed to remain in Belgrade is because it suits Milosevic to have them there.

When it did not suit in Kosovo, he threw them out.

Yours sincerely,  
FRANK HOWARD,  
37 Alcester Road, Lickey End,  
Bromsgrove B60 1UT,  
April 17.

From Mr Neven Lezic

Sir, You note that as Nato bombing continues it will "pulverise the Yugoslav economy" (leading article, "Clear targets", April 14).

It is hard to imagine how a destroyed and impoverished Serbia will contribute to stability in Europe. Not only is bombing bridges, factories and other non-military targets wrecking what little remains of Yugoslavia's near-bankrupt economy but it is also weakening the democratic opposition to Milosevic. Europe already has one country where lawlessness and anarchy prevail, which is Albania. Nato bombs appear to be creating another.

It is also hard to imagine how more bombing will help make Kosovo a safer place for civilians — Albanian and Serbian — given that the bombing has fuelled extremism on both sides.

Any attempt to use ground troops to "drive (the Serb forces) out of Kosovo" would lead to enormous casualties. Not only would Serbia be fighting to defend its sovereignty, but it would also be defending its historic heartland. Western leaders continue to underestimate the Serbs' emotional and spiritual attachment to Kosovo. For better or worse, most Serbs would eat grass before giving up Kosovo.

Yours faithfully,  
NEVEN LEZIC,  
43 Shepherds Bush Road, W6 7LU,  
April 14.

From Mr Anthony Morris

Sir, As a veteran of combined operations on D-Day, in Burma and French Indo-China (now Vietnam), I agree completely with the gist of Mr Crispin Blunt's letter (April 14), but would go further and suggest that if our Prime Minister had been properly advised, he may have been the only person who could have diverted President Clinton from pressing Nato into the current operation with its increasingly tragic results.

Yours faithfully,  
ANTHONY MORRIS,  
Carn Brea,  
Castle Drive, St Mawes,  
Truro, Cornwall TR2 5DE,  
April 17.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

### Reform of prisons and probation

From Mr Terence Crolley

Sir, The Government must make up its mind about the role of compassion in the criminal justice system. Its muddled thinking is neatly demonstrated by the juxtaposition of your two stories on April 14. The first reports that the Chief Inspector of Prisons would like the Prison Service to be more caring; the second that the Home Secretary wants the Probation Service to be more authoritarian.

Is it any wonder the public is confused?

Yours sincerely,  
TERENCE CROLEY  
(Assistant Chief Probation Officer, 1984-94),  
12 Stanley Road,  
Maghull, Merseyside L31 5JL,  
April 16.

From Mr Stanley Best

Sir, Having read the report by the Chief Inspectors of Prisons and Probation (article, "Lifers spend too long in prison", April 7) I must agree with the authors that the system is in need of urgent reform. The unevenness of treatment mentioned is reflected in other ways as well.

As counsel instructed on behalf of a number of prisoners seeking, from time to time, judicial review of Parole Board decisions, I am told of the difficulties solicitors have in obtaining instructions from prisoners. Whereas many prison officers are helpful and compassionate, some are obstructive.

The solicitor, having booked a visit, may be told on arrival that there is no record of it and cannot see the prisoner. The visiting room at one prison, I am told, seems to be continually "being painted" so that visits are delayed. No sooner are they started, in a corridor, than visiting time is declared at an end.

The solicitor may be rejected for lack of proof of identity, even when he

or she has visited that prison more than once and provided ample proof. I suspect that this difficulty is not confined to one or two individuals and suggest that the chief inspectors should investigate this blot on the system.

There are no uniform visiting hours or days and arranging, from a distance, to make more than one visit a day is impossible.

Yours faithfully,  
STANLEY BEST,  
Veritas Chambers,  
33 Corn Street,  
Bristol BS1 1HT,  
April 13.

From the Chair of the Association of Chief Officers of Probation

Sir, Your leader "On probation" (April 14) is right to identify finding legislative time as the greatest hurdle for reform of probation services but we would dispute your conclusion that probation "is unlikely to make good election fodder".

The probation services' business is serious and large-scale: it involves supervision of over 185,000 offenders, including society's most dangerous, difficult and damaged individuals.

A reorganised probation service with national direction, local administration and better integrated with the other criminal justice services like the police and the courts will be of immeasurable public benefit. The significance of bringing forward legislation cannot be underestimated in terms of reducing crime and meeting the Home Secretary's wish for greater public confidence in a more coherent criminal justice system.

Yours faithfully,  
GEOFF DOBSON,  
Chair, Association of  
Chief Officers of Probation,  
4th Floor,  
8-9 Grosvenor Place, SW1X 7SH,  
April 16.

and the Government to reject this idea, which would hinder the development of digital television and operate against the UK's wider industrial interests.

Yours sincerely,  
CHARLES ALLEN,  
Chief Executive, Granada Group and  
Chairman, GMTV,  
MARK BOOTH,  
Chief Executive, BSkyB,  
STEVEN CAIN,  
Chief Executive, Carlton Communications,  
GREG CLARKE,  
Chief Executive,  
Cable and Wireless Communications,  
STEPHEN GRABINER,  
Chief Executive, ONdigital,  
TONY ILLSLEY,  
Chief Executive,  
Telewest Communications,  
FRANK McGETTIGAN,  
Director and General Manager, Channel 4,  
MALCOLM WALL,  
Chief Executive,  
United Broadcasting and Entertainment,  
c/o Granada Group,  
Stornoway House,  
Cleveland Road, SWIA 1GG,  
April 19.

### Digital TV

From the Chief Executive of the Granada Group, and others

Sir, We read with concern Ray Snoddy's column in Media Times (April 16), where he states that Sir John Birt is leaning toward the option of a higher licence fee for digital television as a means of giving the BBC extra funds. As the Chairman of the BBC Funding Review Panel, Gavyn Davies, has himself argued, this would represent a substantial disincentive to the take-up of digital television.

The Government and the industry have been working to facilitate the introduction of digital television services to the advantage of viewers, broadcasters, programme producers and the electronic manufacturing and retailing industries alike. As a result, the UK now leads the world in developing digital television.

The introduction of a higher digital television licence fee would threaten the enormous progress which has been made so far. We therefore urge both the BBC Funding Review Panel

### 'Lost' war memorial

From the Chairman of the Liverpool Institute for Performing Arts

Sir, I am obviously concerned as to how the Liverpool Institute's Second World War memorial fell into the hands of a second-hand furniture dealer in the city (report and letter, April 20). The memorial was, in fact, not in the building when we acquired it from Liverpool City Council.

My trustees have always been most concerned to ensure that this historic building's mementoes are preserved and, indeed, we recently opened a History Corner in the institute. We would be delighted to include this memorial in the building at any time. I am certain that all the previous scholars (including some of my own family) who graduated from this building, now restored by LIPA from its dilapidated state, are proud that it has already proved such a success with our young students today.

Yours faithfully,  
ANTHONY FIELD,  
Chairman,  
The Liverpool Institute for  
Performing Arts,  
Mount Street, Liverpool L1 9HF,  
April 20.

### EU patron saint

From Mr C. P. Dixon

Sir, Mr James Macdonald is incorrect when he suggests (letter, April 14) that Europe is without a patron saint. St Benedict was proclaimed patron of Europe — feast day, July 11 — back in the 1960s.

Since the monks of St Benedict were pre-eminent in seeing Europe through the Dark Ages, perhaps we should present a copy of his Rule to every new MEP?

Yours etc,  
PETER DIXON,  
18 Carlisle Road,  
Hampton,  
Middlesex TW12 2UL,  
dixons@globalnet.co.uk  
April 14.

From Mr John Offord

Sir, Perhaps the honour should go to Robert Louis Stevenson. You will

## Bees, pollen and modified crops

From Professor George Smith, FRS

Sir, The Department of the Environment has finally discovered that pollen can travel large distances, and that the main agents for this transmission are bees. What an amazing scientific breakthrough after intensive research (report, April 15).

This clearly came as a great shock to the members of the Government's Advisory Committee on Releases to the Environment (Acree), and may be linked to the ending of the appointments of 10 of the 13 members of that committee ("We modify their genes at our peril", Weekend, April 17), which was widely reported last week. It also undermines the whole of the present approach to the isolation of genetically modified crops. How could such an august body have been blind to such an obvious truth for so long?

Yours organically,  
GEORGE SMITH,  
Trinity College, Oxford OX1 3BH,  
April 18.

From Mr Barry Webb

Sir, Had scientists and the Whitehall mandarins had the sense to listen to beekeepers, countrymen or organic growers like myself they would have learnt long before they embarked on testing GM crops, that bees fly up to three miles from their hives in search of food.

But bees whose operations overlap those whose territory includes the GM crop will also come into contact with genetically modified pollen and carry it on because both sets will be visiting the same plants; so the range of influence is up to at least six miles.

The varroa mite, which has devastated our domesticated honey bees, has leapt in six-mile strides from hive to hive. What makes our scientists think that the same won't have happened to the GM genes?

Clare Short, the International Development Secretary, whom you quote (earlier editions), is right to question the motives of large companies in marketing GM foods in Third World countries.

Yours sincerely,  
BARRY WEBB,  
3 Coed-y-llyn,  
Cardiff CF2 6HR,  
April 16.

### New D-G for the BBC

From Mr Henry Kemp

Sir, Let us hope that Sir Christopher Bland, as Chairman of the BBC Governors, will vigorously pursue his assertion (letter, April 20) that the political impartiality of the Corporation has always been and will continue to be jealously guarded. Cracks have certainly appeared in this policy over recent years and the appointment of a new Director-General would afford an excellent opportunity to redress any imbalance perceived of late.

We are assured that the best man for the job will be given the post. To have appeared publicly to have been fervently supporting any particular political party must throw doubt on a candidate's bias.

To have given a donation of £50,000 to a party of whatever persuasion can hardly be regarded as a serious qualification for such an influential position.

Yours faithfully,  
HENRY S. KEMP,  
11 Stevens Lane, Rotherfield Peppard,  
Henley-on-Thames,  
Oxfordshire RG9 5RG,  
April 20.

### Church standards

From Mr David Wickens

Sir, I am encouraged by the Advertising Standards Authority's ruling against a church that claimed a disabled man had been cured by the power of Jesus (report, April 12).

This is not because I have any doubt about the evidence of healing and Resurrection in the Bible but because I look forward to similar scrutiny by the ASA of the claims made by political parties in their various manifestos.

May we all look forward to appropriate compensation if they fail to meet their promises?

Yours faithfully,  
DAVID WICKENS,  
18 Ropers, Burgess Hill,  
West Sussex RH15 0EB,  
April 12.

### Years of training

From Mr Jamie Pearson

Sir, At 48 years old, with a debutante time of 6:37:30 in Sunday's London Marathon, I note in today's report that I had a later arrival — by 5 minutes 54 seconds — than that of 89-year-old Mr Abraham Weintraub.

It may be worth noting that my supporters, having cheered me past the Tower of London, raced to Blackfriars via the Tube... only to discover that I had already limped past and had arrived at Temple Station.

Perhaps an unfair comparison, as surely the District Line is older than Mr Weintraub?

Yours faithfully,  
JAMIE PEARSON  
(Race no. 4269),  
40 Choumert Square, SE15 4RE,  
April 19.







# DAME KATHLEEN RAVEN

**Dame Kathleen Raven, DBE, former Chief Nursing Officer of the United Kingdom, died on April 19 aged 88. She was born on November 9, 1910.**

Kathleen Raven was born in the year that Florence Nightingale died, and it is as a nurse and reformer in the Nightingale tradition that she will be remembered. Like the Lady of the Lamp, she had an affectionate nickname: to the doctors she worked with at St Bartholomew's Hospital in London during the war, she was the Pocky Bantling—a reference to her lack of inches and to her fearlessness in pursuing high standards of patient care.

Her achievements as the UK's Chief Nursing Officer from 1958 to 1972, including the introduction of intensive care, can be attributed to the engaging mixture of energy, determination, charm and humour that first buoyed her up in the dark days of war.

An only daughter who was very close to her three brothers, Kathleen Ingram Raven grew up in the Lake District, skating, fishing, playing hockey and winning school prizes. Educated at Ulverston Grammar School and privately, she originally wanted to be an architect, but she began to see nursing as an attractive option when her eldest brother Ronald (later a distinguished surgeon) was studying medicine at Bart's. She too trained there and, like her brother, won a scholarship—in her case in midwifery.

The medical world was then still remarkably primitive. As late as the 1930s, she was called upon to apply leeches as a cure for pneumonia; she said, calling for all the qualities that

a good nurse should possess, "skillful hands, a good head and a stout heart, and imagination to apply these little black creatures to the patient's chest to relieve the congestion of the lungs, without the patient seeing what was happening." The poverty of her patients of those days was startling. As a midwife in 1937, she regularly delivered babies onto newspapers for families in the Caledonian and City Roads.

She said later that it was during the early years of the war, as a young ward sister at Bart's, that she "learned to deal with sorrow and death and how to 'manage' grieving, heartbroken relatives, sometimes their families wiped out and their homes razed to the ground." On one awful night, when 7,000 Londoners were killed and a further 9,000 were injured, Bart's itself was hit and Raven was blown across the casualty ward by a blast that shattered all the windows. It never entered her head, she said, that she might be killed. "We were all so busy looking after the casualties that we did not have much time to think about ourselves." For two years, her bed was an air mattress on the first floor of the ward block.

Raven left Bart's to become matron at the General Infirmary, Leeds, in 1949, where in the early years of the NHS she introduced many improvements, notably establishing an assistant nurse training school. She also instituted "beaux parlours," places where nurses could meet their men friends, which she based on American examples observed in 1953 during a 13-week tour to study nursing methods in the United States, Canada and South America. As this led to an increase in nurses leaving the profession on marriage, at least nurse



Kathleen Raven as Chief Nursing Officer in 1959. She was instrumental in introducing intensive care to British hospitals

recruitment was never a major problem at Leeds while Raven was at the helm—her stirring visits to local schools saw to that. She was a member of the General Nursing Council of England and Wales from 1950 to 1957.

She was appointed Deputy Chief Nursing Officer at the Ministry of Health in 1957, and promoted to the top job in British nursing within a year. She retained this post for more than 14 years, working with a succession of ministers of

varying political persuasions. Her visits to hospitals in the United States led directly to the introduction of intensive care units in Britain in 1961. She had admired the American hospitals' policy of Progressive Patient Care, which

the ratio of patients to nurses. Her visits to hospitals in the United States led directly to the introduction of intensive care units in Britain in 1961. She had admired the American hospitals' policy of Progressive Patient Care, which

segregated patients according to their needs, and she campaigned strongly for its adoption in Britain. "It had become abundantly clear to me, and to others, that we could no longer sustain having 15 or 20 patients needing this care scattered in 15 different places over a large hospital," she said.

Two years after joining the Ministry of Health, she married Professor John Thornton Ingram, who created the Dermatological Department at Leeds before accepting the first chair in dermatology at Newcastle. "Nurses and doctors must always work together," she said, "sometimes, as the best doctors will admit, the nurse leading the doctor, even at times leading him to the altar."

Nurse training was always among Raven's preoccupations and she was unhappy with a system that had created two classes of nurse, the state-registered nurse, who could train and make her way up the career ladder, and the state-enrolled nurse, who could not. Disenchanted state-enrolled nurses were leaving the profession. So in 1970 Raven persuaded the Health Secretary, Richard Crossman, to set up what became known as the Briggs committee on nurse training, chaired by Professor Asa Briggs (later Lord Briggs).

The Briggs report, published in 1972, recommended a new career structure, with state-enrolled nurses on the first tier but able to train for the second tier and beyond. Raven was enthusiastic about this, but 1972 was the year of her retirement, and it was one of the great disappointments of her life that the recommendations were not implemented.

A more personal sadness came when her husband died just six months after her retirement. But Raven, who was appointed DBE in 1968,

remained active. She became a vice-president of the Royal College of Nursing in 1972, and was also a Civil Service commissioner. From 1972 to 1986 she was part of a team sending up hospitals in the Middle East, staffed and managed on traditional British lines. In 1986, she received the Freedom of the City of London.

Raven lamented the end, in 1988, of nurses' on-ward apprenticeships and the greater concentration on academic training. She feared that patients, were increasingly the focus of attention, and that clipboards, not the sick, were being clasped to the bosom. "Have we forgotten the magic of touch or the importance of a nurse's hands?" she asked. "The new system is not working. Young enthusiastic nurses, anxious to nurse in its fullest sense, must be taught the emotional part of nursing by example and feel, by experience."

So strongly did she feel that, in 1997, at the age of 86, she endowed the Kathleen Raven Chair in Clinical Nursing at the University of Leeds, with the aim of restoring to the profession the old-fashioned system of teaching by example, alongside patients. Dr Claire Hale took up the chair in September 1998, and shortly afterwards Raven brought together a group of distinguished nursing and medical people to look afresh into the subject of nurse training. Sadly she was able to attend only one meeting before going into hospital herself.

A lively hostess who thought nothing of cooking lunch for 40, Kathleen Raven was a lively character, but always dignified. Painting was a great hobby, along with friendship. Last year, aged 88, she had written 250 Christmas cards. She had no children.

## ADOLFO BIOY CASARES

**Adolfo Bioy Casares, Argentine writer, died in Buenos Aires on March 8 aged 84. He was born on September 15, 1914.**

THE death of Adolfo Bioy Casares brings to a close the extraordinary period of literary renewal in Argentina that began in the 1940s. He will no doubt be remembered, somewhat unfairly, as the close friend and collaborator of Jorge Luis Borges, with whom he conducted the ceaseless intellectual conversation that shaped their mutual oeuvre.

Together, and with help from Bioy Casares's wife, Silvina Ocampo, they edited the *Antología de Literatura Fantástica* (1940), *The Book of Fantasy* (1988), which began a trend for mixing fiction and reality, and was a marked influence on the somewhat misnamed "magic realism" of Julio Cortázar and Gabriel García Márquez.

But their association went beyond this. The two were passionate readers of detective novels, and together—under the pseudonym H. Bustos



Domecq—they wrote baroque short stories about an armchair detective capable of solving mysteries from an isolation prison cell. Their composite name was to become visible as a trademark among modern Latin American fabulists such as Alcina Lubitch Domecq.

Borges inserted Bioy Casares as a character in his famous story *Tlon, Uqbar, Orbis Tertius*. It is he, according to Borges, who uttered the famous sentence: "Mirrors and copulation are abominable, because they increase the

number of men." It was a tribute, of course, and also a misrepresentation, for Bioy Casares was well known for his passion for women. In a later interview, he said that when sex is performed out of love it is beautiful, but so is it when love is absent.

In turn, Bioy Casares paid homage to Borges in a variety of ways. His reminiscence appears in *The Oxford Book of Latin American Essays* (1998). But Borges's brightness resulted in the overshadowing of Bioy Casares's talents. He was a prolific, endearing writer in his own right, responsible for classics such as the 1940 novel *La invención de Morel* (tr. *The Invention of Morel* in 1961), a book inspired by H.G. Wells's *The Island of Doctor Moreau*.

Born in 1914, Bioy Casares came from a well-to-do family. He began his literary career at the age of eleven with a novel called *Iris y Margarita*. But later on he disclaimed this and all his adolescent experiments, describing them as too flaccid. In his youth he studied law and then switched to philosophy. Apparently it was Borges, whom he met in 1935, who persuaded him to move on to literature, where he found his true calling. His most famous works include *Diario de la Guerra del Cerdo* (1969, tr. *Diary of the War of the Pig*, 1972), *Sueño de los héroes* (1954, tr. *Dream of the Hero*, 1987) and *Adventuras de un fotógrafo en La Plata* (1989, tr. *Adventures of a Photographer in La Plata*, 1991).

His favourite themes were love and what Borges called games with time. But Bioy Casares infused them with irony and an existential mood that is reminiscent of Albert Camus and Jean-Paul Sartre. He married Silvina Ocampo in 1944. She was the sister of Victoria Ocampo, famous as the matron of Argentine letters and editor of the magazine *Sur*.

She died in 1993. They had a single daughter, who died in a road accident before her mother. Bioy Casares was awarded the Cervantes Prize, the most prestigious literary award in the Hispanic world, in 1990.

## NORMAN WILLIAMS

**Norman Williams, lawyer and philatelist, died on April 9 aged 85. He was born in London on March 25, 1914.**

THE NAME Norman Williams was a byword for thoroughness and accuracy in the two fields where he made his mark, philately and the law, in a working life which continued well into his ninth decade.

Leon Norman Williams was 20 when he first contributed on stamps to philatelic journals and the daily press. In those days he wrote jointly with his elder brother, Maurice, and together they wrote thousands of articles and more than thirty books, as well as editing journals, lecturing and broadcasting on radio and television.

Their first book was *The Propaganda Forgeries: A History and Description of the Austrian, Bavarian and German Stamps Counterfeited by Order of the British Government*. During the Great War, published in 1938, and its successors included *Famous Stamps* (1940), *The Postage Stamp* (1956)—a Penguin book which was translated into several languages including Japanese and Russian, and *Rare Stamps* (1967).

But the work for which Williams will be best remembered is *Fundamentals of Philately*, the most comprehensive yet written about stamp design and production, which is recognised as the classic in its field. The book began as a series of articles in *The American Philatelist* in 1954; these were collected together in 1971, and a revised edition appeared in 1990.

His final work was the *Encyclopaedia of Rare and Famous Stamps*, dedicated to his brother, who died in 1976, and published in two parts in 1993 and 1997. It detailed the history and ownership of such famous stamps as the Post Office Mauritius, the Hawaii Missionaries and the Cape



Williams: well-known to both philatelists and lawyers

of Good Hope triangulars.

Norman Williams's work in philately was recognised with many honours: he was a Fellow of the Royal Philatelic Society, London; an honorary life member of the National Philatelic Society; a founder member and vice-chairman of the Philatelic Writers' Society; and a founder member and president of the Cinderella Stamp Club, which deals with stamps and labels outside the mainstream of those issued by national post offices. It was the study and pursuit of information about these "cinderellas" that gave him the greatest challenge and the greatest pleasure.

He was a life member of the American Philatelic Society,

which presented him with the John N. Luff Award for outstanding services to philately. He also received awards at philatelic exhibitions throughout the world.

While Maurice Williams had worked full time in philately, Norman Williams was called to the Bar in 1943 during his war service in West Africa with the Royal Artillery, when he rose to the rank of captain. After the war he practised in the chambers of J. E. S. Simon, QC (later Lord Simon of Glaisdale) but early in the 1960s he switched to law reporting, and became a fixture in Court 4, the Lord Chief Justice's Court, at the Royal Courts of Justice in the Strand.

There he sat, just to one side of the gangway, listening and writing, a subtle frown or gesture sometimes querying the words delivered from the Bench.

He had joined the Incorporated Council of Law Reporting in 1962, and began to contribute to the Law Reports in *The Times*. He went on to work under five Chief Justices—the Lords Parker, Widgery, Lane, Taylor and Bingham—the first of whom encouraged him to launch the Road Traffic Reports in 1970. Williams was particularly touched when Lord Bingham delivered a rare valediction on Williams's retirement in 1997.

Of the many cases that he had reported, one stood out: the libel action brought by Dr Wladislaw Dering against Leon Uris, 1964. The case, which commanded national and international attention, concerned Nazi brutalities in the concentration camp at Auschwitz, and the daily law reports in *The Times* by Williams and a fellow reporter, Mavis Hill, often ran to two full columns. The reports were adapted into the book *Auschwitz in England*, with a foreword by Lord Denning, and until recently *Dering v Uris* was the only war crimes trial in Britain.

Williams was a devoted family man, proud of his Jewish heritage, and a keen follower of sport. A useful athlete and club cricketer in his younger days, he was tickled by his appearance on the front page of *The Times* in June 1996 with his wife, Denise, sitting in the pavilion at Lord's on the first occasion that women were permitted to view play from those seats.

He is survived by his wife, whom he married in 1943, and two sons, one of whom is also associated with *The Times*, as a senior member of the sports department.

## PERSONAL COLUMN

### FLIGHTS DIRECTORY

#### FLIGHTSEEKERS

FLIGHTSEEKERS  
FLIGHTS AVAILABLE  
SPAIN £120  
ITALY £120  
Greece £120  
Cyprus £120  
Malta £120  
Sicily £120  
Sardinia £120  
Tuscany £120  
Venice £120  
Florence £120  
Rome £120  
Naples £120  
Bari £120  
Brindisi £120  
Athens £120  
Thessalonika £120  
Istanbul £120  
Ankara £120  
Antalya £120  
Samsun £120  
Trabzon £120  
Erzurum £120  
Van £120  
Diyarbakir £120  
Hakkari £120  
Mardin £120  
Silvan £120  
Mosul £120  
Baghdad £120  
Amman £120  
Beirut £120  
Damascus £120  
Tehran £120  
Kabul £120  
Karachi £120  
Colombo £120  
Singapore £120  
Bangkok £120  
Manila £120  
Hong Kong £120  
Taipei £120  
Seoul £120  
Tokyo £120  
Osaka £120  
Kyoto £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Kobe £120  
Sendai £120  
Miyazaki £120  
Naha £120  
Fukushima £120  
Mito £120  
Utsunomiya £120  
Maebashi £120  
Tokushima £120  
Takamatsu £120  
Kure £120  
Yamaguchi £120  
Hiroshima £120  
Fukuoka £120  
Nagasaki £120  
Yokohama £120  
Sapporo £12



# Surprise leaders in the science rankings

Honours are spread widely in the latest league tables, says John O'Leary

The eight tables below, covering science and technology, complete the new subject rankings compiled this year. Seven universities head the tables, illustrating the breadth of excellence in the British higher education system. Neither Oxford nor Cambridge tops more than one table, a feat achieved only by Nottingham University.

As with the tables for arts and social sciences, published yesterday, the rankings are produced by combining official teaching and research assessments with average entry qualifications. The teaching quality rating is weighted 25, research 1.5 and A-level points one.

Through engineering assessments are now virtually complete, mathematics and some science subjects, including physics, are still to be fully assessed in England.

The seven science and engineering tables published last year have changed little because the teaching and research assessments will not be updated until after the millennium. They do show greater domination by Oxford and Cambridge, although Bath and East Anglia remain leaders in their fields.

Oxford and Cambridge are locked together at the head of the geology table, with top ratings for both teaching and research. Plymouth represents the new universities in the top ten, while Newcastle is the nearest challenger to the ancient universities.

Chemistry sees the same dead heat for top place: Oxford and Cam-

bridge are again the only universities with maximum points for research. Imperial College London and Bristol fill the next positions.

Cambridge heads two other tables, although both are narrow victories. In computing, the top six universities all have excellent ratings for teaching and a five-star grade for research, but Cambridge's unusually high entrance qualifications win the day. Warwick is second and York third. The same applies in geography, where the top four are all rated excellent for teaching and have the best possible score for research. Bristol, Durham and University College London are Cambridge's closest rivals. East Anglia has an even narrower lead in the environmental science table, squeezing out Reading with fractionally better A-level entrance grades. Both have maximum scores for teaching and research.

The two previous engineering tables are also closely contested. Bath remains just ahead of Sheffield because of a five-star research grade, with both universities rated excellent for teaching. Imperial College London is top for chemical engineering for the same reason, although Cambridge achieved the better rating for teaching quality.

Warwick University was omitted from Monday's applications table. A 12 per cent increase this year should have put it in fourth place. The decline in applications to King's College London was exaggerated in the compilation of the statistics by admissions officials, and should have been 4.4 per cent.



Rebecca Holland, award-winning chemistry student from Bristol

Oxford and Cambridge — what admissions tutors are looking for, and how to choose between colleges

# Let the workplace come to the class

Last week David Blunkett urged all universities to demand that their students gain work experience ahead of graduation. The proposal is intended to placate employers who have long complained that graduates lack workplace aptitude, from basic communication skills to operating a photocopier.

Students would be wise to heed Mr Blunkett's call. A recent survey by the Institute for Employment Research at the University of Warwick found that half the graduates surveyed reported that relevant work experience was a crucial factor in enabling them to find employment. Sixty per cent of arts and humanities, modern languages and natural sciences graduates attributed problems finding work to lack of practical experience.

Some universities are ahead of Mr Blunkett. Nottingham in effect invites workplaces into the university to encourage the emergence of entrepreneurs. Every year 100 of its science and technology students work in teams to devise business strategies for an imaginary biotechnology project that is taking in the cash. Teaching is provided by people who deal with such companies for a living — business executives, patent lawyers and accountancy firms. Marks are awarded by a team of assessors from inside and outside the university.

Professor John Peberdy came up with the idea for the course in 1991. "I realised there was a gap between science as we taught it at university and how it becomes real in terms of products in the marketplace," he explains. "We aim to enhance students' employability — teaching them to be resourceful, self-reliant, innovative and imaginative."

Other universities send their students out into the working world. De Montfort University's business studies course has been arranging 12-month industrial placements for undergraduates for more than 20 years, which generates heavy demand from canny sixth-formers. At any one time, 150 students are out on placement, earning, on average, between £7,000 and £10,000. So successful is the scheme that

Innovative schemes are being devised on and off campus to give real-world experience to students, reports Hannah Betts

companies such as Marks & Spencer have integrated De Montfort's sandwich year within their own strategies of graduate recruitment.

Perry Robb, the placement officer, says: "Before they go off, the students are pretty green around the gills. By the time they return, they have matured."

The Department for Education and Employment is also sponsoring projects at selected universities around England. The North East Work Experience Project is the responsibility of Newcastle and Northumbria universities. Manchester and UMIST run the Work Experience Bank. Business Bridge is a scheme shared between Liverpool's universities, while a project called Improving the Quality of Work Experience in Higher Education finds its home at the University of Wolverhampton. The universities of Plymouth and Exeter have conspired to produce the Jewels scheme, which provides advice on everything from sandwich courses to burger bar jobs.

Even if students are not fortunate enough to be able to benefit from one of these schemes, there are other routes they can follow.

The Shell Technology Enterprise Programme (STEP) is open to second-year undergraduates at every university. The scheme was started 12 years ago and 1,500 students now pass through its programme of eight weeks with a small to medium-size enterprise every year. Pay is £130 a week, tax-free.

Twenty-one-year-old Rebecca Holland is a chemistry finalist at Bristol who won last year's award

for Step's most enterprising student.

Ms Holland had previously spent vacations working in a shoe shop, but she decided last summer to do something more demanding. The STEP programme took her to Shipley Europe Ltd, where she discovered that there was a cheaper, more environmentally sensitive alternative to using chromic acid for plating metal into plastic, which will lead to savings of up to £30,000 for the company.

"One of the best things about working was that people respected your point of view," she said. "At university you're never in a position to know as much as your tutors. But in the workplace, you may know more than the company does. One graduate can make a real impact, which does amazing things for your confidence."

Ninety per cent of STEP students find employment soon after graduating. Ms Holland is no exception and will join Nestlé's very competitive graduate programme after her finals.

"It was so much more confident in my approach to gaining employment," she recalls. "I was no longer in awe of workplaces." When interviewers asked her to give an example of a situation in which she had improved the cost-effectiveness of a company, she was able to give an answer that far outstripped the usual "when I ran the college sports team" responses.

Ms Holland would recommend the STEP scheme and others like it to all students — particularly because she found it enjoyable. "I needed to earn money over the summer," she said, "and I wanted to increase my employability. But I had no idea how much fun it would turn out to be."

Working Out? Graduates' early experiences of the labour market, by Kate Purcell, Jane Pitcher and Clare Simm, price £40, is available from the Higher Education Careers Services Unit, Prospects House, Booth St East, Manchester M13 9EP. Step hotline 01623-469 030; or www.shell-step.org.uk

## EIGHT NEW SUBJECT TABLES FOR SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

### Materials

18 London Guildhall	59.30
19 Manchester Metro	59.05
20 Brunel	56.19

Competition was intense for the leading places. Eight universities had five-star ratings for research, and they did not include Imperial College London, the only institution to win maximum points for teaching quality. Oxford's all-round performance, with the highest entry qualifications, the maximum score for research and 23 out of 24 for teaching, won the day. Cambridge was only a fraction behind.

The ranking is dominated by the traditional universities, with only Sheffield Hallam, London Guildhall and Manchester Metropolitan making the top 20 from the former polytechnics. The subject has not been assessed in Scotland, but Swansea carries the flag for Wales in fifth place.

Assessors found that employment prospects were "excellent", although drop-out rates were high in some universities. The main problem they identified was the recruitment of well-qualified applicants. Only five universities' entrants had the equivalent of three Cs at A level. Teaching standards and the general quality of classroom activities were considered high.

1 Oxford	95.83
2 Cambridge	94.79
3 Imperial	93.35
4 Sheffield	84.47
5 Swansea	80.71
6 Liverpool	80.00
7 Manchester	77.78
8 UMIST	75.35
9 Birmingham	74.44
10 Nottingham	72.12
11 Loughborough	69.92
12 Bath	69.54
13 Surrey	69.16
14 Exeter	67.66
15 Queen Mary Coll	65.28
16 Leeds	64.47
17 Sheffield Hallam	62.22

Reading may come out top of the overall league table for building degrees, but seventh-place Kingston scores most for the quality of its teaching with a perfect 24. Plymouth and Oxford Brookes also did well, achieving scores of 23.

But it is Reading and Salford that carry off the honours for research with maximum grades of a 5\* each. Loughborough, UCL and Heriot-Watt follow on 5.

Most undergraduate building programmes are accredited, usually by a chartered professional body. The majority of these courses recruit white male students, despite efforts to increase applications from less well-represented groups.

1 Reading	86.46
2 Ulster	78.93
3 Loughborough	76.47
4 UCL	74.64
5 Westminster	73.91
6 UMIST	73.23
7 Kingston	66.72
8 Salford	66.58
9 Oxford Brookes	65.66
10 Heriot-Watt	64.84
11 Nottingham Trent	58.83
12 Northumbria	56.91
13 Liverpool JMU	56.68
14 Plymouth	55.62
15 Coventry	55.17
16 Greenwich	54.16
17 Luton	54.12
18 Hertfordshire	53.90
19 Liverpool	53.50
20 Teesside	53.44

### Food Science

Nottingham is a comfortable winner in the first ranking of food science, which contains only a dozen universities. Three quarters of the institutions offering the subject are

former polytechnics, but the table is dominated by four traditional universities.

Only two universities reached the top of the research assessment ladder, and Nottingham entered far more academics than Leeds, the other five-star performer. Nottingham's entrants averaged a modest 15 points at A level (fewer than two Cs and a D), but its 23 points out of 24 were top for teaching quality.

Successful students' job prospects are good, according to the overview published by the Higher Education Funding Council for England.

1 Nottingham	95.40
2 Reading	84.58
3 Leeds	78.93
4 Queens Belfast	71.21
5 Oxford Brookes	64.03
6 North London	55.21
7 Huddersfield	50.23
8 Teesside	46.80
9 Bournemouth	46.65
10 Lincs & Hum'side	46.17
11 Manchester Metro	42.54
12 South Bank	41.21

Points for teaching quality were hard won in civil engineering. While three universities reached the top rank of the last research assessment, 22 out of 24 was the most that was awarded for teaching in England and no Scottish university was rated excellent.

Only Cardiff and Swansea reached the top grade for teaching. Swansea also had a five-star research rating, but low entry grades relegated it to sixth, while Cardiff has to settle for fourth.

Bristol's all-round performance secured top place, with Imperial College London, another of the five-star research departments, second. Newcastle was the other top-rated research university, but

its teaching and A-level scores pulled it down to eleventh. Greenwich is the only new university to feature in the top 20.

1 Bristol	93.13
2 Imperial	90.91
3 UCL	90.69
4 Cardiff	89.84
5 Nottingham	89.11
6 Swansea	85.51
7 Bath	84.94
8 Sheffield	80.94
9 Queens Belfast	79.96
10 Edinburgh	79.65
11 Newcastle	79.11
12 Liverpool	78.82
13 Surrey	78.66
14 UMIST	77.97
15 Loughborough	76.42
16 Heriot-Watt	74.38
17 Birmingham	72.31
18 Dundee	71.96
19 Greenwich	71.28
20 Southampton	71.24

Though not one of the two universities with perfect teaching quality grades, Imperial College's high entrance scores and top rating for research secured top place in this specialised engineering field.

The ranking includes some universities that chose to have their mechanical engineering degrees assessed in this category, but Imperial's four-year MSc courses are mainly aeronautical. Second-placed Bath has aeronautical, manufacturing and mechanical engineering degrees. Nottingham, third, and Kingston, fifteenth, are the two top-rated universities for teaching quality.

Aston University is yet to be inspected and Scottish universities do not have a separate teaching assessment for the subjects. But the overview for England reported a 95 per cent completion rate, with most graduates securing relevant

employment. However, the assessors found that a "significant proportion" of entrants need extra mathematics coaching to cope with their course. They also saw scope for more industrial involvement in many programmes.

1 Imperial	88.44
2 Bath	87.69
3 Nottingham	86.41
4 UMIST	83.59
5 Loughborough	82.07
6 UCL	80.12
7 Bristol	79.21
8 Southampton	78.59
9 Cardiff	75.30
10 Cranfield	75.00
11 Queens Belfast	74.58
12 Liverpool	69.20
13 Manchester	65.45
14 Birmingham	62.15
15 Kingston	60.38
16 Brunel	59.69
17 Central England	55.95
18 London, Kings	55.20
19 Queen Mary Coll	54.33
20 Anglia	54.23

Sheffield, Southampton and Edinburgh are the star players for Electrical & Electronic Engineering — each achieving perfect scores for teaching and research in what is a highly competitive field.

Imperial, Bristol, York, Birmingham, Queens, Strathclyde, Essex, Cardiff, Heriot-Watt and Hull all gain maximum results for their teaching. UCL and Surrey excel in research.

Across the board, standards are high, with none of the 20 universities that offer the course falling below an overall score of 70 and the top seven each achieving more than 90.

Disturbingly, completion rates are a problem on several courses, in some cases falling to 40 per cent. Many of the assessors' reports express concern at relatively high failure rates in the first two years of undergraduate programmes — a statistic that they attribute to difficulties in acquiring the requisite mathematical skills.

However, of those who do stay the course, six months after graduation about 80 per cent have entered employment or embarked on further studies and employers express a high level of satisfaction with the skills of graduates.

1 Sheffield	98.08
2 Southampton	96.18
3 Edinburgh	91.47
4 UCL	91.44
5 Imperial	91.18
6 Bristol	91.09
7 Surrey	90.83
8 York	87.16
9 Birmingham	85.75
10 Queens Belfast	85.71

### General Engineering

Less than half an A-level point separates Oxford and Cambridge at the head of the general engineering table. Both achieved near-perfect teaching quality ratings and the maximum score for research.

The two ancient universities had the only top-rated research departments, but third-placed Imperial College London and Southampton, in fifth, matched them for teaching quality. Liverpool John Moores is the top-placed new university, but Herefordshire and Central Lancashire also feature in the top 20.

In most universities, general engineering programmes are tailored to the recruitment needs of industry. Though drop-out rates are as high as 40 per cent in some courses, assessors said that most graduates found jobs or took further courses. About a quarter leave with an MEng, rather than a bachelor's degree.

Industrial sponsorship is common, covering more than half of the students in two of the English universities to be assessed. Overall, one student in five is female — a higher proportion than in some other branches of engineering — and there are five applications to every place.

1 Cambridge	100.00
2 Oxford	99.68
3 Imperial	91.18
4 Durham	86.58
5 Southampton	84.36
6 Warwick	76.48
7 Lancaster	75.91
8 Brunel	70.31
9 Ulster	68.59
10 Leicester	68.07
11 Liverpool	65.81
12 Liverpool JMU	65.44
13 Hertfordshire	59.61
14 Exeter	59.51
15 Central Lancashire	57.70
16 Queen Mary Coll	56.95
17 Bradford	54.34
18 Cranfield	53.56
19 Sussex	51.65
20 Aberdeen	48.70

### Architecture

No universities scored maximum points for teaching or research in architecture and forestry. But Nottingham came close in both cases, taking it well clear of its rivals.

Teaching in the area is yet to be assessed in Scotland, and it is possible that Edinburgh will take top place when it is. Its students have the best entry qualifications in Britain and it is almost the equal of Nottingham for research.

For now, however, Edinburgh has to settle for third place behind Newcastle. Plymouth registered the best teaching assessment of the new universities, but a disastrous research grade left the university trailing both Bournemouth and Lincolnshire & Humberside.

Assessors in England found room for improvement in teaching in all but two of the universities and colleges they inspected. The area includes

subjects such as floristry, horse studies and even golf-course management, as well as the traditional degrees in agriculture and forestry. Most courses offer work placements, and employment prospects for graduates are good.

1 Nottingham	92.96
2 Newcastle	85.54
3 Edinburgh	83.82
4 Aberdeen	77.30
5 Reading	76.81
6 Cranfield	74.64
7 Leeds	70.21
8 Queens Belfast	66.25
9 Lincs & Hum'side	65.52
10 Bournemouth	63.85
11 Plymouth	58.25
12 Bangor	54.83
13 Aberystwyth	45.19
14 De Montfort	40.88

## BOOK OFFER THE TIMES

**THE TIMES Good University Guide**  
Only £9.99 including p&p

Choosing the right university has never been more important — or difficult. The Times Good University Guide 1999 is the authoritative guide for Britain's universities and tells you what you need to know to pick your way through the higher education maze.

### THE BOOK FEATURES:

- The Times league table of universities
  - The top universities by subject
  - Entry requirements
  - Full profiles of every university and every Oxbridge college
  - University cities
- Edited by John O'Leary, Education Editor of The Times, readers can buy a copy for £9.99 including p&p, saving £1 on the normal price of £10.99.

**The Times Good University Guide**

Name/Mr/Ms/Ms Address Postcode

Please send me copies of The Times Good University Guide at £9.99 per copy. (I'll add p&p.) I enclose a cheque/PO/s made payable to: The Times FTBSS

Value Card No. Please write name and address on back of all cheques

Send coupon and remittance to: The Times Good University Guide FTBSS, PO Box 25520, London NW7 3ZT. Allow 28 days for delivery from receipt of order. No claims for loss in transit can be made after 30 days. If dissatisfied, please return the book within seven days for a full refund. The offer is subject to availability. Please tick box if you do not wish to receive further details from The Times or companies approved by us.

**CREDIT CARD ORDERS ON 0870 1267 581**

CHANGING TIMES



Fieldwork: students from the University of East Anglia, rated top of The Times table for environmental science



## Queen's Bench Divisional Court

Law Report April 21 1999

Court of Appeal

## Refusal to quash prosecution lawful

## No power to enforce witness confrontation

**Regina v Director of Public Prosecutions, Ex parte Duckenfield and Another**  
**Regina v South Yorkshire Police Authority and Another, Ex parte Chief Constable of South Yorkshire and Others**  
 Before Lord Justice Laws, Mr Justice Cresswell and Mr Justice Latham  
 [Judgment March 31]

The decision of the Director of Public Prosecutions not to exercise his power to take over a private prosecution against two police officers in order to discontinue it was not unlawful.

A police authority's powers were not limited to those specifically conferred upon it, since it was empowered to do anything which reasonably supported the general function conferred on it by section 6(1) of the Police Act 1966, namely to "secure the maintenance of an efficient and effective police force for its area".

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court so held, when:

- 1 Dismissing in part applications by Mr Duckenfield, Mr Cresswell and Mr Latham, solicitors for the DPP, and Mr Nigel Baker, QC and Mr Mark Shaw, QC for the DPP, to quash the DPP's decision to discontinue the prosecution of two police officers for the murder of a child.

2 Allowing applications by the Chief Constable of South Yorkshire and the two appellants for judicial review of the decision of the DPP to discontinue the prosecution of two police officers for the murder of a child.

3 Allowing applications by the Chief Constable of South Yorkshire and the two appellants for judicial review of the decision of the DPP to discontinue the prosecution of two police officers for the murder of a child.

In 1988, anticipating the bringing of private prosecutions against the two officers in respect of their actions on the day of the disaster, the South Yorkshire Police Authority granted their applications for financial assistance to defend the prosecutions.

Private prosecutions were begun against the officers in July 1988, both being charged with manslaughter and wilful neglect to perform a public duty, and Mr Duckenfield alone being charged with attempting to pervert the course of justice.

Both officers made representations to the DPP that he should exercise his power under section 6(2) of the Prosecution of Offences Act 1985 to take over the conduct of the proceedings and then discontinue them under section 23(3) of that Act, but the DPP declined to do so.

Subsequently, in February 1999, the police authority decided that it had no power to provide financial assistance to the officers for the purposes of defending the private prosecutions or seeking judicial review of the DPP's decision.

Mr Michael Harrison, QC and Mr Simon Myerson for the police officers; Mr Philip Havers, QC for the DPP; Mr Alan Jones, QC and Mr James Lewis for the appellants; Mr Nigel Baker, QC and Mr Mark Shaw, QC for the DPP; Mr Presley Baxendale, QC and Mr Mark Shaw for the police authority.

MR JUSTICE LAWS said that there were two linked applications: the challenge to the DPP's decision to take over and discontinue the private prosecutions, and the challenge to the decision of the police authority that it did not have the power to provide legal funding for the officers.

The reasons for the DPP's decision had been given in a letter which also set out the DPP's policy on discontinuing private prosecutions. Mr Harrison had made six submissions:

1 Since under section 32(2)(b) of the 1985 Act, as amended by section 15 of the Criminal Justice Act 1987, it was ordinarily the DPP's duty to institute proceedings in cases of importance or difficulty, the DPP should entertain a heightened concern when considering whether or not to take over a private prosecution of that kind, and lean in favour of discontinuance, which he had not done.

In his Lordship's judgment, the right of private prosecution preserved by section 6(1) was in no way qualified by section 32(2)(b).

which had nothing to do with the discretion to take over such a prosecution under section 6(2).

2 It was not submitted, relying on the obiter dicta of Lord Wilberforce and Lord Diplock in *Gourlay v Union of Post Office Workers* [1978] AC 435, 477, 498, that the right of private prosecution operated as a constitutional safeguard in cases of inertia, partiality or improper action by the prosecution, and that where there was nothing of that kind present, the DPP should lean towards intervention to stop the prosecution.

His Lordship pointed out that the obiter dicta of Lord Wilberforce and Lord Diplock in *Gourlay* were not binding on the DPP in this case.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

ment, holding that the policy was perfectly consistent with the objects of the 1985 Act, and that it was strongly arguable that the test intended for by the applicants would place an illegitimate constraint upon the right of private prosecution.

In his Lordship's judgment, the DPP's policy was not unlawful, nor had it been unlawfully applied.

3 Finally, it was argued that the DPP had been wrong to let the charge of attempting to pervert the course of justice against Mr Duckenfield go ahead having found that there was no case to answer on that charge.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

The DPP's reason had been that it was only appropriate to intervene in proceedings in their entirety or not at all, and so he had decided against discontinuing the charge while leaving the others.

section 11(1) did not help the authority.

In his Lordship's judgment, Ms Baxendale's argument on section 11(1) was wrong. The scheme of the 1996 Act involved the distribution of responsibilities between the chief constable, the secretary of state, and the police authority.

A consideration of those three interlocking roles led to the conclusion that Parliament could not have intended that the police authority should only be empowered to incur expenditure in support of those duties and ancillary powers specifically conferred upon it.

Section 11(1) must, in that context, allow the police authority to support what its express powers and duties also supported, namely its general function conferred by section 6(1). That was enough to displace the case in the applicants' favour.

His Lordship also went on to consider Ms Baxendale's argument on section 6(1). She supported her argument with reference to section 38(4) of the 1996 Act which conferred an express power on police authorities to fund police officers' costs in tort proceedings, but made no mention of funding other kinds of proceedings.

In his Lordship's judgment, section 38(4) was self-standing and had no implications for the general reach of a police authority's functions. In his Lordship's view, section 6(1) enabled a police authority to do things which reasonably supported the function conferred by section 6(1).

His Lordship noted that any decision taken under section 11(1) would be subject to the principles of *Associated Provincial Picture Houses Ltd v Wednesbury Corporation* [1948] 1 KB 223 and *Pafford v Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food* [1968] AC 997, but the use of section 11(1) to finance police officers' legal expenses in litigation, including defending private prosecutions brought against them and the bringing of judicial review proceedings by them could not in principle be ruled unlawful on those grounds.

Mr Justice Cresswell and Mr Justice Latham agreed.

Solicitors: Windworth, Sherwood, London and Walker Morris, Leeds; Crown Prosecution Service, Headquarters; Ms Ann Adlington, Liverpool; Hammond Suddards, Leeds; Garretts, Leeds.

**Regina v Jones (Derek) Regina v Nelson (Gary)**  
 Before Lord Justice Beldam, Mr Justice Auld and Mr Justice Gray  
 [Judgment March 26]

There was no power enabling the police to use reasonable force to make a suspect submit to a confrontation by a witness.

The Court of Appeal, Criminal Division, so held in a reserved judgment allowing appeals by Derek Jones and Gary Nelson against their convictions in July 1997 at Bristol Crown Court (Mr Justice Keene and a jury) of murder, attempted murder and violent disorder. Restraints were ordered.

Mr Ian MacDonald, QC, for Jones; Mr Courtney Griffiths for Nelson; Mr Roderick Denyer, QC, for the Crown.

LORD JUSTICE BELDAM, delivering the judgment of the court, said that a co-defendant had been convicted of the murder of one man and the attempted murder of another. The appellants were convicted of being concerned in that murder and attempted murder.

The prosecution had arranged for an identity parade to take place some 18 months after the event but the appellants had declined to attend on the ground that an identification made so long after the event would have no value.

The inspector in charge decided that the witness should be confronted with the appellants. Jones objected and put a garment over his head and generally refused to cooperate.

Three police officers then used a degree of physical force to make his face visible, to restrain him and at one point to close his mouth. There was a continuing struggle throughout the confrontation during which the witness looked through a viewing panel. Those events were recorded on video and were not in dispute.

Nelson, who was waiting in a room nearby, had heard the commotion, including shouting by Jones when he was being made to confront the witness. The inspector in charge told Nelson that, if he did not consent to a confrontation quickly, reasonable force would be used to compel him to do so. Nelson then agreed to be confronted and was identified.

It was submitted by counsel on behalf of the appellants that there was a clear breach of Code D of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PCEA) in that the trial judge should have ruled that evidence of identification in those circumstances was inadmissible.

The judge had accepted a submission that it was permissible for the police to use force to bring about the confrontation to ensure that the process was not frustrated and that the Code permitted it.

Mr Denyer sought to justify the use of force by reference to the 1984 Act and the Code made thereunder, particularly Code D and Annex C thereto which dealt with confrontation.

He also relied on Code C, Conditions of Detention, where in paragraph C8.3 "Reasonable force may be used if necessary... (i) to secure compliance with reasonable instructions, including instructions given in pursuance of the provisions of a code of practice..."

He then referred to section 117 of the 1984 Act, which provided: "Where any provision of this Act... (a) confers a power on a constable, and (b) does not provide that the power may only be exercised with the consent of some person, other than a police officer, the officer may use reasonable force, if necessary, in the exercise of the power..."

In their Lordships' view, section 117 was not to be interpreted as giving a right to exercise force whenever the consent of a suspect to a course of action taken under the Act by a constable was not required.

Code D with its annexes was made under section 66. There was no express or implied power to authorise a constable to use force in the Code.

On the contrary, it was to be presumed that any such power was exclusively contained in section 117. The mere fact that the secretary of state had included in Code C a requirement that reasonable force might be used to secure conditions of detention did not, in their Lordships' view, authorise the use of force, reasonable or otherwise, to bring about a confrontation.

There had been a breach of the Code of Practice in relation to each appellant. It was impossible to say what impact this identification evidence had on the jury and, accordingly, the appeals would be allowed.

Solicitors: Tyndallwoods, Birmingham; Crown Prosecution Service, Bristol.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

## Deceased's estate cannot continue race bias claim

**Lewisham and Guys Mental Health NHS Trust v Andrews**  
 Before Mr Justice Morison, Mr R. Jackson and Mrs R. A. Vickers  
 [Judgment March 26]

There was no provision in the Race Relations Act 1976 for an applicant's claim of unlawful discrimination to be continued after his death by his estate.

The Employment Appeal Tribunal so held when allowing an appeal by Lewisham and Guys Mental Health NHS Trust from a decision of a chairman of an industrial tribunal sitting at London (South) last December appointing the daughter of the deceased applicant, the late Mrs Marcia Andrews, as the appropriate person to proceed with the claim.

The trust, the employers, had appealed on the ground that the industrial tribunal's powers were determined by statute and in the absence of any statutory authority the tribunal had no inherent jurisdiction to allow the claim to proceed.

Mr Andrew Rowland, solicitor for the trust; Mr John Crossill, assigned by the Free Representation Unit, for the daughter.

MR JUSTICE MORISON said that the applicant's complaint of discrimination was received by the industrial tribunal on April 6, 1998 and she died on August 23.

Her family wished to continue with the discrimination complaint. The chairman of the industrial tribunal held that a personal representative could proceed.

The employers submitted on appeal that whereas statutory provisions in section 206 and 207 of the Employment Rights Act 1996, permitted a personal representative of a deceased person to continue a claim or start proceedings for unfair dismissal after his death there was no comparable provision in either the Race Relations Act 1976 or the Sex Discrimination Act 1975.

They also submitted that it was a general principle that where a party to legal proceedings died those proceedings abated unless another person could, by virtue of the provisions of the Act, take the case forward.

They said there was no power conferred on tribunals to substitute the estate for a person making a complaint of unlawful discrimination, and accordingly the tribunal had no jurisdiction.

The appeal tribunal concluded that section 1(1) of the Law Reform (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 1934, provided that causes of action might survive for the benefit of or against the estate of the deceased so as to include rights of action founded on breaches of contractual obligations or for personal injuries to the deceased, including damages for pain and suffering and for loss of expectation of life and also to include rights of action founded on statutory duties or rights.

But in relation to the latter, it was a matter of construing the statute to see whether the rights of action were conferred by the statute were capable of surviving for the benefit of the estate of the deceased. In principle no right of liability of a purely personal nature could be assigned by operation of law.

Having regard to the legislative background to the proceedings it seemed that Parliament had elected not to provide that a cause of action under the discrimination legislation survived for the benefit of the estate. That was in contrast to the way Parliament had dealt with other rights such as unfair dismissal where specific statutory provisions had been introduced.

There was nothing in the discrimination legislation itself, nor in the Industrial Tribunals Rules of Procedure (SI 1993 No 2687), nor in the Employment Tribunals Act 1998, which enabled or entitled a personal representative to be substituted for a deceased complainant in a complaint of unlawful discrimination.

Those statutory rights which were akin to statutory torts were not, as a matter of construction, capable of devolving on the estate. The tribunal had erred in law and the appeal would be allowed.

Solicitors: Capsticks, Putney.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourned.

Their Lordships expressed concern that counsel for the offender had provided a fairly detailed analysis of some of the facts that were in issue but the application had not been reconsidered at that time.

It was doubted whether if the present situation recurred the court would be prepared to order an adjournment but rather, on the basis that the case was not sufficiently prepared, would be inclined simply to refuse leave.

Solicitors: Treasury Solicitor.

longed piece of bad driving. The judge concluded that this was an isolated incident of momentary error with the most tragic consequences and he identified as the main aggravating feature that the offender did not stop and help after the accident.

Their Lordships thought that the Attorney-General had to be consulted so that he could decide whether on the basis of the facts which could be proved it would be appropriate to refer to or continue with his reference. The application for leave would, accordingly, be adjourn







Pursuing  
endless  
pleasure

Arts, page 43

BUSINESS • ARTS • MARATHON • SPORT • TELEVISION

# THE TIMES

BUSINESS EDITOR Patience Wheatcroft

WEDNESDAY APRIL 21 1999

All main economic regions set for growth improvement in 2000

## IMF says crisis is over

FROM ANATOLE KALETSKY  
IN WASHINGTON

THE International Monetary Fund yesterday declared an end to the worst phase of the world economic crisis that began almost two years ago in Asia and then spread to Russia and Latin America.

In its authoritative *World Economic Outlook*, published in Washington, the IMF said that all the main regions of the world should enjoy a significant improvement in economic conditions next year and that developing countries in Asia and Latin America would see a significant rebound.

While the IMF expects euro-zone growth to recover to 2.9 per cent in 2000, it conceded that one of the biggest risks for the world economy in the year ahead was that "the recent weakening of the euro area may turn out not to be transitory in spite of the welcome further reduction in interest rates in April".

Michael Mussa, IMF chief economist, said a further reduction in European interest

rates could be appropriate if there were no signs of economic recovery in Europe over the coming months.

Commenting on the assertion by Wim Duisenberg, President of the European Central Bank, that this month's monetary easing would be the last in the present cycle, Mr Mussa said that central bankers should "never say never".

For Britain, the IMF figures

show a somewhat slower recovery than the one anticipated by the Treasury and the Bank of England. The IMF expects only 0.7 per cent growth in 1999, compared with the Treasury's 1.5 per cent forecast. In 2000, the IMF figures show growth of 2.1 per cent, against the Treasury's 2.25 to 2.75 per cent forecast.

But IMF officials said the differences were not statistically

significant and emphasised that they had no fundamental disagreement with the Government on Britain's economic outlook.

The officials said that the IMF's lower figures were partly attributable to a recent revision of statistics for 1998 GDP by the Office for National Statistics, which had changed the baselines used for the forecasts. They added that the

most recent reduction in British interest rates and the strong revival in business and consumer confidence would probably increase the momentum of recovery in Britain and that the first quarter of this year would almost certainly prove the low point of the current economic cycle.

For the world as a whole, the IMF expects GDP growth to slow marginally this year,

from 2.5 per cent in 1998 to 2.3 per cent in 1999. The world economy should then accelerate to 3.4 per cent in 2000.

The US is the only large economy in which the IMF anticipates a slowdown and even there it attaches a much lower probability to earlier fears about a "hard landing" caused by a stock market crash or a balance of payments crisis.

The forecasts for newly industrialised economies in Asia have also been upgraded sharply. Even in Russia there has been a slight upgrading of the economic outlook, although the economy is still expected to shrink by 7 per cent this year and to stagnate in 2000.

The Japanese economy is forecast to shrink by 1.4 per cent this year and to grow by only 0.3 per cent in 2000.

This contrasts starkly with the Japanese Government's official projection of 0.5 per cent growth in the fiscal year 1999-2000.

**LINKS**

Commentary, page 31

### BUDGET EFFECT ADDS TO THE RATE OF INFLATION

INFLATION veered sharply off target in March but with most of the rise resulting from Budget tax increases, the City remains hopeful of further interest rate cuts (Alasdair Murray writes).

There was also good news for Gordon Brown as he beat his own full-year borrowing forecasts with a £7.4 billion budget surplus, the best performance for a decade. Underlying inflation, which excludes mortgage interest payments, jumped above the Bank of England's target rate, climbing from 2.4 per cent to 2.7 per cent in March.

The rise, however, had been anticipated by the markets because of the excise

duty rises, which added about 0.3 percentage points to the rate of inflation.

The City, which is expecting the Budget effect to drop out of the data in April, was also reassured by a better performance from the other measures of inflation. Headline inflation remained unchanged at 2.1 per cent with falling interest rate payments compensating for the rise in excise duties.

RPIY, which excludes taxes and mortgage interest payments, actually fell from 1.8 per cent to 1.7 per cent due to a decline in seasonal food prices.

Separate data published yesterday supported the soft inflationary trend with en-

gineering sector wage growth continuing to fall steadily. Average pay deals declined from 2.6 per cent to 2.5 per cent in the three months to the end of February.

The Government recorded a full-year public sector net cash requirement surplus of £7.4 billion, compared with a Treasury forecast of £5.2 billion.

The strong performance was helped by a 14 per cent annual rise in income tax receipts helped by the self-assessment tax system. The Treasury also kept a tight rein on spending, which rose by just 3 per cent, suggesting real spending growth of only about 0.5 per cent.

Commentary, page 31

## Arnault raises glass to d'Yquem purchase

BY FRASER NELSON

BERNARD ARNAULT, chairman of LVMH, has won his three-year battle for control of the Chateau d'Yquem vineyard — home to the most expensive wine in the world. Count Alexandre de Lur-Saluces has given up fighting M. Arnault's advances and has sold out to him for £27 million.

LVMH will now own a controlling 64 per cent stake in Chateau d'Yquem, in a deal that values the Bordeaux vineyard at £100 million.

The takeover saga started when M. Arnault stood up the Count at a Tokyo wine-tasting session in 1996.

When the Count returned to France, he learnt that Eugene, his 77-year-old brother, had agreed to sell his 17 per cent stake to M. Arnault — allowing LVMH to mount a £50 million takeover bid.

He tried to sue Eugene, arguing he was mentally unfit to sell his shares and legally forbidden from doing so without family permission. The wrangle has been in French courts until last month, when M. Arnault almost doubled his original offer.

The Count, who will continue to run the vineyard, said: "My responsibility is to do all I can to ensure that Yquem remains unchanged. The assurance I have received from Bernard Arnault appears to guarantee the values I hold dear."

He had previously denounced M. Arnault as a "corporate shark" and a "charlatan." Chateau d'Yquem has been run by the Lur-Saluces family for the past 406 years.

Its dessert wine costs between £150 and £8,000 a bottle. It will now join Moët & Chandon, Dom Pérignon and Veuve Clicquot in the LVMH drinks stable.

**LINKS**

Commentary, page 31



Count Alexandre de Lur-Saluces among the vines that produce the famed Chateau d'Yquem dessert wines that sell for between £150 and £8,000 a bottle

## Olympics lose J&J funding after scandal

BY JASON NISSE

THE Olympics has suffered its first big sponsorship defection since the corruption scandal erupted within International Olympic Committee, the body that runs the games.

Johnson & Johnson, the US healthcare group, has abandoned plans for a \$30 million (£19 million) deal to back the Winter Olympics at Salt Lake City in 2002.

It is expected to be followed by news that John Hancock, the US insurance group, based in New England, is not going to renew its \$50 million sponsorship deal after next year's summer Games in Sydney.

John Hancock — which, unlike Johnson & Johnson, is one of the IOC's 11 core "partners" — has been outspoken in its criticism of how the organisation has been dealing with the corruption scandal and has removed the Olym-

pic symbol from its advertising literature.

Revelations about gifts given by the Salt Lake City organising committee to IOC members are at the heart of the corruption scandal, which has seen ten IOC members resign or be fired.

J&J has been in talks with the US Olympic Organising Committee for some months about Salt Lake City. It sent advisers to the IOC meeting last month when the IOC adopted measures aimed at tackling corruption in the organisation. J&J admitted that the corruption scandal was a factor in its decision against sponsorship.

Michael Payne, the IOC's marketing director, denied that the J&J decision was a big blow. "We talk to potential sponsors all the time and there are a whole series of reasons why deals cannot be concluded," he said.

## Corzine looks at LTCM deal

FROM ADAM JONES  
IN NEW YORK

JON CORZINE, the co-chairman of Goldman Sachs, may launch a buyout of Long Term Capital Management, the hedge fund whose near-collapse caused global market chaos last year.

Mr Corzine, who is due to leave Goldman after it floats this year, is understood to be sounding out potential backers with the help of John Merriweather, the former Salomon Brothers trader who founded the hedge fund, and other LTCM partners. A source close to the parties said: "It's in a very early stage."

LTCM came close to bankruptcy after Russia's financial crisis hit bond markets last year, savaging LTCM's portfolio. A consortium of 14 banks and brokers, including Goldman Sachs, Merrill Lynch and Barclays, put \$3.6 billion into LTCM to keep it afloat, giving it 90 per cent of the fund. The other ten per cent is owned by the original LTCM investors.

## Alchemy may be on the Inn Business trail

BY DOMINIC WALSH

ALCHEMY PARTNERS, the venture capital group, is understood to be in talks to acquire Inn Business, the tenant-owned pub operator, for more than £60 million.

Undeterred by the recent failure of its attempt to buy Vaux Breweries from Swallow Group, Alchemy is also among the bidders for Swallow's tenanted pub estate, which is expected to fetch more than £120 million.

Alchemy's ambitious twin-pronged move is set against a background of a rapidly consolidating tenanted pub sector. To date, Enterprise Inns and Nomura, the Japanese-owned securities house, have led the way, but Jon Moulton, Alchemy's managing partner, who recently acquired Ushers of Trowbridge, is clearly keen to catch up.

His cash offer for Inn Business is believed to be worth be-

tween 80p and 90p a share, valuing the company at £64 million to £72 million — or £100 million-plus including borrowings. Last night, the shares closed 3p higher at 71p.

Alan Jackson, the Inn Business chairman, is thought to have contacted Alchemy in the wake of an unsolicited approach in January from Enterprise Inns. Enterprise subsequently withdrew but is expected to return to fray when Alchemy bids.

Including Scorpio Inns, in which it has a 25 per cent stake, Inn Business has a total estate of almost 700 pubs. It recently reported a 20 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £7.6 million from turnover of £37.6 million. It has a net asset value of 70p.

Neither Alchemy nor Inn Business would comment.

Tempus, page 32

## Shares hit by big sales of hi-tech stocks

BY ALASDAIR MURRAY  
ECONOMICS  
CORRESPONDENT

THE stock market yesterday tumbled 200 points to record its heaviest losses this year as an overnight sell-off of technology stocks on Wall Street spilled over into Europe.

The FTSE 100 index closed down 195.8 at 6319.5, or 3 per cent, having fallen by as much as 235 points at one stage. It was the largest fall since early December last year.

Other European markets were also caught in the firing line with shares in Paris declining by 2.9 per cent. German shares closed down similar amounts with Deutsche Telekom tumbling 4 per cent despite continuing hopes of a merger with Telecom Italia.

The London market was unnerved by the abrupt turnaround on Wall Street during Monday's trading. The Dow Jones Industrial Index had been as much as 220 points higher by close in London but later nosedived to close trading 53.4 lower.

The downwards trend continued yesterday with the Dow Jones slipping around 45 points in early trading and offering London little fresh support. The separate Nasdaq index, which has a heavy concentration of technology stocks, also followed its 5.5 per cent dive on Monday with further losses.

Technology stocks took a beating in London with Dixons, which has made strong gains due to the success of its Freeserve Internet service, losing nearly 8.5 per cent.

Traders were divided on whether the fall marked the end of this bull run, or whether investors were just pausing for breath. Some analysts took the markdown in technology shares as a positive sign, setting the stage for more broad market spread gains in the coming weeks.

The pound had a quieter day, gaining around half a cent against the dollar to close at \$1.6161. The euro also held firm after hitting a record low on Monday to reach 65.94p.

Commentary, page 31

Mural  
on the  
move  
Arts, page 41

## Business Today

Commentary:  
Market snubs IMF 31  
Stock Market:  
Greenalls interest 32  
Equity prices: 35  
Unit trusts: 36



### The great divide

North v South dimension to economic policymaking is becoming a staple of political debate

Page 33

STOCK MARKET INDEXES	
FTSE 100	6319.5 (-195.8)
Yield	2.19%
FTSE All Share	2525.26 (-80.89)
Nikkei	16697.11 (-22.90)
New York	10399.30 (-41.23)
Dow Jones	1200.48 (-10.98)
S&P Composite	1200.48 (-10.98)

US RATE	
Federal Funds	4.75% (4.75%)
Long bond	5.89% (5.89%)
Yield	5.89% (5.89%)

LONDON MONEY	
3-month Interbank	5.75% (5.75%)
Life long off	117.48 (117.08)
Future (Jun)	117.48 (117.08)

STERLING	
New York	1.6145 (1.6115)
London	1.6163 (1.6120)
€	1.5167 (1.5169)
Sfr	2.4294 (2.4320)
Yen	191.13 (190.31)
£ index	104.8 (103.5)

DOLLAR	
London	1.0630 (1.0630)
Sfr	1.5061 (1.5062)
Yen	115.17 (115.17)
£ index	108.2 (108.2)

NORTH SEA OIL	
Brent15-day (Jul)	\$15.70 (\$15.75)

GOLD	
London close	\$284.85 (\$283.45)

\* denotes midday trading prices

Exchange rates Page 30

## DTI and Bank attacked by union leaders

BY CHRISTINE BUCKLEY  
INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

UNION LEADERS yesterday rounded on the Government and the Bank of England, demanding action to revive manufacturing. Their attacks come as the future of the Kvaerner/Govan shipyard hangs in the balance and follow a stream of job losses.

John Edmonds, General Secretary of the GMB, blamed the Department of Trade and Industry and the Bank's Monetary Policy Committee for leaving

manufacturing "to live year by year on the edge of extinction".

Roger Lyons, leader of the MSF, joined the calls for a shake-up of the Monetary Policy Committee, saying it had little appreciation of manufacturing and the effects of job losses on regions such as Scotland, which has one of the highest unemployment rates. He said the Bank should be renamed "the Bank of South-East England". He called for the MPC's Alan Budd to be replaced by a manufacturing expert.

Mr Edmonds told the Scottish Trades Union Congress that if manufacturing were to have a future there was "no place for the DTI mentality" and that "setting interest rates is too important to be left to a bunch of dilettantes". He spoke as unions backed a call for a full-scale strategic review of manufacturing industry and urged the Government to bring forward Ministry of Defence contracts to help prospects for the threatened Kvaerner shipyards.

While Mr Edmonds emphasised

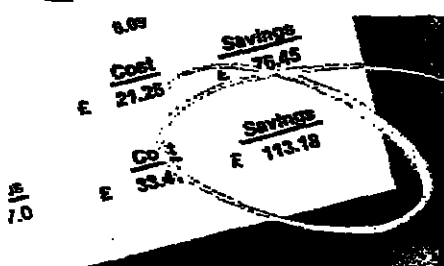
he was not criticising Stephen Byers, the Trade and Industry Secretary, who helped to secure the future of Rover's Longbridge plant, he said that the prevailing attitude of DTI civil servants was to discourage anything they feared as protectionism.

He said a union-backed move to promote British goods was snubbed by the DTI in favour of a European campaign. He said as soon as the minister "relaxes for a moment", the DTI offers manufacturing initiatives little support.



John Edmonds: on the attack

Say what  
you like.



We'll still save you money.

Open an AXS Telecom account and you can save up to 80% on your international calls at any time of the day or night. Calling mobiles and long-distance in the UK is much cheaper, too.

There's no need to change your telephone number, phone or line. Just add AXS Telecom to your existing telephone service and check out the change in your next phone bill. There are no monthly charges and no minimum usage requirements.

So for a prepayment of just £25, why not start talking and start saving now?

	AXS	21	Savings
Australia	8p	49p	84%
France	8p	28p	72%
Germany	8p	28p	72%
USA	5p	24p	78%

Call free to find out more on  
0800 358 2223

AXS  
TELECOM

www.axstel.com



## SB hopes for brittle bone treatment dashed

By PAUL DURMAN

SIDE effect problems have forced SmithKline Beecham to abandon work on an osteoporosis drug that was one of its most promising compounds after spending hundreds of millions of pounds on its development.

The setback with idoxifene, which was intended to prevent the brittle bone disease, will increase the importance placed on Avandia, the potential diabetes blockbuster, which American regulators will review tomorrow. The success of Avandia, which if approved could be launched in June, is seen as the cornerstone of SB's future growth, and even of the company's continued independence.

Jan Leschly, chief executive, said SB had spent "hundreds of millions" on taking idoxifene through to phase III trials but a recent review concluded that the drug would not be effective. Some forecasts had suggested the drug could generate annual sales of almost £500 million a year. SB is continuing to develop the compound to treat breast cancer.

The group reported strong first-quarter results, with pre-tax profits 10 per cent ahead at £510 million from sales 11 per cent higher at £2.1 billion. The growth came largely from Seroquel/Paxil, the anti-depressant that is winning market share from Eli Lilly's Prozac, from the antibiotic Augmentin, whose sales rose 19 per cent to £297 million, and from Nicorette and other anti-smoking products, where sales grew by two-thirds to £112 million.

SB has also had to stop work on developing Famvir to treat hepatitis B because of poor trial results. Mr Leschly said SB still had six drugs in phase III development, including Ariflo for emphysema, the potent antibiotic Factive and Bexxar for non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.

Mr Leschly dismissed persistent suggestions that he intends to retire early — a move seen as encouraging the likelihood of SB entering into a merger.

He said the company was on course to meet its forecast for this year of underlying earnings growth of 13 per cent. After adjusting for currency fluctuations, first-quarter earnings per share rose by exactly this amount.

Clinical Laboratories and Diversified Pharmaceutical Services, the two American businesses recently sold for \$2 billion (£1.25 billion), contributed quarterly profits of only £11 million, although this was a sharp improvement on last year.

The success with smoking cessation products enabled the consumer healthcare division to increase profits by 27 per cent to £89 million.

Tempus, page 32

## NET PROFITS

www.times-money.co.uk



Bill Wood, left, managing director of Cosalt, and Neil Carrick, financial director, wearing survival clothing made by the supplier of workwear and safety equipment to unveil flat profits of £2.3 million in its half year to February 28. Cosalt blamed "challenging" trading conditions. Earnings per share fell 4 per cent, to 12.8p. The interim payout rises to 4.75p (4.5p).

## Bank chiefs fear cost of three-way merger

FROM PAUL ARMSTRONG IN PARIS

THE French banking industry is leaping for its future amid the growing prospect that the hostile three-way merger between Banque Paribas, Société Générale and Banque Nationale de Paris (BNP) could end in stalemate.

The banks' senior executives acknowledge that the bitter battle may fail to produce a clear winner, instead leaving the financiers linked by a string of minority shareholdings.

They say this would undermine the strength of the industry and they have no idea how France's banking regulators would solve the problem.

"That is a way of destroying the French banking system," Daniel Bouton, the chairman

of SocGen, said yesterday. The French Government, through its regulators, has promised to intervene in such circumstances. But many are concerned that the distractions and uncertainty could encourage foreign banks to take a closer look at the French market.

Regulatory intervention would also send an unfavourable message to international investors about France's progress in developing its financial system.

SocGen and Paribas have agreed to merge, but the deal has been complicated by a Fr208 billion (£20.9 billion) hostile takeover bid for both banks by BNP.

SocGen and Paribas are re-

jecting BNP's offer on the grounds that a hostile, three-way merger has never been achieved in the banking sector and would not work in this case.

M Bouton claimed yesterday that a three-way merger would see the trio's combined revenue from retail banking fall by at least 5 per cent, and possibly much more.

He argued that the revenue drop, which would be caused by customers taking some of their business to banks unconnected to the group, would occur immediately.

But M Bouton said it would take significantly longer to bring down costs to the same extent.

SocGen and Paribas also rejected suggestions made yesterday by Claude Bébér, a BNP director, who claimed that senior executives of the two take-over targets had told him in February that they might be interested in forging closer ties with a retail bank such as BNP.

André Levy-Lang, Paribas chairman, said the possibility of a three-way merger involving BNP was first raised by AXA, the French insurance group chaired by M Bébér. M Bébér is also a director of SocGen and Paribas.

M Levy-Lang said he and M Bouton told M Bébér that they "had other things to worry about than BNP".

## Shell says Europe is hindering ethical line

By CARL MORTISHED  
INTERNATIONAL  
BUSINESS EDITOR

SHELL, the multinational oil company, says that European law is preventing it from black-listing corrupt oil industry contractors.

The Anglo-Dutch oil group yesterday published its annual report on ethics and sustainable development, which disclosed that it sacked 69 contractors and suppliers last year. It dismissed three employees for alleged bribery in 1998 and decisions are pending on three.

Mark Moody-Stuart, Shell's chairman, admitted that the ethics of some suppliers were highly questionable. "I would dearly love to cross them off the list," he said. "If we did so, we would be in trouble with the European Commission."

He denied that Shell hid behind its contractors in countries, such as Nigeria, where corruption is widespread. "If we felt a company was not behaving ethically in relation to our business, we would terminate that contract," he said.

Mr Moody-Stuart admitted, however, that the problem is common. "You cannot impose on people's general work your own standards," he said. "If we did that, we could not deal with certain companies. If you read the French newspapers, you would see that is the case."

Shell's report, *People, Planet & Profits*, shows a reduction in incidents of corruption among staff compared with 1997, when 23 people were sacked. However, the report indicates that a fifth of the group's 131 country chairmen identified bribery and corruption as a concern.

Shell's report includes critiques of its social development policy, published from its Internet forum. One entry reads: "All very well, but how did you manage to lose 25 per cent of the stock value in two months? By social activity? Get real!"

Mr Moody-Stuart said: "Our commitment to sustainable development is inextricably linked to our long-term business."

## BUSINESS ROUNDUP

### C&W poised to raise bid for IDC

THE financial and political battle to control IDC, one of Japan's leading telephone companies, will intensify today when Cable & Wireless raises its ¥63 billion (£330 million) bid for the company. The move comes amid a rumbling political dispute over alleged Japanese protectionism, sparked by IDC's acceptance of an offer from NTT, Japan's dominant telecoms operator in which the Tokyo Government has a controlling stake. C&W is expected to approach IDC's shareholders directly with its new offer, which analysts believe could be as high as ¥70 billion. C&W already has a 17.7 per cent stake in the business.

Stephen Byers, Britain's Trade and Industry Secretary, has already written to the Japanese Government, warning it that if NTT gains control of IDC, it will "raise regulatory and competition issues".

### Internet warning

WESTERN EUROPE faces a devastating shortage of almost 600,000 Internet experts by 2002, potentially ruining the region's economic competitiveness, a report out today says. The shortage is likely to hit small and medium-sized firms hardest because it will let freelancing "networking professionals" keep on raising their fees. *The Internet Economy - An Employment Paradox?* by IDC, the researcher, for Cisco Systems, forecasts a UK shortage of about 82,000 experts by 2002.

### Jurys takes over Doyle

JURYS Hotel Group has finally coaxed its privately-owned Dublin rival, Doyle Hotel Group, to the altar. Seven months after it admitted being in talks, Jurys yesterday announced it was taking over Doyle for £238.2 million (£157 million). Including debt, Doyle is worth £34.4 million. Jurys, to be renamed Jurys Doyle Hotel Group, is paying half in new shares and the balance in cash. Doyle has seven hotels in Dublin, three in Washington DC and the Clifton Ford Hotel in London.

### Video five sign up

FIVE video games developers, with an average age of 28, yesterday signed a multi-million pound deal with Eidos, the company behind its games titles such as *Tomb Raider*. The five are to develop new titles for Eidos through their Free Radical Design company. Four of them were previously responsible for the *Goldeneye* video game adaptation of the James Bond film, which has so far sold more than six million copies. The terms of yesterday's deal have not been disclosed.

### Bellway sales slip

BELLWAY, the residential housebuilder, blamed delays in the planning process for a slight drop in the number of sales in the first half but said it was confident of making up ground during the rest of the year. Pre-tax profits for the six months to January 31, 1999, fell to £21.2 million, from £22.8 million, as the number of homes sold in the period slipped to 2,007 from 2,092. The interim dividend rises to 3.3p (3.0p).

### New Michelin man

MICHELIN, the French tyre manufacturer, yesterday announced that Edouard Michelin, 36, would succeed his father, Francois, 73, as head of the secretive, family-controlled firm. The transition comes as a sensitive time for Michelin, following an 8.5 per cent fall in profits last year to Fr 3.7 billion (£372 million) because of the intense competition with Bridgestone and Goodyear.

### McCarthy & Stone up

MCCARTHY & STONE, the retirement homes builder, is to exploit the "firmness" in the housing market to invest up to £20 million in the North East and West of England. In the six months to February 28, the company sold 605 homes up from 490 last time, and booked a 33 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £12.1 million on turnover of £1.7 million (£41.0 million). The interim dividend rises to 1.33p (1.0p).

### Air Partner down 35%

AIR PARTNER, the chartered corporate jet group formerly known as Air London International, said yesterday that profits slumped 35 per cent at the interim stage because of a fall off in demand over the Christmas quarter. Pre-tax profits for the six months to January 31 were £849,000, but the company is raising the interim dividend to 3.5p (3p) on improved prospects for the second half. The shares fell 12 1/2p to 21 1/2p.

## No recession for us, says St Ives

By ROBERT COLE, CITY CORRESPONDENT

MILES EMLEY, the chairman of magazine and direct mail printer St Ives, said yesterday that the much feared UK recession had not hit — at least not in its markets.

St Ives is closely linked with many parts of the economy, printing books — including Maeve Binchy bestsellers — a range of consumer and professional magazines, direct mailings, and documentation for mergers and acquisitions. Yesterday Mr Emley said: "This was the recession that never was."

But he added: "The growth

rate has slowed and, to use the jargon, there is a soft landing."

His comments came as St Ives posted a 13 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £27.3 million for the six months to 29 January. Earnings per share rose to 18.04p from 16.23p and the half time dividend is 0.5p ahead at 4.25p.

St Ives shares were the best performing of the top 350 London stocks yesterday rising more than 10 per cent to 530p, on a day of sharply falling markets.

Tempus, page 32



Miles Emley: 'soft landing'

## HSBC's star team of five makes £8m

By JASON NISSE

TWO employees of HSBC Holdings, the banking group, earned more than £2 million last year according to the company's annual report.

One picked up a package worth between £2.4 million and £2.5 million and another received between £2.1 million and £2.2 million.

They were among a team of five traders who earned a total of £8.18 million between them. The five — not named — almost certainly work at HSBC Investment Bank in London.

The worst-paid of the five earned the same as the best-

paid director of HSBC, the chairman of the group's Hongkong Bank subsidiary, John Strickland. Mr Strickland, who retired at the end of last year, received a total package worth £934,000.

The report also points out that senior directors and managers are in line for a £3.03 million windfall from the group's restricted share plan. This scheme was opposed by many shareholders when it was introduced in 1996 because it was too generous to its recipients.

Commentary, page 31

## It's the good life for L&G and the Pru

By GAVIN LUMSDEN

THE life insurance sector remained in buoyant mood yesterday as Legal & General and Prudential revealed new business had risen by 32 per cent and 18 per cent respectively in the first quarter of the year.

Consolidating its dominance of the market in pooled corporate pension funds, L&G won a string of new mandates for its index tracking investment

style, giving it £2.9 billion of new money to manage, an increase of 97 per cent on the same period last year.

Meanwhile, the Pru's banking operations, including Egg, brought in another £3 billion to deposits, bringing to £5 billion the total of cash it now handles on behalf of 400,000 savers.

In their core areas of long-term savings, both insurers reported good growth, although the two trends away from regular premiums towards one-

off payments and away from pension towards investment policies continued.

Single premium with profit and investment bonds proved especially popular as older savers shifted money out of low interest building society and bank accounts. L&G's bond sales rose 42.4 per cent to £144 million while the Pru's Prudential Bond surged 59 per cent to £434 million.

Overall, L&G saw UK weighted individual sales, including Peps and unit

trusts, advance by 29.3 per cent to £100.5 million.

By contrast, the Pru's entire UK operation increased sales by a relatively meagre 8 per cent to £215 million. Scottish Amicable, the group's channel for independent financial advisers, achieved a 24 per cent rise in sales to £111 million, although the effect of this was negated by the Pru's salesforce which upped sales by 10 per cent to £104 million.

## EXCHANGE RATES

Bank	Bank	Bank	Bank
Buy	Sell	Buy	Sell
Australia \$	2.59	2.41	
Austria Sch	21.89	20.23	
Belgium Fr	64.43	59.47	
Canada \$	2.532	2.344	
Cyprus Cyp £	0.9213	0.8498	
Denmark Kr	11.87	10.98	
Egypt	5.74	5.13	
Finland Mk	9.58	8.83	
France Fr	10.43	9.65	
Germany DM	3.133	2.891	
Greece Dr	820	481	
Hong Kong \$	13.38	12.18	
Indonesia	1,300	1,110	
Ireland P	1,765	1,585	
Israel She	1,2501	1,1611	
	6.90	6.24	
Italy Lira		3115	2878
Japan Yen		205.74	188.21
Malta		0.684	0.655
Netherlands Gld		3.336	3.341
New Zealand \$		3.09	2.86
Norway Kr		13.18	12.24
Portugal Esc		316.88	294.85
S. Africa R		10.45	9.49
Spain Ptas		264.09	245.30
Sweden Kr		14.32	13.22
Switzerland Fr		2.588	2.370
Turkey Lira		637.74	590.70
USA \$		1.727	1.584

Rates for small denomination banknotes only as supplied by Barclays Bank. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques. Rates as at close of trading yesterday.

# open.for.business@demon

when demon hosts your website you'll never be closed. whatever the size of your business, a high-performance website will get information to your customers, staff or suppliers whenever they want it, and fast. demon internet provides web hosting services for more businesses than any other provider in europe. so to find out what demon can offer your business call 0800 027 9199 or write your name and address anywhere on this ad and send it to freepost demon.

**Demon Internet**  
**0800 027 9199**

www.demon.net email: netsales@demon.net







# Shares go their own way



COMMENTARY  
by our City Editor

As the IMF sounded the all-clear yesterday, investors apparently drove for the air raid shelters. In Washington, they may have decided that global meltdown is not about to happen but in London, this welcome reassurance was greeted with a near-200 point fall in the FTSE.

Could this apparently churlish response have actually been the result of a close reading of the IMF forecasts and a realisation that, while worldwide recession may have been avoided, share prices have run way out of line of growth prospects? Unlikely. What we saw was just a little bout of profit-taking rather than any dawning of long-term common sense.

That Dixons was one of the major victims does not amount to a realisation that its sudden transformation into an Internet stock is, to be charitable, still unproven. The shares still trade at almost twice their low point for the year. No wonder some were tempted to crystallise the extraordinary gains they have made.

COLT Telecom, even after yesterday's hefty 71p dip, remains in the stratosphere, and profitless. At some stage, stock markets on both sides of the Atlantic will have to reassess valuations in relation to earnings, but that day has not yet arrived. The IMF takes the view that the threat of a stock market crash in the US is now abating, but a significant adjustment is inevitable.

For the UK, the IMF predicts only 0.7 per cent growth in the

current year, lower than the Treasury's own forecast of between 1 and 1.5 per cent. That FTSE companies are now selling on an average of more than 28 times earnings indicates the incredibly optimistic view being pursued by some investors.

Looked at starkly, the figures are enough to drive one into sympathising with poor Tony Dye and his colleagues at PDEFM but we all know where their determinedly rational approach has left them: losing clients at a rapid rate.

Mr Dye insists on looking at the real world rather than the virtual one. John Monks, the trade union leader, is peering through the same untinted spectacles and yesterday he was once more warning of the two nations into which the UK is rapidly dividing. Jobs in manufacturing industry continue to ebb away.

What is manufactured in Morocco for Marks and Spencer is no longer manufactured in Britain. There are now regions of the country where the only new jobs being created appear to be in call centres built to service the needs of those in the wealthier parts of the country. And the chances are that as the virtual world takes hold, and more and more business is done over the Internet, the

call centres will become as redundant as many of those who now staff them once were.

Lower interest rates will not revive ship-building in Britain nor restore the textile industry, yet the calls for further cuts go on. Yesterday John Edmonds denounced the members of the Monetary Policy Committee as "dilettantes" and intimated that a trade unionist on the MPC could change things. Wishful thinking.

## Even gnomes slam withholding tax

There is honour among financial centres after all. Zurich, the supposed beneficiary of the European Commission's loopy proposals to impose withholding tax on interest, turns out to be aghast at the idea. Being neutral means trying not to upset more powerful nations such as Germany too much. The last thing the Swiss want to do, therefore, is to upset all their neighbours and key trad-

ing partners at once. But that is exactly what they would do if they vacuumed up the custom but of EU savers as a whole to avoid the EU withholding tax.

A high-level Swiss financial delegation, which came to the City yesterday to promote its high-tech integrated trading system to eurobond traders, instead spent much of its time disclaiming any desire to host the fleeing billions, although the Swiss would probably toe the Brussels line rather than challenge it, lest some future referendum favoured joining the EU.

If that sounds good news for promoters of the tax, it isn't. The Swiss have their own 35 per cent withholding tax but exempt foreign holders of essentially foreign stocks. Georg Kraymer, president of the Association of Swiss Bankers, points out that the issue has only resurfaced because savings immediately fled to Luxembourg when Germany and The Netherlands last tried all-purpose national withholding taxes.

At the weekend meeting of EU finance ministers in Dresden, the UK appeared to be playing dangerously with some compromise formula to save the London eurobond trade. Even Mario Monti, the retiring EU Tax Commissioner, says that this will not work. He has not explained that it would tax small investors but exempt the rich, a formula that even the most federal-minded social democrat might find hard to swallow. There are yet more compelling reasons for London to say no, such as higher taxes for even the smallest pension saver.

Luxembourg, unlike panting Blairite Britain, is at the centre of Europe. Its burghers know how to do things. At Dresden, Luxembourg called for harmonisation (or banning) of inward investor incentives to be brought in with the withholding tax. It was a cunning move. This project is being led by our own Dawn Primarolo. It has counted 200 new rules and rising. No effective recommendations are likely before November, long after tax-hungry

Germany has lost the EU presidency, if ever.

As back-up, Doctor Kraymer has a suggestion for Gordon Brown. Start by imposing tax at source on government debt, which is fully under control of member states, to see how it goes. That should bring discussion to a halt.

## Just what the doctor ordered

The antidepressants are working wonders for Jan Leschly. There may be mutterings of protest about his latest pay package but doctors' enthusiasm for SmithKline Beecham's advance on Prozac will help to ensure that he reaps the maximum rewards for his labours.

The deep-rooted belief that he is worth up to £93 million over nine years will enable Mr Leschly to face up to next week's annual meeting with a smile and without the benefit of any happy pills. If, as seems likely, a few investors take the opportunity to voice their qualms over the pay deal, he will be smoothly unmoved.

Standard Life, that active guardian of corporate governance, has made clear its suspicion that the targets SB is setting to trigger bonuses are not as de-

manding as they ought to be. But the first-quarter figures show the company well on course to deliver its promised 13 per cent increase in earnings, which will be enough to quell most investors' potential criticisms.

Mr Leschly's pay package does, however, put other deals into perspective. It is evidence of a UK company handing out US-style remuneration. As Glaxo has tacitly noted, other British companies that class themselves as global players will have to move towards the SB levels, if not so far or so fast.

As we become conditioned to the new norms, a mere couple of million pounds for an HSBC banker will seem perfectly reasonable reward for a year's toil in the financial markets.

Standard Life's Guy Jubb is going to find the attitude adjustment hard, but it has to come.

## Colossus of erodes

TOMORROW Bernard Arnault's battle for Gucci lands back in the Dutch courts. M. Arnault's acquisitions are rarely straightforward affairs. Gucci has tried to expedite matters by saying that an offer of \$88 a share would be acceptable, but that is far too simple a solution to appeal to the chairman of LVMH. He has spent several years trying to win control of another up-market label for his wine cellar. Yesterday he was able to declare victory. Never mind money, he had won the opposition into submission.

## Debenhams in fashion with £79.4m

By SARAH CUNNINGHAM

TERRY GREEN, chief executive of Debenhams, said the department store group has been taking market share in women's and men's clothing from Marks & Spencer, its beleaguered high street rival.

But Mr Green gave warning of a likely fightback. "I imagine that Marks & Spencer must be making some recovery from its position pre-Christmas. You could say it is making it tougher, not easier," he said.

M&S was forced to issue a profit warning after terrible trading over the key Christmas period. Other clothing retailers have run into difficulties because of the downturn in spending and a large overhang of stock. Mr Green said yesterday: "It's a tough environment out there. It is still volatile, but we think it's improving."

In the six months to February 27, total sales rose 2 per cent to £785.2 million. While like-for-like sales were down 1.9 per cent, costs also fell by a similar amount. Interim pre-tax profits rose 3 per cent to

£79.4 million. Earnings per share were up 2.2 per cent to 14.1p and the company is paying an interim dividend of 4.1p (3.9p).

The gross margin increased by 0.2 percentage points to an estimated 42.1 per cent in the first half. The company said margins were substantially up again in the first seven weeks of the second half. Like-for-like sales, said the company, are down by a similar amount to the first half in the period.

Four new stores were opened in the first half, at Leeds, Brighton, Hanley and the Trafford Centre in Manchester. There are now 90 stores in the UK. The new programme, announced at the time of Debenhams demerger from the Burton Group last year, will see it increase to more than 100 UK stores by 2003.

Franchise stores have been opened in Kuwait and Dubai, and another is set to open in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, in October 2000.

Times, page 32

## Cut-price stores see sales surge

By FRASER NELSON

TJ HUGHES, which runs 23 cut-price department stores across the UK, said it has lifted underlying sales by 11.6 per cent for the first ten weeks of 1999 as it wins market share from its mid-market rivals.

The company, whose wares include cheap Calvin Klein underwear, said many of its shoppers have deserted traditional high street leaders after finding them too expensive.

Pre-tax profits jumped to £5.1 million (£3 million) for the year to January 31 and earnings were 13.9p (10.2p) a share. A final dividend of 2.7p makes a 3.88p (3.37p) total.

## Anglo in bid for Reunion

By CARL MORTISHED

ANGLO AMERICAN Corporation, the South African mining and industrial conglomerate, is building up its position in zinc with a recommended £37 million bid for Reunion Mining, which controls Skorpion, a big zinc mining project in Namibia in which Anglo has a minority share.

The bid is being made by Minorco, Anglo's affiliate, which is to be integrated fully into Anglo when the South African group moves its primary stock exchange listing to London next month.

Anglo yesterday said that current weakness in base metal prices provide a good opportunity to develop its base metals business. The acquisition of Reunion's 60 per cent interest in Skorpion would give Anglo 100 per cent of the mine, which has ore reserves of 19.5 million tonnes of zinc.

Minorco is offering 88p per Reunion share and has undertakings to accept from Reunion directors and others that exceed 50 per cent of Reunion.



## Audit office attacks sale by British Coal

THE National Audit Office (NAO) will today tell Parliament that British Coal's sale of CIN Management (CINMan), a subsidiary that advised and managed its pension funds, was needlessly protracted and expensive (Saeed Shah writes).

The watchdog says that disagreement between the Government, British Coal, CINMan and trustees of the pension schemes meant that the sale, completed in 1996, took a

year longer than expected, raising its costs to £7.7 million. The management and staff of CINMan almost derailed the sale by threatening to resign.

The original aim to sell CINMan as one entity had to be dropped after objections from the trustees and it was eventually sold in three parts for £48.9 million. The NAO says that this was substantially less than some bidders had offered for the whole business.

**Winning Advantage**

Businesses need the best computing technology to have a real business advantage. Through the Frontline Partnership, Compaq and Microsoft® deliver the combination of hardware and software designed to give businesses like yours the best in performance and reliability - the technology edge to win.

Running Windows NT® Workstation on Compaq helps your business run better.

Compaq can supply Windows 2000 READY PCs now.  
[www.compaq.co.uk/w2000/](http://www.compaq.co.uk/w2000/)

COMPAQ Microsoft  
FRONTLINE PARTNERSHIP  
WINDOWS 2000 READY PCs



# Lamb's scoring is wide of the mark

Tim Lamb, the chief executive of the England & Wales Cricket Board (ECB), is an optimist. Then again he has to be. If you were attempting the Herculean task of restoring English cricket to the fortunes it enjoyed when the likes of May, Hutton and Illingworth led teams that could triumph over all our former colonies — and all you have is a team that contrives to lose to Zimbabwe — you would have to be optimistic.

However, to trumpet that the English game will make a £30 million profit from the cricket World Cup, which starts next month, is a little over the top. It may look like a good figure, but it does not bear close examination.

For a start, the £30 million figure, which actually refers to the ECB's income net profit, is disappointing when compared with the target set by Lamb and the ECB's chairman, Lord MacLaurin of Knechtow. The ECB had hoped to clear something in the range of £35 million to £40 million to take advantage of an event that is un-

likely to be back on these shores for at least two decades.

The ECB's plan went like this. It would raise about £25 million from broadcasting revenues — mainly television — and £15 million from sponsorship. That £40 million would be split between the ECB and the International Cricket Council — the overall ruling body of cricket — on a 50-50 basis.

In addition, the ECB would also get money from gate receipts at the matches and from merchandising. The former was budgeted to bring in £11 million, the latter, with the help of Caprice, a US model famous for wearing Wonderbras, was expected to raise £1 million.

This would have left a gross income to the ECB of £32 million. The costs of staging the event — hiring venues, transporting teams to the UK and to the grounds and catering, though not the wages for

team members, which comes out of the ICC pool and from the local cricket boards — is estimated to be £18 million. This would have left a profit of about £14 million if all had gone to plan.

But it has not. The broadcast income has come in at about £23.5 million. The UK television revenue was fine — the ECB struck an £8 million deal with BSkyB, which allowed some matches to be shown on the BBC. However, an expected bonanza from selling the rights to the Indian sub-continent was not quite as lucrative as had been hoped for, leaving a £1.5 million shortfall.

Sponsorship was also disappointing. The ECB has wanted eight global partners and four official suppliers, paying a total of £15 million for the pleasure. It secured only four global partners — Nat-West, Pepsi, Vodafone and Emir-

## BUSINESS

By Jason Nisse

ates Airlines — but was able to sign six official suppliers. The total raised from sponsorship was £10.5 million.

Michael Browning, the ECB's tournament organiser, blames a number of factors for why the sponsorship figure fell short. One is the Asian financial crisis. The ECB had hoped to sign at least one Japanese company as a global partner

— in the end it had to make do with Honda as a supplier. Secondly, it started too late. The ECB began its search for sponsors two years ago — Browning believes that this was 12 months tardy as cricket is not always at the top of people's sponsorship wishlist.

Thirdly, the ECB had planned to use "virtual sponsorship" — an electronic system in which logos show up on television screens in some countries rather than sell. This would be used to sell a sponsorship deal probably to Wills, the cigarette-maker, which operates mainly in India and Pakistan. However, after a couple of technical tests, the plan was dropped.

The ECB is putting a brave face on this £4.5 million shortfall, and sponsorship experts think that the problem was not that the ECB did poorly attracting sponsors, but that it had set its sights too high.

Nigel Currie of Craigie Taylor, which advises Vodafone on sponsorship, says that the ECB probably thought that as there was no football World Cup or Olympics this year, it would be able to capitalise on the absence of a big sporting event to win sponsorship. However, it forgot that the rugby union World Cup takes place in the UK this autumn and probably lost a sponsor or two because of this.

The rugby factor has also hindered attempts by some of the teams to secure sponsors. As I write there is no news on a West Indies backer and if you fancy sponsoring the first Scottish team in the cricket World Cup, Gavin Hastings, the former Scottish rugby captain, awaits your call.

The big shame is that the ECB has not signed up a big consumer brand — like Snickers or McDonald's — which would help to pro-

more the event through its own promotions," says Mr Currie. Vodafone is doing this to a certain extent and Pepsi might be expected to do something, but it seems most of its promotions are aimed at India and Pakistan, where it is in a bitter battle with Coke.

The final part of the jigsaw is ticket sales. Browning is confident about hitting the £11 million target, having already sold £9 million worth of tickets a month before the event even starts.

All in all this adds up to a gross income for the ECB of £29 million and a profit of about £11 million — a tidy sum but not quite Mr Lamb's £30 million. Of course, the World Cup has meant that there will be two test matches fewer this year than last, a loss of about £5 million in potential profits. So the ECB will end up about £5 million better off than it would have been if it had not staged the World Cup. As they say at Tesco, Lord MacLaurin's old stomping ground, "every little helps".

jason.nisse@the-times.co.uk

# North-South divide masks reality of divergent economies

## Regions suffer from statistical breakdown

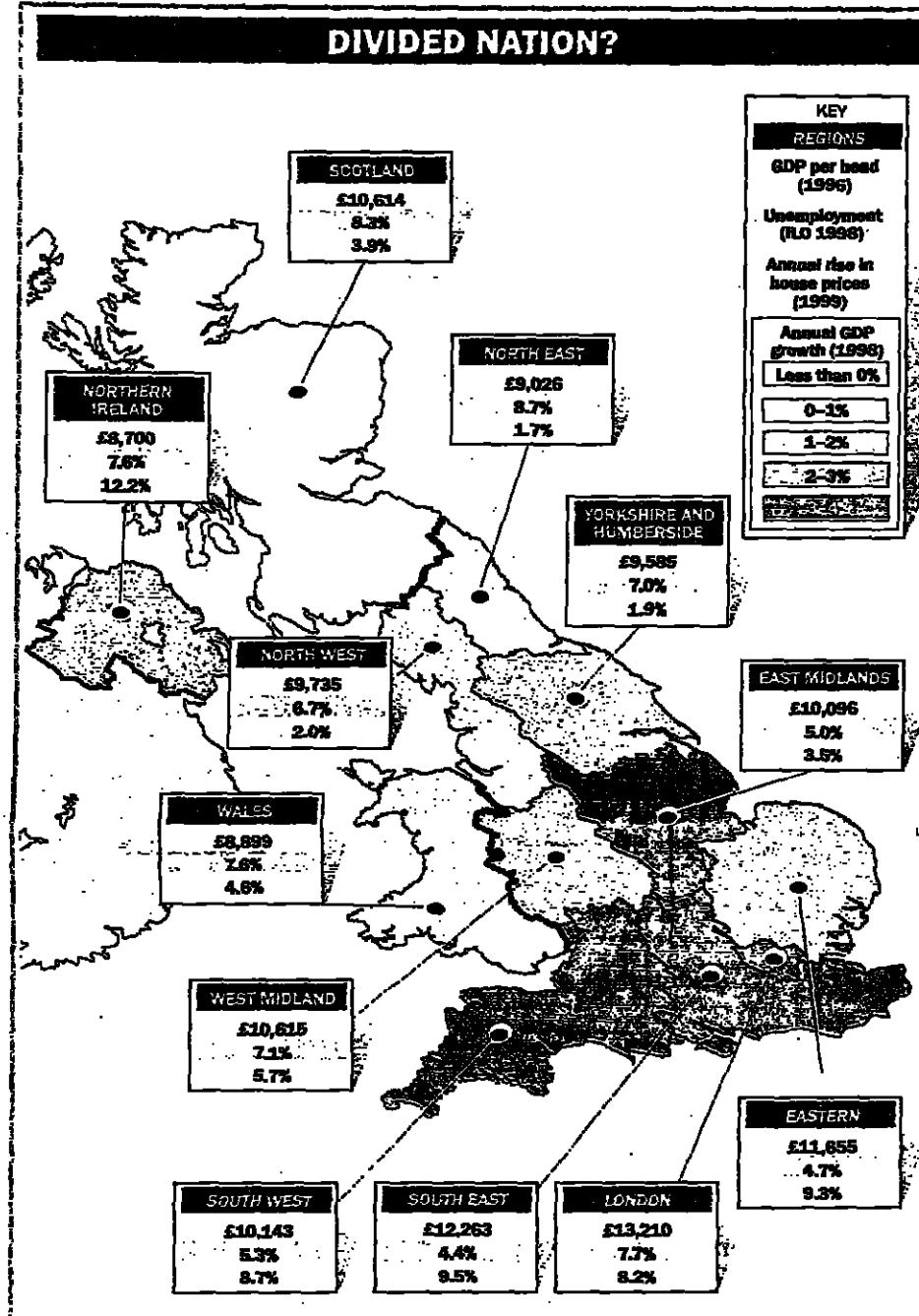
Alasdair Murray examines the increasing clamour for a regional approach

When Eddie George inadvertently suggested that unemployment in the North was a "price worth paying" for keeping inflation in check, he appeared to confirm the region's worst prejudices about the southern bias inherent in Threadneedle Street. A string of indignant manufacturers, union leaders and politicians queued up to berate the Governor of the Bank of England for suggesting that national economic policy was dictated by the excesses of the housing market in the South East. The understandable suspicion was that centralising economic policymaking in London inevitably leads to catering in the regions.

The regional dimension to economic policymaking is set to become a staple of political debate with the creation of the Regional Development Agencies in England and the imminent arrival of the Scottish and Welsh parliaments. For the first time in years, the Bank and the Treasury are facing concerted opposition to national economic policy.

Superficially, the traditional prejudices about the North-South divide seem well grounded. The two worst-performing regional economies, Scotland and the North East, suffer the typical unholy economic trinity of a large manufacturing sector, high unemployment and low GDP per capita. In London, the South East and South West, this position is reversed, with these regions posting the strongest growth rates last year and increasing their economic lead over the rest of the country.

Yet a closer examination of the data suggests that this regional divergence is not quite so straightforward. Scotland's underperformance — and Business Strategies is predicting it will remain mired in recession this year — is out of proportion



to the size of its manufacturing sector. Scotland's manufacturing sector constitutes 23 per cent of its economy — far higher than London's 9 per cent — but below the level of manufacturing in six other regions which have all performed better. Scotland seems to be suffering because of the mix in its manufacturing — a high proportion of textiles and computing hardware — which has had an unexpectedly negative impact on its service sector.

The North East has a typically large manufacturing sector acting as an overall drag on its economy, but it also recorded the country's highest financial and business services sector growth rates at 12.7 per cent last year. The East Midlands, however, seems to have overcome the handicap of a large manufacturing sector — about 28 per cent of the economy — to record a healthy 3.2 per cent growth rate last year. The region has a large concentration of engineers — such as Rolls-Royce in Derby — which

seemed to have fared better during the manufacturing downturn, while cities such as Nottingham and Northampton have profited from London services overspill.

Another traditional manufacturing centre, Yorkshire and the Humber, also recorded a solid growth rate of 2.6 per cent last year. Its overall performance, however, concealed a marked divergence between the increasingly services-oriented Leeds area and York's successful pursuit of

high-tech start-ups compared with the still depressed regions of South Yorkshire.

The unspoken assumption, however, remains that the manufacturing north needs to be freed from the straitjacket of southern rates. Scotland, in particular, has a strong case for arguing that it has a European-style economy, including at 55 per cent the lowest level of home ownership in Britain, which needs the lower rates of the single currency area.

Yet the complex reality of the regional economies suggests finding an "ideal" regional interest rate is likely to prove no less difficult than setting a single national rate. Nor is it clear that the difference in regional inflation rates justifies different rates. While house price increases, which range from 1.7 per cent last year in the North East to 12.2 per cent in post-treaty Northern Ireland, seem to support the case, estimates of the divergence in inflation rates are far less stark. Business Strategies suggests headline inflation last year was in a relatively tight range between 2.2 per cent in Scotland and 3.5 per cent in the eastern region — hardly a simple boom and bust divide.

Nor is it certain that lower rates will prove the necessary cure. As the British Chambers of Commerce noted last week, the problem for manufacturers is not the cost of borrowing but the pound, which remains stubbornly high despite the Bank's rate-cutting spree.

More fundamentally, it is questionable whether short-term monetary policies can reverse the long-term trends within the economy. An examination of the demographic trends suggests there is a close relationship between population growth, low manufacturing output and high economic growth. This is the legacy of the last time the South outperformed the rest of the country heavily, during the 1980s boom. Higher growth rates and better job prospects inevitably attracted workers, especially the mobile young, to move south. These migrants have now settled and had families, boosting population growth and ensuring a healthy young/old mix that suits the service sector. This in turn boosts growth and the circle begins over again.

Reversing this trend is akin to trying to turn a supertanker.

Regional assistance plans, such as the trend of competing for call centre jobs, can alleviate some of the pain, but they do not provide the kind of critical mass necessary to improve the long-term growth rate. Attracting and keeping high earners — who are now heavily concentrated in the services sector — is the real key.

In this sense, the experience of London provides hope. It is often forgotten that only two decades ago, London was still the country's prime manufacturing city. The transition to a services-led economy has proved painful and London still suffers from higher than average unemployment. But after years of losing population, the capital is enjoying an influx of fresh immigrants attracted by good job prospects and strong cultural and leisure services. There are signs that cities such as Leeds, Manchester, Glasgow and Bristol are beginning to foster similar conditions. It is in this subtle process, rather than the quick-fix simplicities of monetary policy, where the future of the regional economies lie.

There is still a significant stumbling block to conducting a considered debate about Britain's regional economies — the absence of comprehensive and reliable statistics. This country's centralising tendencies seem to include the Office for National Statistics, meaning that while a mass of national economic statistics are produced on a monthly basis, there is rarely an accompanying regional breakdown.

Only the unemployment data is supplied on a regional basis month by month. This data is sufficiently detailed that unemployment can even be measured by parliamentary constituency, ensuring that MPs can keep abreast of the job prospects of their constituents. By contrast, the most recent breakdown of GDP figures dates from 1996, while the regional home-ownership figures are positively prehistoric, hailing from the last great housing downturn in 1993.

One other vital part of the jigsaw — the inflation data — is missing altogether, unlike in other European countries, such as Germany, where state by state inflation data provides an essential part of the overall economic picture. The UK inflation rate was fully "nationalised" in the days when the Government was desperate to encourage wage bargaining at a national level. While this necessity has long since disappeared, there has been no attempt to reincorporate a regional element, the ONS insisting its sample sizes are too small for a reliable regional breakdown, while the Treasury and the Bank of England are focused on a single inflation target.

Individual private organisations have moved to try to fill the gap. Both Halifax and Nationwide supply monthly house-price data, although they use a slightly different regional breakdown to the Government's standard divisions. Business Strategies produces more timely and reliable estimates of regional GDP performance. The economics group even has a stab at local inflation rates, although it admits its own figures — derived from survey evidence rather than real prices — can be no more than a best estimate.

An increasingly devolved nation requires improved regional data. But just who is going to meet the considerable extra costs of providing reliable statistics will prove an interesting battle of wits between the regions and the centre.

STILL HEADING SOUTH		
LARGEST POPULATION GROWTH		
Population increase/decrease 1993 to 1998	Proportion of total regional economy (1998)	
South East	210,000	16%
London	196,000	9%
East of England	163,000	21%
LOWEST POPULATION GROWTH		
North West	12,000	25%
Scotland	0	23%
North East	-13,000	28%

## Sea sick

JOHN PRESCOTT is being sued by a former employer for £7.4 million. Not personally, unfortunately, but as Secretary of State for the Environment. According to the trade publication *Contract Journal*, a writ from P&O Property Holdings alleges that the Department of the Environment, as it is used to be, failed to maintain Elizabeth House. Trial is set for December.

This is an office block at London's Waterloo occupied by the DoE from 1971 to 1997 that



"Ignore it — our computer must be on the blink"

P&O alleges was left in such a state that the company had to spend £3.4 million putting it right and lost another £4 million in rent and other costs.

Prescott was employed by P&O as a steward on the North Sea run. The DoE is contesting the action. You leave these civil servants unperturbed for 16 years and there's no knowing what they'll do...

MY THANKS to the reader who sent in his invitation to a trade fair in Brno, flagged as "the foremost event in the industry in the Czech and Slovak Republics, and dominant in the surrounding region of Central and Eastern Asia". Or possibly not.

## Dive bomb

A TRICKY problem for Sunderland Football Club. The team is sponsored by Vaux, formerly known as Vaux, and across the strip is the word "Lampions", to promote the company's "smooth brew" ale. This is made locally at Vaux Brewery in Sunderland.



Unfortunately the brewery is being closed, a decision that has caused much anguish locally and thrown a large number of Sunderland supporters out of work.

The image merchants were sent off to find another logo for the team. The favourite is a swallow, predictably enough. But someone has pointed out that swallows dive — plus this is exactly what the club, newly promoted to the Premier League, did straight back into the first division the last time it reached such heights.

AN EXTRAORDINARY circular reaches me from one of those anti-European groupies breeding like flies in out-

of-the-way places. The Enemy Within details all those organisations suspected of pro-EU tendencies that should be boycotted.

It must be quite an achievement, knowingly steering clear of the products and services of, among others, BP, BT, Unilever, Unigate, Northern Foods and pretty well all of the British drinks industry.

But British Aerospace? "Difficult to boycott, but bombard with mail, their chief executive treats the British electoral process with contempt". Indeed, it must be a wrench, sending those Hawk trainers back on a point of principle.

## Bull market

BELOW is Birmingham's lovely Bull Ring as you have

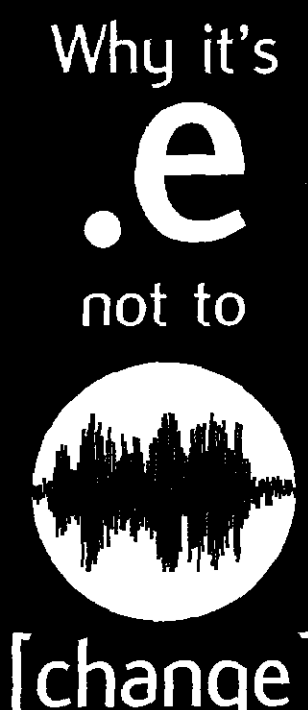


never seen it before. My picture shows how the development would have looked but for the subsequent attentions of the Luftwaffe and the 1950s school of architecture.

It was found by Peter Bennett, a London antiques dealer, at a house clearance auction. He now hopes to sell it to Land Securities or Hamptons, the two property companies redeveloping the site.

Bennett says that the painting, the work of Joseph Strader, an engraver, dates to 1812 and is valued at more than £25,000. It is the only known depiction of the scene. The church is St Martin's, which survives to this day and will take pride of place in the new development.

MARTIN WALLER  
city.diary@the-times.co.uk



If your organisation is preparing for the world of e-commerce, it really would be madness not to talk to Energis. Because we are rated No.1 for quality by the people who matter — the UK's leading telecoms managers. Our internet company, Planet Online, has also been named as the top business ISP, while our national network has consistently been rated as the most reliable. These are not just claims. They are proof that we are committed to providing quality of service — day in, day out.

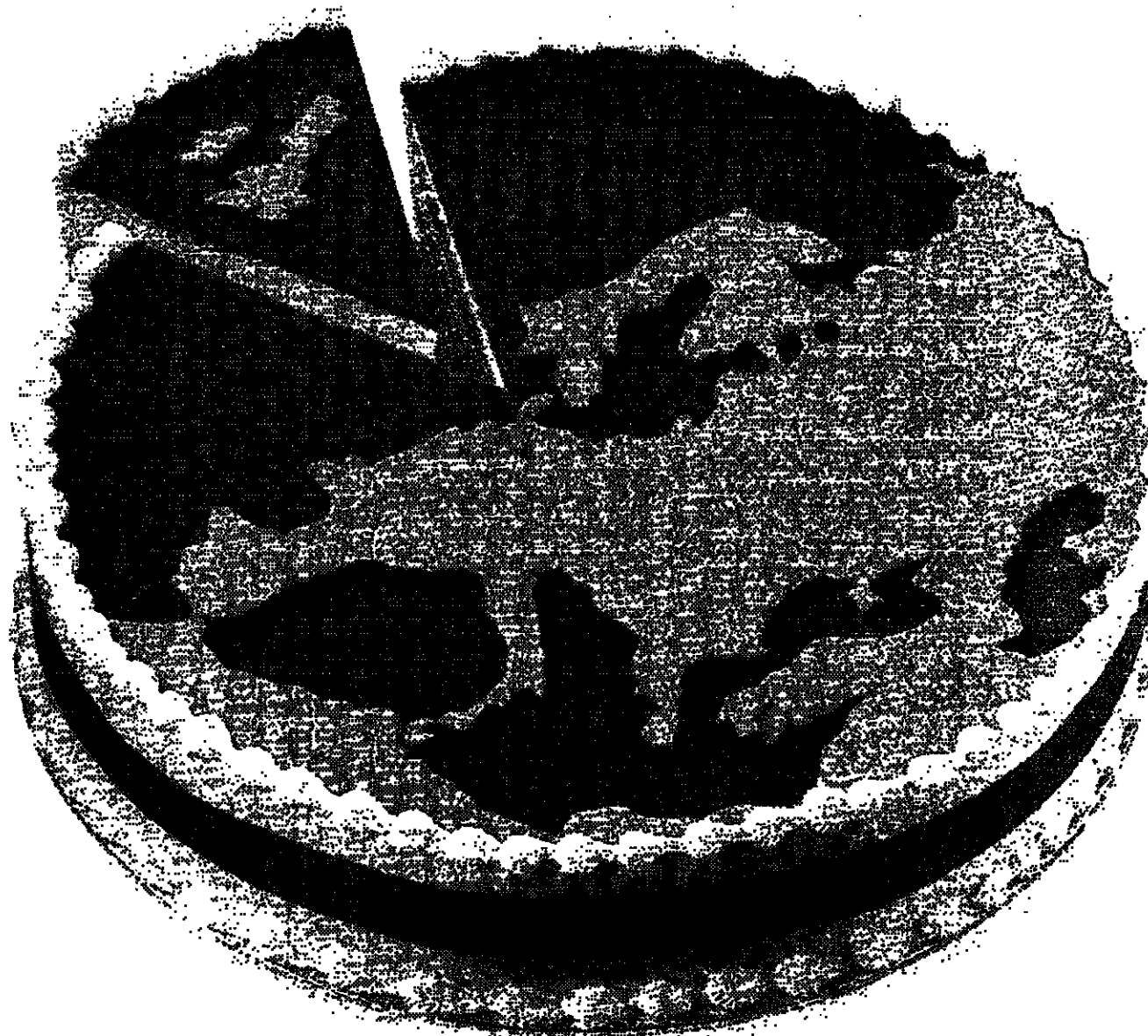
Energis is the only national telecoms provider to dedicate its all-round expertise solely to business. So, whether voice, data or e-commerce, isn't it time you thought about changing to us? To find out more, visit the Energis website or call us now on 0800 316 0613.

www.energis.co.uk

\*The 1997/1998 Channel Award for Quality 1999  
\*\*Best Business ISP — 1998/1999 \*\*\* CMA award

With quality of service like ours, it's crazy not to.

**ENERGIS**  
voice+data+business



## Fancy a bigger slice of the cake?

The UK boasts some of the most accomplished food and drink producers in the world.

Yet a surprisingly large number are still entirely dependent on the UK for their business.

And it's not getting any easier, with the never-ending tussle over shelf-space and margins in our overcrowded island.

A case of too many eggs in one basket.

But lack of familiarity with overseas markets, retailers, distribution logistics and, at the simplest level, language, can deter even the most aggressive of marketeers.

Where, then, can they turn for this essential help?

### Food from Britain: Helping you to hit the ground running

Food from Britain is the UK's leading international food and drink marketing consultancy, with the objective of helping British food and drink producers develop new markets overseas.

Ours is not a consultancy of fine talking theorists, but an intensely practical one.

All our people are commercial professionals working out of their own offices in all the major European countries, North America and Japan, with detailed knowledge of their local markets.

We can help you pinpoint opportunities, supply you with market data and make the key introductions to trade partners and buyers.

We can help you with trade shows, publicity and promotions.

In a nutshell, we'll help you build your business abroad.

### The world is your oyster... or tea bag...soup...cereal...

It doesn't take a rocket scientist to realise that the rest of the world represents a bigger potential market than the UK, a genuine opportunity both to grow sales and spread risk.

In fact, the value of UK food and drink exports has doubled in the last decade and now stands at around £10 billion. Hardly surprising given the innovation, imagination and drive that characterises so many UK food and drink producers.

Just to quote from our own portfolio, we have helped UK companies sell breakfast cereal to the Spanish, preserves to the U.S., chilled soups to Belgium and France and drawstring tea bags to the Japanese. In total, we are working with nearly 1000 companies.

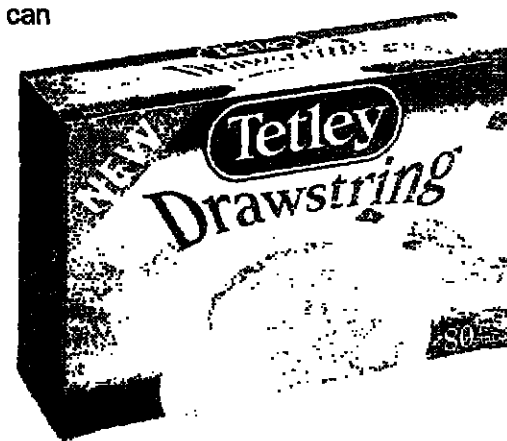
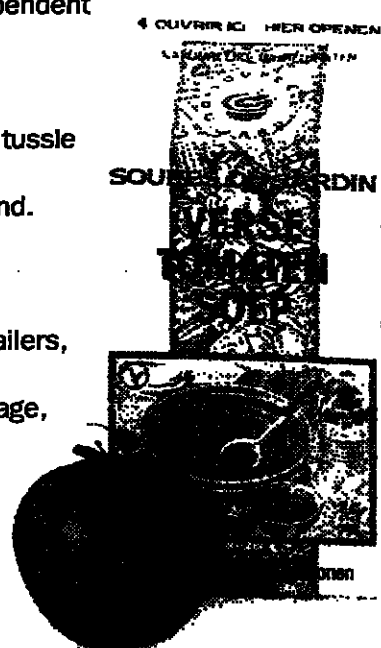
But boil it all down and our value can be described in three short words: Knowledge. Know-how. Contacts.

We've got them. We're ready to share them. Call us.

Contact Simon Waring, Marketing Director, on 0171 468 8555 or Andrea Ng,

International Development Director, on 0171 468 8571.

Website: [www.foodfrombritain.com](http://www.foodfrombritain.com)



Building your business abroad

**FOOD from Britain**

THE TIMES WEDNESDAY APRIL 21 1999

BEVERAGES

SALES

OVERSEAS

REST

ELECTRICITY

ELECTRONIC & EL

ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING, VEHICLE







THE TIMES WEDNESDAY APRIL 21 1999

[illegible][illegible]







## THE COSTS

Property: Two-bedroom flat,  
 Fulham, London SW6  
 Purchase price: £240,000  
 Cash required: £18,000  
 Right: EWN 1400  
 Net Yield: 5.5%  
 Gross yield: 6.7% Surplus  
 before Stamp Duty: £12,183  
 Less interest: 6.5% Surplus  
 after financing: £663  
 Less to vendor: 80%  
 Interest on loan: £12,480  
 Acquisition costs:  
 Stamp duty: £9,000  
 Stamp duty @ 1%: £2,400  
 Solicitor's fees: £600  
 VAT @ 17.5%: £1105  
 Local registry fee: £300  
 Local council fee: £100  
 Structural survey fee: £450  
 VAT @ 17.5%: £79  
 Refurbishment costs: £5,000  
 Furnishing: £10,900  
 Total costs: £259,034  
**INCOME:**  
 Gross rent: £20,500  
 Void allowance: £1,753  
 Net rent: £18,067  
**ANNUAL EXPENDITURE:**  
 Service charges: £1,750  
 Ground rent: £250  
 Insurance (contents): £200  
 Council rates: £200  
 Utility costs: £75  
 Contract fees (inc. VAT): £188  
 Letting fee @ 10%: £1,907  
 VAT @ 17.5%: £334  
 Management fees @ 5%: £953  
 VAT @ 17.5%: £187  
 Total expenditure: £5,934  
 Surplus available for finance:  
 £13,143  
 Interest on loan: £12,480  
 Annual net yield: £663  
 (5.5%)

able properties must eventually push prices and rental values up. The problem here is that agents have reported an oversupply of properties at the top end of the rental market in Central London but not enough in other parts of the city. Investors need to find those areas where there are shortages of rental property. Andrew Reeves, a letting agent, says that the London suburbs are a better bet for buy-to-let, or even further out to places such as Bromley and Beckenham, which have good communications with the West End and the City.

High returns depend on a buoyant lettings market, which itself is threatened if too many jump on the buy-to-let bandwagon. And ultimately, the ease of obtaining buy-to-let mortgages, may saturate the market and force letting values down. Grab your moment.

**BEN WAKEHAM**  
 ● *The Empty Homes Agency:*  
 0171-828 6288

[illegible]

**RETIREMENT  
HOMES**

---

**Change your view  
of retirement**

Award-winning spacious and comfortable houses and flats set in beautiful landscaped gardens. Located in pretty towns and villages, properties are currently available in:

*Girton, Cambridge - Tattenhall, Chester  
Goodworth Clatford, Hampshire - Mytchett, Surrey  
Dunclunich, Warwickshire - Marlborough, Wiltshire.  
Soon in Aldeburgh, Suffolk*

**From £159,000 to £295,000**  
**For further details call 0800 220 858**

8 Holland Street, London W8 4LT  
[www.englishcourtyard.co.uk](http://www.englishcourtyard.co.uk)

**English Courtyard**

ref: NP8

---

**NEW HOMES**

---

A selection of eleven luxury apartments newly created within

**NEW HOMES**

# Living in Style at Chelsea Gate

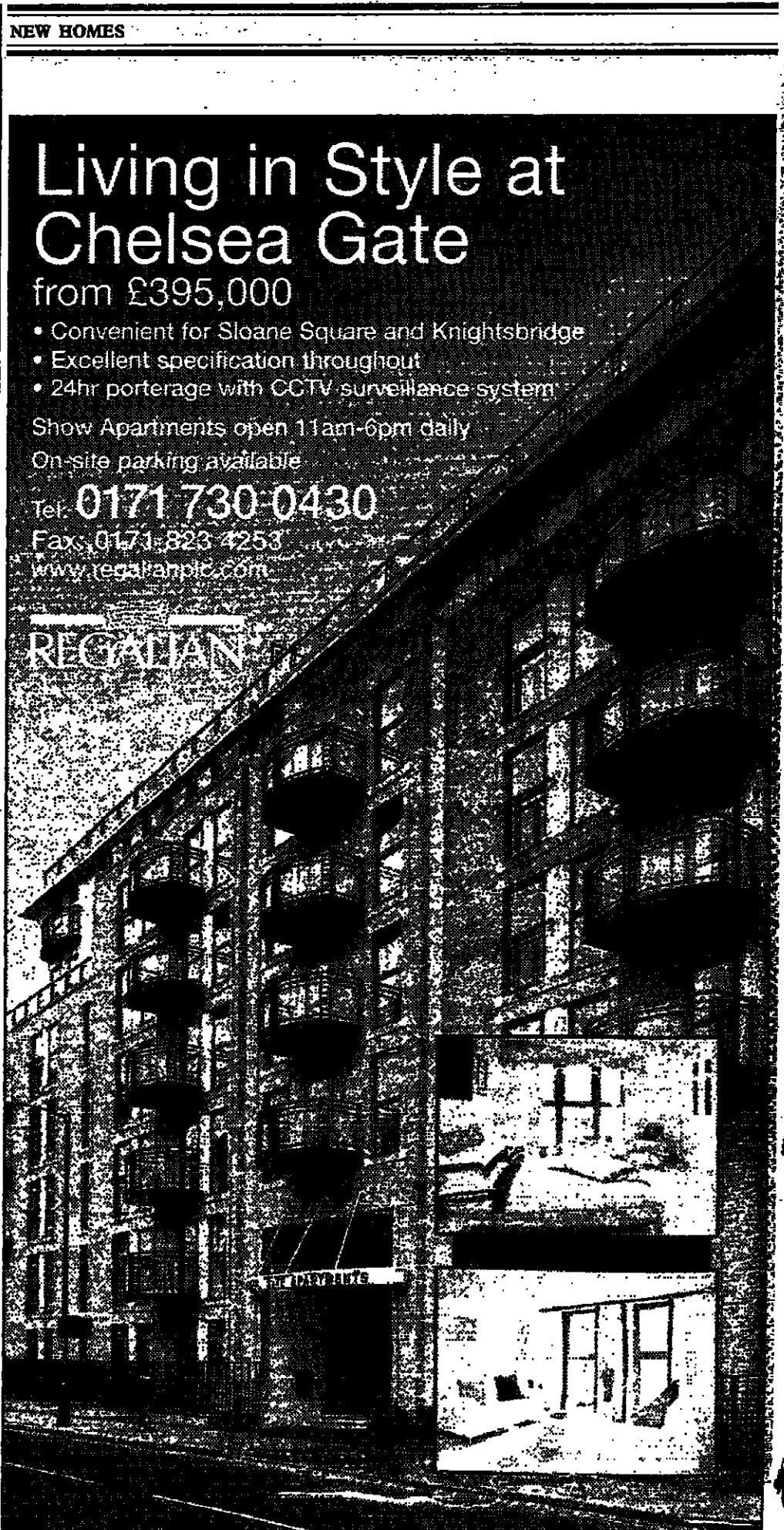
from £395,000

- Convenient for Sloane Square and Knightsbridge
- Excellent specification throughout
- 24hr porterage with CCTV surveillance system

Show Apartments open 11am-6pm daily  
On-site parking available

Tel: **0171 730 0430**  
Fax: 0171 828 4253  
[www.regallan.co.uk](http://www.regallan.co.uk)

**REGALLAN**



**LONDON PROPERTY**

# STEAM MILLS

Leith Street, London E1

*A collection of remodelled warehouse apartments and live/work spaces*

**LIVE/WORK  
APARTMENTS**

23 stylish apartments, of which five are live/work accommodation. These tastefully remodelled new homes offer a wide choice of floor layouts and room sizes. Available in one, two and three bed-room configurations, all these apartments offer the very highest standards of new home living in the capital city.

**1 Bedroom apartment**  
835 sq.ft. £170,000

**2 Bedroom apartments**  
752 sq.ft. - 1458 sq.ft. £175,000 - £280,000

**3 Bedroom apartments**  
1076 sq.ft. - 1720 sq.ft. £200,000 - £255,000

**Live/Work units**  
940 sq.ft. - 2239 sq.ft. £150,000 - £230,000

**SAVING AGAIN?**

**HAWKSEY  
PEARCE**

11, MARSH STREET, LONDON, W1P 6PA

**Tel: 07000 781717**

See Notes on page 2 and 3 for general terms and conditions

  
**26-27 GREAT TOWER STREET  
LONDON EC3**

**Viewing:**  
By appointment through joint  
agents

  
**0171 584 6106**  
100 Knightrider Lane, London SW1X 7LB

 **COPPING  
JOYCE**  
Established 1898  
**0171 836 2888**  
100 Portland Square, London W1B 2LS

located in a prime residential  
corner position close to Tower  
Bridge.

The development offers an  
impressive variety of apartment  
sizes and layouts, from simple  
one bedroom units to stunning  
large residences offering a host  
of original features including  
fireplaces, ceiling cornices and  
panelled walls.

The majestic central communal  
stairway is finished in mahogany  
and the panelled walls retain  
original carvings. Amongst the  
many features, typical  
specifications include:-

- Passenger lift to all floors
- Video entrance phone
- Gas fired central heating
- Fitted carpets
- En-suite bath or shower  
rooms to most two bedroom  
apartments
- Fully fitted luxury kitchens
- Basement storage
- NHBC guarantee

Leases: 125 years  
Prices: From £190,000 - £650,000

هكذا من الأصل











THEATRE

Lionel Bart's  
Fings gets a  
timely revival

PAGE 42

# THE TIMES ARTS

OPERA

Saucy Semele  
— the ENO's  
new Handel

PAGE 43

**VISUAL ART:** A Cumbrian barn was the unlikely setting for Kurt Schwitters' final creation. Richard Cork reports

## Pioneer's last wall and testament

Partially paralysed after two strokes, Kurt Schwitters was in no condition to embark on a big project in 1947. A lung haemorrhage warned him in July that his body should not be over-taxed. But the 60-year-old edile refused to give up.

With heroic obstinacy he started to transform the interior of a stone-walled barn in the Lake District. Sleeping most of each day in order to gain strength for a three-hour bout of intensive work, he stubbornly declared that the barn would become "the largest sculpture I have ever built".

Schwitters' tenacity may have been reinforced by the urge to compensate for the fate of his two previous building-sized works. The earliest, spreading through the rooms of a house in his native Hanover, had preoccupied him for 14 years during the interwar period. He called it the *Merzbau*, and surviving photographs suggest that its proliferating chambers were indeed his masterpiece. But the house was obliterated in a 1943 air raid, and Schwitters was further mortified by his inability to complete a second *Merzbau* in a studio in Norway. He had moved there in 1937, after the Nazis branded him as a "degenerate" artist and removed his work from museums. But the invasion of Norway in 1940 forced him to escape to

to stream across the floor, defeated him. Delirious and destitute, he died in January 1948.

The *Merzbau*, as Schwitters called it, remained unfinished and grew increasingly vulnerable to damp and decay. By 1963 a drastic decision was arrived at: in order to preserve the construction on the end wall, it would be removed from the barn. Schwitters would have been horrified by the idea. He had conceived the wall as part of an elaborate environment. The barn, in turn, inhabited a Great Langdale valley that had undoubtedly nourished him as he built up the organic forms on the relief.

But nobody seemed capable of protecting it, and none of the institutions approached by Pierce would take responsibility. Even the Tate declined to purchase it. The apathy seemed to bear out Schwitters' suspicion that "English people don't understand art at all".

Only Newcastle University, armed with some money for a sculpture commission, took advantage of the opportunity. Acting on the advice of Richard Hamilton, then a lecturer at Newcastle, it undertook the hazardous and costly task of moving the relief to the university's Hutton Gallery in 1965. The relief's safety was assured, and it has been preserved there ever since.

But what meaning could this isolated wall have, wrenched from the Lakeland context that brought it into being? For many years the Hutton made scant effort to display this extraordinary fragment sensitively. Only now has a special exhibition been mounted, in collaboration with the new Baltic Centre for Contemporary Art, to celebrate the *Merzbau* and show some of Schwitters' other work.

**'Friends recall how feverishly Schwitters worked at the barn'**

Schwitters found life arduous in wartime London. He settled there after a 17-month internment, mostly at a camp on the Isle of Man. A few English artists and critics recognised his stature as a European master of collage and a rest-les pioneer of multi-media experimentation. But when he moved to Ambleside in 1945 the ailing artist could easily have despaired of ever working on a grand scale again.

With admirable resilience, however, he refused to give up. Schwitters was used to depicting the humblest of scavenged materials, and even the most rudimentary building could ignite his imagination. So when he befriended the landscape architect Harry Pierce, who lived in the nearby village of Elterwater, Schwitters became excited by the prospect of renting a barn on Pierce's land. A well-timed \$1,000 award from the Museum of Modern Art in New York enabled him to pay the annual rent of £52, and he started a construction on the barn's end wall.

Schwitters saw it as a three-year commitment to turn the whole interior into a cave-like work "better and more logical than anything I have ever done before". Within a few months, though, he became desperately weak. Travelling from Ambleside each day to labour in the winter chill of the barn, where water soon began

to stream across the floor, defeated him. Delirious and destitute, he died in January 1948.

The *Merzbau*, as Schwitters called it, remained unfinished and grew increasingly vulnerable to damp and decay. By 1963 a drastic decision was arrived at: in order to preserve the construction on the end wall, it would be removed from the barn. Schwitters would have been horrified by the idea. He had conceived the wall as part of an elaborate environment. The barn, in turn, inhabited a Great Langdale valley that had undoubtedly nourished him as he built up the organic forms on the relief.

But nobody seemed capable of protecting it, and none of the institutions approached by Pierce would take responsibility. Even the Tate declined to purchase it. The apathy seemed to bear out Schwitters' suspicion that "English people don't understand art at all".

Only Newcastle University, armed with some money for a sculpture commission, took advantage of the opportunity. Acting on the advice of Richard Hamilton, then a lecturer at Newcastle, it undertook the hazardous and costly task of moving the relief to the university's Hutton Gallery in 1965. The relief's safety was assured, and it has been preserved there ever since.

But what meaning could this isolated wall have, wrenched from the Lakeland context that brought it into being? For many years the Hutton made scant effort to display this extraordinary fragment sensitively. Only now has a special exhibition been mounted, in collaboration with the new Baltic Centre for Contemporary Art, to celebrate the *Merzbau* and show some of Schwitters' other work.



Off the wall: Kurt Schwitters' barn relief, now safely preserved in Newcastle's Hutton Gallery, but sadly divorced from the Lakeside landscape that nurtured the artist's imagination

turn of urban life. It could hardly be further removed from the gently swelling and meandering forms explored in his *Merzbau* relief.

Schwitters treated it as a resting-place for the weathered material he gathered from allotments, hedgerows and riverbeds. He admired Pierce's ability to nurture rare trees and shrubs on the estate surrounding the barn. "Pierce is a genius," Schwitters claimed, explaining that "he lets the weeds grow, yet by slight touches he transforms them into a composition as I create art out of rubbish".

He once my sensation, when looking at the *Merzbau* fragment, that the relief grows out of the wall. Although Schwitters was forced to abandon it, enough was achieved here to let us imagine how he might have elaborated the rest. Appreciating that time was running out, he must have decided to focus on the wall and hope that viewers would grasp his intentions elsewhere in the room.

Eyewitnesses recall how feverishly he worked, disregarding the cold, struggling on after dark by candlelight. Enough of the dry-stone wall remains visible to suggest that Schwitters respected its flinty presence, even as he covered its surface with a plaster skin. It became the seed-bed where a disparate array of found objects were planted.

Some are so buried that they have grown unrecognisable,

bulging or thrusting outwards like natural outcrops of the land itself. Within the niches, though, other deposits are easy to identify. Some brown string, caked with paint, is curled up in one hollow like a serpent. Another is crammed with a mottled pebble, a pale lump of stone, a splinter of wood and the rusted sprinkler from a child's watering-can.

They look like offerings, part of some ancient ritual. The feeling that Schwitters aimed at honouring the fertility of nature is strengthened by accounts that he wanted to place, in the "window" of an internal wall, a plastic sculpture called *Chicken and Egg*. He also intended daylight to penetrate the cavernous chamber through a specially constructed aperture in the roof.

Any further attempt to analyse the *Merzbau* is thwarted by the disastrous separation of the wall from its setting. However welcome the Hutton's show may be, it cannot in the end persuade me that the relief should stay there.

The rest of the barn still stands in its original location, and when I visited it in 1987 Schwitters' overall intentions there became easier to understand. He wrote excitedly that the *Merzbau* "will stand close to nature, in the midst of a natural park". Until the relief is returned to its rightful site, the full extent of his valiant struggle at Elterwater will remain tragically betrayed.

● Schwitters' *Merzbau* is at the Hutton Gallery, Newcastle University (0191-222 0599) until May 22

THE *run on the logo* flicks a porno-star's wink, luring you into one of Bow's latest galleries: a medieval convent converted to artistic ends. Inside the symbolism is similarly confining. Rachel Chapman spreads an array of Petri dishes in a patchwork pattern across the floor. But her work does not offer the enfolding comfort of a quilt. Rather, amid a musty smell, she nurtures bacteria, cultures like weird pets. Slowly, in an array of tantalising colours, they move towards their death.

In another room, Tom Merry creates a sculptural world stalked by the sort of monsters that children conjure up in the half-light of dreams. But Torie Beegh has an altogether sharper intellectual aesthetic. An archive of a thousand bricks is gridded like library books along a wall, their surfaces lustrous so beautifully you almost want to lick. The dark surfaces of the bricks are built up, glaze upon painstaking glaze, until they gleam with a uniformity which betrays individuality of intent. But the primary colours which dribble down the sides set off the darkness against a chromatic score, the deliberation against the freedom of the dribble. Perhaps it is time the Tate invested in a new set of bricks to test the boundaries of visitors' tastes.

183 Bow Rd, London E3 (0181-983 9737), open Fridays to Sundays until May 16

□ "TM FOR an art that explores the mystery and romance of existence," declares Richard Cartwright. He is one of those outsiders who have been left stranded by the tides of contemporary art. But he exists in such solitude, in the pain and the poignancy which it can convey. The single small figure becomes the still point of his turning world: the solitary sail of the tiny fishing boat, the single sheep grazing the darkened pasture, the lonesome man on the mountain road.

There is something quintessentially touching about these pastel paintings. Their Romantic spirit is not defined simply by such clichés as the burning

sunset. There is a wistfulness from which it is hard to turn away.

John Martin, 38 Albemarle St, W1 (0171-499 1314), until May 15

□ IT SEEMS a pity to try to explain the systems which construct Keith Tyson's world. Part scientific, part artistic, part mechanistic, part organic, he creates a perplexing artistic realm among which visitors grope their way, bewildered. The imagination runs riot.

And yet the works are the product not of tangential creative processes, but of the technical instructions of an "Art-machine". Tyson is evasive about the nature of this object

but apparently, when he wants to work, he dials in to gather data about what to do, then obeys proposals to the letter. Every piece of sculpture in this show — from a hallucinatory frieze of straw to a polystyrene wrapped doll, from a sculpture of split coffee beans to a plaster highrise block — obeys a system, follows a plan. It is fascinating to follow the trajectories, to search for sense, to manoeuvre one's way among co-ordinates of space and time.

Delfina, 50 Bermondsey St, SE1 (0171-357 6600), until May 2

RACHEL CAMPBELL-JOHNSTON

### BOOK OFFER THE TIMES

## THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD

### NEW EDITION

- Intelligent, accessible and visually sumptuous, this remarkable book has changed our way of viewing history. *Times* readers can buy this new edition for only £40, £10 less than the normal price.
- \*over 1.3 million copies sold worldwide
- \*over 520 computer-generated colour maps
- \*150,000 words of main text and captions
- \*100,000-word glossary

Send your payment and coupon to:  
News Books, FREEPOST,  
PO Box 345, Falmouth, TR11 2BR

### THE TIMES HISTORY OF THE WORLD

Or debit my MasterCard/Visa card no.

My/Mrs/Ms/Miss

Address

Postcode

Please send me  copies of *The Times History of the World* at £40 each incl. p&g. I enclose a cheque/PO(s) made payable to: News Books

Value  Card No.

Exp.  Please write name and address on back of all cheques. Free postage and packaging on all UK orders.

24-HOUR CREDIT CARD ORDERLINE: 0990 134 459

## History lessons in finest plastic

Sculptor Kenny Hunter casts the famous in a new light, Andrew Gibbon Williams writes

Monica Lewinsky was bound to surface in an art gallery. But who could have imagined her as a bookend, teamed with the terrorist Osama bin Laden? Such is her artistic fate at the hands of the sculptor Kenny Hunter. Cast in cream plastic, bizarre against the backdrop of Edinburgh's neo-gothic Portrait Gallery, Lewinsky has achieved the immortality of the museum.

Andy Warhol, of course, would have been Lewinsky's ideal portraitist. Warhol would have transformed her into a fluorescent icon, the latest addition to his pantheon of the glitzy and not-so-good. But in terms of her integrity as an artist's subject, Lewinsky is better off with Hunter. He is not an artist who simply trades on celebrity: image is manipulated to more profound effect. Serving as his inspiration is that vast legacy of municipal monuments which

clutters up our big cities. Hunter's native Edinburgh provides a rich library of posturing 19th-century statues, mostly created by Sir John Steell. The best is the Wellington ("Iron Duke, in bronze, by Steell," as the local quip had it), which emanates in spades the haughty, official arrogance at which Hunter emits a loud raspberry.

But Glasgow, where Hunter attended art school, is richer in Victorian politicians, and it must have been statues like the fine Gladstone on George Square that fired the sculptor's magnificent sense of irony. In *New York* 23/10/95, Hunter undermines the status of that contemporary "liberal", Bill Clinton, with piercing acuity. Caught in a conspiratorial moment of chuckling bonhomie with Boris Yeltsin, the President is a tomato-red vision of casual corruption mounded, literally, on a pedestal.



Kenny Hunter's castings of Osama bin Laden and Monica Lewinsky as bookends would make an unusual and, at the same time, useful gift

But Hunter's Post-Modern critique is not always so explicit. *Military Figure*, a direct quote from the 1950s Commando Memorial in the Scottish Highlands, is an outside *Action Man*, anonymous in balaclava, robbed of humanity by the dun-green plastic in which he is cast. He is as heroic as Barbie, as scary as My Little Pony.

Technically, these sculptures are more impressive than they at first appear. Plastic still means cheap and nasty, and the resemblance of the sculpting bonhomie to Boris Yeltsin, the President is a tomato-red vision of casual corruption mounded, literally, on a pedestal.

worked over by hand in a manner as ancient as Praxiteles. They are Canova-smooth to guarantee purity of image and clarity of meaning. Evidence of personal expression is suppressed.

Paradoxically, though, Hunter is eager to express his aims in words. Fond of quoting the Czech-born writer Milan Kundera — "How sweet it would be to forget history" — he is fascinated by the symbiotic relationship between his art and its evolving historical context. As he puts it, "Each work appears as an open question, a homage to doubt."

● Kenny Hunter at the Scottish National Portrait Gallery, Edinburgh (0131-624 6300) until May 30



## LISTINGS

## RSC's new Othello

## RECOMMENDED TODAY

Guide to arts and entertainment compiled by Mark Hargreaves

## LONDON

**THE TEMPEST:** Nick Philippou directs Shakespeare for Actors Touting Company, with help from modern technology and Rose English's androgynous Prospero. Lyric Studio, W6 (0181-741 6701). Opens tonight, 8pm.

**GREEK MYTHS:** Continuing this mini-series focusing on classical mythology, Richard Hickox conducts the City of London Sinfonia in Richard Strauss's *Metamorphosen* and Morisee along with Haydn's *Adamo a Napoli* and Beethoven's *Symphony No. 9*. Barbican (0171-638 8801). Tonight, 7.30pm.



Soprano Judith Howarth is soloist with the RLPO

**EAT THE ENEMY:** Ken MacMillan directs a new Chris Lee play, described as a Groundhog Day on speed, where three diners must live through the same meal four times. Old Red Lion (0171-637 7818). Preview tonight, 8pm. Opens tomorrow, 7pm.

## ELSEWHERE

**BADINOSTONE:** The final of the London Mozart Players' two concerts here tonight under Matthias Bamert (7.45pm) aims to show how Baroque music has influenced the 20th century. On offer are pieces by Purcell, Vivaldi, Lohos, Mozart, Bach, Stravinsky and Haydn. For the second concert (8.45pm) soprano Christine Carrington joins the players in a world premiere by Ian Wilson, preceded by pieces by Britten and Alan Rawsthorne. Arvon (01256 844244). 6.

**EDINBURGH:** Start of the Scottish tour of *Coma*, a haunting work on dream states by Philip Macdonald and Lee Simonson's *Improbable*. Theatre Royal, Edinburgh (0131-228 1404). Tonight, 8pm.

**LIVERPOOL:** The Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra celebrates the 50th birthday of Sir John McEwen with a concert featuring two of the Merseyside-born composer's best-known works: Holman's *Concerto for Orchestra*, with Judith Howarth as soloist, and *Concerto for Piano and Orchestra*, with Adrian Leaper as soloist. Philharmonic Hall (0151-708 3789). Tonight, 7.30pm.

**STRAITFORD-UPON-AVON:** Roy Fennell, Zoe Wallis and Richard McCabe play the leads in Michael Alton-Borough's production of *Othello*. Royal Shakespeare Theatre (01799 256223). Opens tonight, 7pm.

## NEW WEST END SHOWS

Jeremy Kingston's choice of theatre showing in London  
■ House full, returns only ■ Some seats available ■ Seats at all prices

**MAMMA MIA!** Enjoyable musical tells a tale of three fathers of a bride, to sleep a barmy way through a forest of abuse, rape, incest and incest. With David Sumner as Claudius. Yvonne (0171-638 8801). 6.

**ESCAPE FROM PTERADACTYL ISLAND:** Award-winning American musical based on the genre of early sci-fi novels, with new rock'n'roll songs from Michael Jeffery. Pleasure Theatre (0171-609 1800).

**SUDDENLY LAST SUMMER:** Shelia Gish plays the venomous mother and Rachel Walker the traumatised wife in Tennessee Williams' shocker. Sean Matheis directs. Comedy Theatre (0171-389 1731).

**MAKING NOISE QUIETLY:** Dominic Dromppole's *Coma* is a London season of Robert Holman's trilogy of short plays where strangers meet at a time when Elton John heads the cast. See review, right. Whitehall Theatre (0171-389 1735).

## FILMS ON GENERAL RELEASE

James Christopher's choice of the latest movies

## NEW RELEASES

**AN IDEAL HUSBAND (PG):** Oliver Parker's sumptuous homage to Wilde's over-the-top play is hijacked by Rupert Everett's madly charming Lord Goring. With Jeremy Northam and Cate Blanchett.

**HAPPINESS (18):** Perverse but gripping black comedy about mental illness attempts to find happiness. Todd Solondz's film walks an original, edgy line between satirical humour and ghastly habits.

**RETURN TO PARADISE (18):** Joseph Ruben's ode to conscience film is a real surprise about two American buddies who have years in a Malaysian prison if they return to help their condemned buddy. With Vince Vaughn and Anne Heche.

**PROMETHEUS (18):** Tony Harrison's dense film-poem is a work of surreal genius and endless layers. Michael Fassbender as Zeus's son, who looks at what he has achieved and destroyed with his stolen fire.

**ACTRESS (18):** Three famous actresses stage a performance of *Uncle Vanya* in a London theatre. With Vanessa Redgrave, Judi Dench and Maggie Smith.

## CURRENT

**A CIVIL ACTION (15):** Meaty courtroom drama with John Travolta and Al Pacino in a sprawling legal case about toxic dumping. Steven Zaillian directs.

**BEDROOMS & HALLWAYS (15):** The complete works of William Somerset Maugham, a collection of short stories and a play, are presented in a new edition.

**THE FACULTY (15):** Fifty sci-fi thriller with high comedy quotes from Kevin Williams, the scruffy behind screen. A faculty of schoolteachers get taken over by alien creatures from outer space. Director Robert Rodriguez flogs the creeping paranoia with self-cutting wit.

**SLAM (15):** Saul Williams puts in a sensational performance as a black rap poet who is in the Washington prison system. A gritty documentary-style film by Marc Levin.

**HIGH ART (15):** Amy Poehler and Rachel McAdams spread lesbian gloom and down in a surrealistic photographic magazine. Drugs, decadence and Fassbender fall to Burnside Lisa Cholodenko's complicated melodrama.

**THE VERY MIND OF MR. TONTO (15):** A comedy about a man who is a genius at solving crimes but is too stupid to do so himself. With John Goodman and Tim Allen.

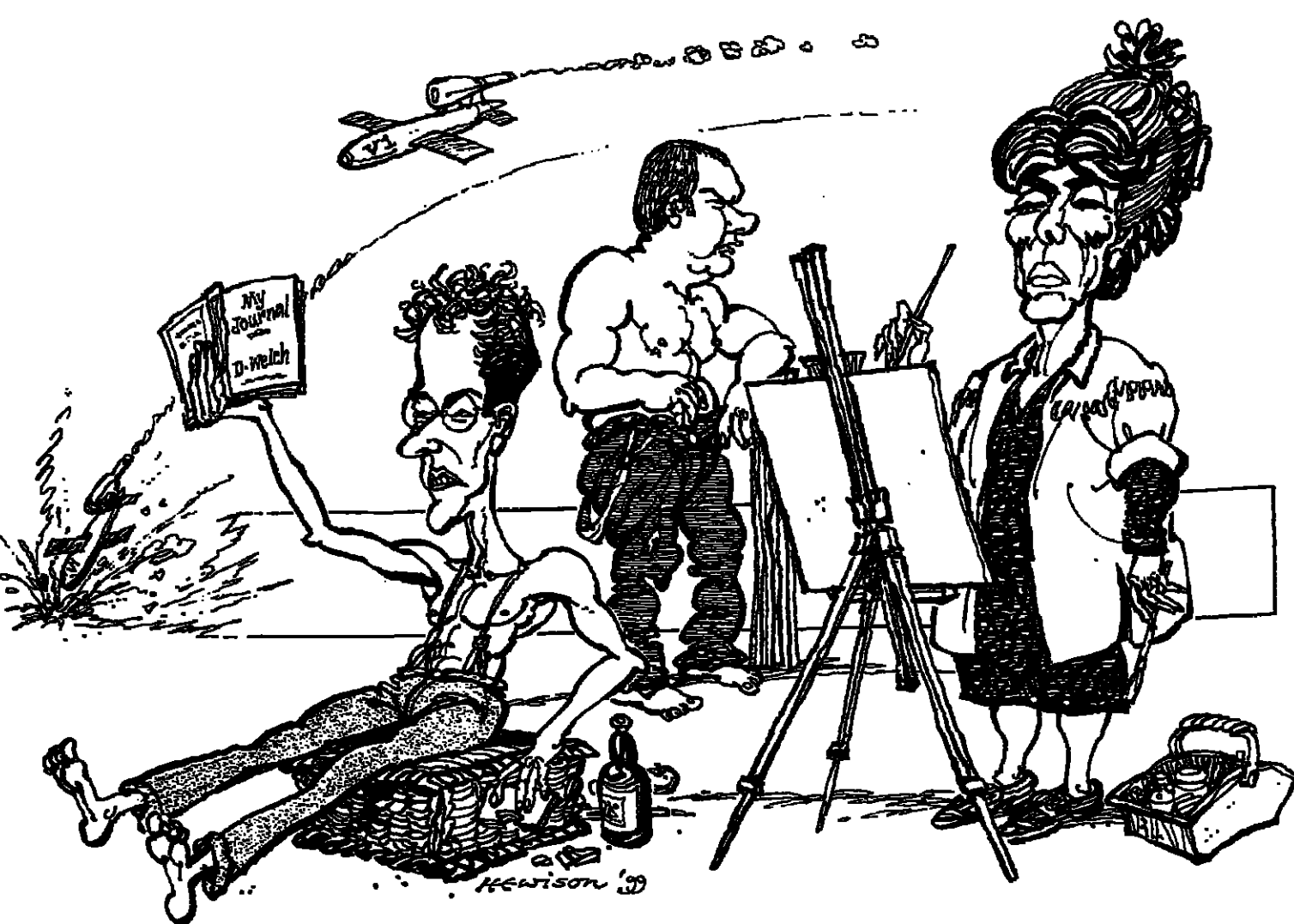
## ARTS

## THEATRE

## Whitehall's echoes of war

## Classic clown magic

Hackney Empire's Year of the Clown season got its first dose of the old silent magic from the hyperactive Catalan-Leandre. Promoting clowns must be a hideously difficult task. The very word evokes a cruel mish-mash of curmudgeonly old sods who have spent their life on the road with a moth-eaten animal show, or awful wacky New Age juggling types who escaped from Steiner school at the age of 14 but still believe children should be given the freedom to torture news as long as they are expressing themselves. Leandre is none of the above; he is more like the beautiful building that you find after getting lost and then waste the rest of your life trying to get back to — the lost domain of the clown world. Of course, he knows that we

Peter Hanly, John Lloyd Fillingham and Eleanor Bron in Oxford Stage Company's timely revival of Robert Holman's *Making Noise Quietly*

## Collaterally damaged

Walking down Whitehall after seeing Robert Holman's *Making Noise Quietly*, I passed Serb demonstrators blowing whistles and waving flags outside the Defence Ministry, and it struck me how weirdly opportune this revival is. When the Oxford Stage Company decided to launch a London season with a long-forgettable trilogy about the side-effects of war, it could hardly have foreseen that British bombs would be exploding in the Balkans on the day of its opening. Yet off they go — and who can say how odd and intricate their ultimate impact will be?

Drop a big, heavy object into a pond, and tiny ripples end up in unpredictable places. In Holman's view, it is the same with war. In *Being Friends*, which occurs in 1944, a conscientious objector decides to join the army, not because doodlebugs are landing near by but because he cannot forget seeing a badly tortured German die in a military hospital. In *Lost a Yorkshire Mother* he hears that the naval officer son who had rejected her has been killed in the Falklands. And, in the title-play, a German-Jewish businessman, once the victim of concentration camp sadism, warily befriends a veteran of the South Atlantic, an angry, bitter English private with his deeply disturbed stepson in tow.

The very name *Making Noise Quietly* sums up Holman's plays. They have al-

ways been unemphatic, unpretentious, yet resonant. From *German Skerries* in 1977 through *The Estuary* in 1980 to *Making Noise Quietly* in 1986, they have confounded mathematical logic by persuading you that less is more. Hitherto Holman has found his home on the fringe, never in the West End; so it is a surprise and, for me, a joy to find so representative a trio ensconced beneath Nelson's Column — and, in Deborah Bruce's sensitive production, implicitly reproaching that triumphal edifice.

There are obvious links between the plays. All their characters have been touched and

ways been unemphatic, unpretentious, yet resonant. From *German Skerries* in 1977 through *The Estuary* in 1980 to *Making Noise Quietly* in 1986, they have confounded mathematical logic by persuading you that less is more. Hitherto Holman has found his home on the fringe, never in the West End; so it is a surprise and, for me, a joy to find so representative a trio ensconced beneath Nelson's Column — and, in Deborah Bruce's sensitive production, implicitly reproaching that triumphal edifice.

Drop a big, heavy object into a pond, and tiny ripples end up in unpredictable places. In Holman's view, it is the same with war. In *Being Friends*, which occurs in 1944, a conscientious objector decides to join the army, not because doodlebugs are landing near by but because he cannot forget seeing a badly tortured German die in a military hospital. In *Lost a Yorkshire Mother* he hears that the naval officer son who had rejected her has been killed in the Falklands. And, in the title-play, a German-Jewish businessman, once the victim of concentration camp sadism, warily befriends a veteran of the South Atlantic, an angry, bitter English private with his deeply disturbed stepson in tow.

The very name *Making Noise Quietly* sums up Holman's plays. They have al-

ways been unemphatic, unpretentious, yet resonant. From *German Skerries* in 1977 through *The Estuary* in 1980 to *Making Noise Quietly* in 1986, they have confounded mathematical logic by persuading you that less is more. Hitherto Holman has found his home on the fringe, never in the West End; so it is a surprise and, for me, a joy to find so representative a trio ensconced beneath Nelson's Column — and, in Deborah Bruce's sensitive production, implicitly reproaching that triumphal edifice.

## THEATRE

**Making Noise Quietly**  
Oxford Stage Company  
Nelson's Column  
Tonight, 7.30pm

in some sense transformed by violence and suffering. All would seem to communicate more deeply with strangers than with those who know them better. But I must admit that acquaintance with the trilogy leaves me most enthusiastic about its first two-thirds. *Being Friends* is finely played by Peter Hanly and John Lloyd Fillingham, the one a

## Return to Bart land

**Edna's War**  
Edna's War  
Tonight, 7.30pm

young artist cheerfully unashamed of his homosexuality, the other a Quaker who surprises himself by baring his sexual secrets, his conscience and finally his body; and *Lost* boasts a marvellously unsentimental, moving performance from Eleanor Bron as a woman beneath whose defensive respectability and plodding clichés there's grief, bewilderment and fury at the dead son she must try to think of as a war hero.

Like many of his plays, *Lost* is set in Holman's native Tees-side, which may be why it seems psychologically truer than *Making Noise Quietly*, in which Bron struggles to

bring conviction to a Holocaust survivor earnestly trying to civilise a feral child and his almost equally troubled stepfather. Yet here too there is plenty of deft human observation, most strikingly in Fillingham's powerful portrayal of an inarticulate soldier who cannot stop himself taking out his self-hatred and rage on the pathetic boy he loves and who loves him. Here too Holman's distinctive qualities — that spare richness, that astringent abundance — leave us with drama quietly to relish.

## BENEDICT NIGHTINGALE

to, but then so are the characters. Steve Edwin is sound as the tough-but-vulnerable Fred; Phil Hearn is keen as the completely artless dodger Redhot; and Tony Hunt gets the martinet plod and monotone boom of the cloddish Sergeant Collins. In particularly good voice were Diana Croft as the put-upon barmaid Lily, and Liz Marsh and Nina Lucking as lovely tart Betty and Rosey, squealing away *la Barbara Windsor* for it was our Babs who was the original Rosey. The star turn, though, is Carol Sloman as a raddled whore whose every painful step is an agonising odyssey. She had the audience in such hysterics that they drowned out much of the show. The cast are sweetly directed by Bob Carlton.

The piece itself has its moments, though in Frank Norman's wordy book many of them are drawn out far too long, especially in the protracted second half. But when Bart's bright, breezy songs take over, things bow merrily enough along.

NIGEL CLIFF

HETTIE JUDAH

## OPERA &amp; BALLET

**COLLEEN** 0171 632 0000 (24hr)  
ENGLISH NATIONAL OPERA  
Fri 7.30pm/8.00pm

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

## ANTIQUE &amp; ART FAIRS

**The 4th Annual CHELSEA ART FAIR**  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH** 0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

**ANTIQUE & ART FAIRS**  
The 4th Annual  
CHELSEA ART FAIR  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH** 0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

**ANTIQUE & ART FAIRS**  
The 4th Annual  
CHELSEA ART FAIR  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH** 0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

**ANTIQUE & ART FAIRS**  
The 4th Annual  
CHELSEA ART FAIR  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH** 0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

**ANTIQUE & ART FAIRS**  
The 4th Annual  
CHELSEA ART FAIR  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

## THEATRES

**ADOLPH** 0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)  
0171 418 8000 (cc 24hr)

**THE ROYAL OPERA**  
at Sadler's Wells  
Box Office 0171 383 0000  
24-hour Helpline 0171 383 2226  
PAUL BUNYAN  
Fri 29 Apr - Sat 1 May 8pm & 7.30pm  
Sat 1 May Matinee at 2.30pm

**ANTIQUE & ART FAIRS**  
The 4th Annual  
CHELSEA ART FAIR  
22-25 April  
Tues-Fri 11am-6pm  
Sat 11am-5pm  
Chelsea Old Town Hall  
Kings Rd, SW2, Eng 0171 261 4119

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY  
Directed by Jonathan Kent  
NOW PREVIEWING  
Mon-Sat 7.30pm, Thu & Sat Mat 3pm

**THEATRES**  
cc 20hrs (11) 0171 341 0055  
Gps 412 321/0000 (24hr)  
TICKETS FOR A TICKET M.O.S.  
WIDEN OUTSTANDING MUSICAL  
Oxford Avenue 98

**CHICAGO**  
The Musical  
Marti Friedman  
Nadia Hughes  
STILL THE HOTTEST SHOW  
IN TOWN  
Mon-Sat 8pm & Sat 10pm  
Alma at the Albany  
0171 389 174/0004 4444  
David Hare  
PLENTY



POP

Tom Petty returns in style

ARTS

CONCERTS

King's goes Russian

# Heaven on earth with a satin doll

Robert Carsen's staging of *Semele* was the last operatic throw of the old regime at the Aix festival in 1996. It would be difficult to think of a more stylish way in which to exit. ENO had the wit at the time to book it as a co-production and it arrives at the Coliseum very much as it was then, complete with the ludicrous Rosemary Joshua more secure than ever in the title role.

The first act is still a bit stodgy as *Semele* takes her time deciding between a royal marriage on earth and the luxuries of Jupiter in heaven. Once she sees that a little social climbing is within her grasp, with a possible move from mortal to god, everything changes. Handel stops writing an oratorio and opts for a bawdy comedy, reflecting the gimlet eye of Congreve's libretto for the follies and foibles of the day.

Carsen suggests in a series of delicately pointed stage jokes that nothing much has changed over the years. The royals have their weaknesses, chief of which are greed and lust, and the gods — or super-royals — suffer from just the same faults. According to Congreve the way of the gods was much the same as the way of the world.

Rosemary Joshua's *Semele* is a blonde tramp, whose only real asset is her body and whose only aims are endless pleasure, as she states in her Act I aria, and a seat among the planets. She spends much of the evening in fetching satin underwear, and at one point nothing at all, while she indulges Jupiter. The vocal flow is just as uninhibited, with silvery roulades tumbling out into the Coliseum. The Mirror aria, *Myself I shall adore*, was especially brilliant: Baby Doll meets one or two coloratura so-

OPERA  
*Semele*  
Coliseum

pranos who had better not be named.

John Mark Ainsley plays Jupiter as a balding boss intent on having his piece on the side, not for the first or the last time to judge from the reactions of Juno (Susan Bickley, an all too recognisable regal figure in head scarf and welly boots). Jupiter may send *Semele* to her death when her demands become excessive, but before then he sings with great tenderness. Every phrase of *Where'er you walk*, taken very slowly and quietly, had the patrician shaping once given it by Heddle Nash.

The supporting cast is uniformly excellent, led by Sarah Connolly's warm-voiced Ino, sister of *Semele*, and just about the only sympathetic character in the piece. There are sharp impersonations from Iris Kelly as Juno's hobbleskirted secretary, the Miss Moneypenny of the spheres. Graeme Danby's Somnus is a pantaloons straight from *A Midsummer Night's Dream*, a sharp reminder that Britten's opera is the only other Carsen production seen at a major London house.

The ENO chorus, meticulously drilled by Carsen, revelled in Handel. So did the orchestra under the lithe hands of Harry Bicket. An overdose of stage champagne (courtesy of Canada Dry) induces the final bacchanale, most appropriately as Bacchus was the outcome of that Jupiter-Semele affair. The Coliseum has done Handel, and Congreve, proud.

JOHN HIGGINS



A god can Handel the goods: Jupiter (John Mark Ainsley) is intent on making the earth move for Semele (Rosemary Joshua) before the affair turns less than heavenly

## Petty-minded people

You need rhino skin if you're gonna begin to walk through... this world, sings Tom Petty on his new album with the Heartbreakers, *Echo*, released this week. In a 23-year recording career the band have developed just such a hide, the better to repel the somewhat malcontent reviews that have greeted the record in the UK. *Echo* is the first album credited to the band in eight years, but the Heartbreakers have always been central to Petty's creativity. When he makes supposedly solo records, they play on them, which is a bit like taking the mother-in-law on holiday. The new set is accused of being rooted in some time-

POP  
*Echo*  
Heartbreakers

locked rock nirvana, its face set sternly against any whiff of contemporary influence. So what you see in Uncle Tom's rock'n'roll cabin is definitely what you get, and the fans who have stayed with him in an up-and-down British career got the chance to see at close quarters on Monday evening. The band's stock has taken a tumble here since the days when they could play five nights at Wembley Arena, as they have loved. J.J. Cale's *Call Me The Breeze* and the Everly Brothers' imprint of *Lucille* were among those in the Heartbreakers' jukebox, and an instrumental workout by lead guitarist Mike Campbell was still wet with the spray of Californian surf classics by the likes of the Chantays.



Happy to be rocking and rolling: Tom Petty at the Empire

they did in 1992. But if the net result is the opportunity to see them in a club environment, and if Petty can continue to have fun, then neither band nor audience will complain.

Thus we embarked on a 150-minute exploration of Petty's back pages, in a relaxed show that also borrowed a few leaves from other volumes. They started with Chuck Berry's *Around and Around*, and proceeded to pick up favourite old playthings like a child rummaging in a toybox.

The set list was a delightful join-the-dots of their own landmarks, such as *Breakdown*, *Runnin' Down A Dream* and the rarely-performed *Don't Do Me Like That*, and of those they have loved. J.J. Cale's *Call Me The Breeze* and the Everly Brothers' imprint of *Lucille* were among those in the Heartbreakers' jukebox, and an instrumental workout by lead guitarist Mike Campbell was still wet with the spray of Californian surf classics by the likes of the Chantays.

*American Girl* was delivered not with the nervous energy of the original but as an acoustic sketch, and for one of the encores Petty turned the ubiquitous *Gloria* into a story song. To say that they sometimes played a little too comfortably within their capabilities would be to miss the point of a band that feels no further need to justify itself by scrambling up unknown terrain.

PAUL SEXTON

## London's likely lads

Another Level had no control over the events that conspired to make them the top turn in London last Saturday night, Paul Sexton writes. The DJ title bout between Fatboy Slim and Armand Van Helden fell victim to the Britney bomb, while Paul Henton of the Beautiful South, who always talks a good fight, was struck hoarse and unable to enter the ring at Wembley. But the improved billing for the London quartet was in keeping with their rapid rise through the card in the past 12 months.

With a hoard of hits in the locker since *Be Alone No More* made the first of two chart sorties in February last year, the group had rescheduled and upped their debut British tour to accommodate ticket demand, and there was never a suggestion that they were fighting above their weight. As underlined by an audience dominated by pubescent girls, their success has been channelled through a se-

POP  
*Another Level*  
Fatboy Slim

ries of polished home-grown R&B numbers with a good dollop of sex appeal to quicken the teenage pulse.

They entered to a stage layout reminiscent of that used by visiting champions Dru Hill a few weeks ago, with a seven-piece band doing sterling work in the shadows. Setting off with *I Want You For Myself*, their convincing vocals and harmonies evenly shared, they had the swagger of Lotharios, fashioned from the mould of such kings of the heartstrings as Boyz II Men and Keith Sweat.

But their Top 40 sensibilities are more upfront than those of such urban figureheads. Another Level came to the attention of pop crowds as the opening act on Janet Jackson's last European tour, and their keen ear for crossover was empha-

sified by the soul bubblegum of *Goody Goody*, due to feature on their second album later this year.

By then, they may well have a second chart-topper to display next to last summer's *Freak Me*. The well-connected group have the first single, Diane Warren's *From The Heart*, from the forthcoming Julia Roberts-Hugh Grant picture *Notting Hill*. It is a suitably romantic lead guaranteed approval from their fan base.

*Be Alone No More* closed the main set in singalong fashion, and after an unambitious encore version of Simply Red's *Holding Back The Years*, there was a sharper edge to *Summertime*, written for them by hip-hop notable TQ and due to launch them in the US next month. *Freak Me*, the bump'n'grind chart-topper appropriated from the Atlanta soulsters Silk, was triumphant. If Another Level can export London soul to the States, sales of nifty slack in Newcastle may yet be viable.

They were described as the choir of King's College, Cambridge, but surface details suggested impostors. No red cassocks or freshly-ironed surplices, just sombre black gowns and ties. None of that honey smeared over the notes by the chapel acoustic. And what were they singing? Rachmaninov's *Vespers*, if you please, written for the Russian Orthodox church in 1915, and largely based on traditional chants.

This is the King's choir in 1999, led into new musical terrain by the demands of fashion and the inquisitiveness of its current director, Stephen Cleobury. New Age minimal-

ism and millennium fever have recently swept Rachmaninov's setting to popularity. The choir's recording company, EMI, felt the moment was ripe. In March came the CD. And here was the concert, in St John's, Smith Square, packed with choir buffs, the devout, the curious, and the parents of the heroic little boys struggling for an hour to clutch vocal scores half their size. On top of that, they were singing in Russian. As the King's troupe moved up and

CONCERTS  
*Vespers*  
King's College Choir

down the 15 canticles' simple melodies, sparsely woven with parallel chords and bell-tolling phrases, no one could take them for a mature Russian choir, voices vast as the steppes, deep as the blood of a

hundred oxen. But, loud or soft, they still produced a thrilling sound, sensitive to the nth degree, phrasing and breathing under awesome control. Trebles began like Anglican angels but soon warmed to their task. The basses even managed to pluck some kind of low B-flat from their boots for the end of the *Nunc dimittis*. By the end, performance fatigue was creeping in, but this was understandable. Some Rachmaninov fatigue was also noticeable. Individu-

al numbers in the *Vespers* radiate brilliance and intensity, but as a concert experience this music lacks structure and variety. Rachmaninov once said his idea of heaven was a place where his Prelude in C sharp minor was never played. On aural grounds it is a pity Rachmaninov's heaven also has a ban on counterpoint.

Here Thomas Tallis came to the rescue. For the King's men began the concert on familiar Tudor ground, weaving effortlessly through the polyphonic maze of his *Lamentations of Jeremiah*. It was pungent; it was lovely; it was short.

GEOFF BROWN

Piano recitals are not what Glyndebourne has been famous for up to now, but things could change with the start of its new International Concert Series. Indeed, change is part of Nicholas Snowman's plan as General Director there, but this revolution is happening slowly: with the opera season just around the corner there are few free slots in the theatre's schedule.

But Mitsuko Uchida's recital on Sunday afternoon confirmed what an Alfred Brendel concert under the auspices of the Brighton Festival not long ago suggested: Glyndebourne's warm acoustics and intimacy make it a natural concert venue. With the piano placed over the covered orchestra pit,

Uchida was in close contact with the audience, ideal for an artist of her sensitivity.

She opened her programme of late Beethoven and Schubert with the former's Six Bagatelles, Op 126, miniatures in which the composer is at his most unconventional. The first bars of the opening piece sang out lyrically before digressing wildly, and Uchida was responsive to each twist and turn throughout the rest of the set she cut from quiet to stormy passages via lightning flashes of drama.

CONCERTS  
*Mitsuko Uchida*  
Glyndebourne

Her account of Beethoven's Sonata No 31 in A flat, Op 110, was equally wide-ranging. The opening had calm serenity, giving way to the rippling arpeggios that she dispatched with great delicacy. She built the work steadily towards its lofty finale, a fugue that thundered out organ-like only to lose its

## Storm over Sussex

way and eventually return majestically, and pulled all the strands of its complex structure together. Nothing could have shown better how Schubert is the poet to Beethoven's dramatist than her juxtaposition of both composers here: Schubert's Sonata in D, D 850, may be his most virtuosic and exuberant piano work, but it is also full of bucolic charm. Uchida caught all its freshness and played with unfettered vigour, especially in the dancing syncopations of the Scherzo. The airy finale had brilliant clarity, and the Scarlatti and Mozart encores that followed were played with featherweight delicacy.

JOHN ALLISON

### GREAT BRITISH HOPES

#### Rising stars in the arts firmament: JOHN WILSON

Age: 26.

Profession: Conductor-arranger. Winner of the Tagore Gold Medal, the plum award at the Royal College of Music. He wears two hats this week, conducting his own Sinfonia of Westminster at St John's, Smith Square, tomorrow and leading his easy listening ensemble, the John Wilson Orchestra, in its regular slot at Kensington's Royal Garden Hotel on Saturday. He'll also conduct Richard Strauss's *Don Juan* at Kenwood this summer.

Not to mention the rave reviews for his recorded series of Eric Coates's works. Gateshead-born Wilson has been a Coates admirer since his teens. "It's real arrangers' music, a happy combination of orchestral sound and well-crafted melodies. There are very few composers who are unjustly neglected: when you listen to their music you realise why they are neglected. But Coates isn't one of them."

Who else has influenced him? The arranger Robert Farnon is a role model too: he often sends Wilson scores to perform. Nelson Riddle is up at the top of the list. "His



string arrangement on Sinatra's version of *I Get Along Without You Very Well* is my favourite recording of all time. There's some wonderful contrapuntal writing in there."

Can we hear the JW Orchestra on record? Yes. The ensemble, which also plays regular dates at Pizza On The Park in Knightsbridge, has released its debut album, *This Is The John Wilson Orchestra*, on the Velvetone label. Singer Sarah Mould guests on vocals: other pieces are played as lush instrumentals.

CLIVE DAVIS

EN  
O  
New Production  
April 24 | 28 | 30  
May 5 | 7 | 13 | 15 | 18  
21 | 25 | 28 at 7:00pm  
Sung in English  
Tickets from £5-£55  
English National Opera  
London Coliseum WC2  
Box Office  
0171 632 8300  
24 hours  
www.eno.org

## Semele





Rodney Hobson introduces a four-page report on the UK awards for export, technological and environmental achievement

# Battle cry as magnificent few fly flag

The Prince of Wales has launched a campaign to revive the Queen's industry awards in the wake of a slump in applications.

Only 765 companies applied this year for the Queen's Awards for Export, Technological and Environmental Achievement, the smallest total since the awards began in 1966.

Despite the disappointing fall in the number of applications, the quality of aspiring companies has held up well. The total of 101 winners out of 765 nominations, 13.2 per cent, is well above the usual success rate. Last year awards went to just under 11 per cent and in 1997 to only 7.8 per cent.

This year all the environment award winners have tasted success for the first time and 30 winners across the board had not applied before.

But all three categories registered the lowest level of interest to date. The 520 Export applications marked only the second time that the total for this category had slipped below 700.

The Technology tally at 163 was 44 fewer than last year, itself the previous low point. Nominations for Environment fell below 100 for the first time, compared with 240 applications when this section was introduced in 1993.

The Prince of Wales was asked by the Queen to chair a committee of business people and senior government officials to review the awards.

The awards, made each year on the Queen's birthday, April 21, were originally launched during a balance of payments crisis. There was also a new awareness of technological change. Harold Wilson, then Prime Minister,

spoke of the "white heat of technological revolution".

Applications built up to peak at 1,860 in 1978. On average, there have been about 1,000 applications for the export awards, 300 for technology and just under 150 for the environment. Roughly one applicant in ten succeeds.

Tony Blair, the Prime Minister, announced just before Christmas that, at Buckingham Palace's suggestion, there should be a review of the scheme this year with any recommendations taking effect next year.

Roger Watson, secretary to the review committee, says: "The awards have been on something of a downward trend — technology because of the shrinking defence markets and exports because of the strong pound. The way forward may well be to broaden the environmental award beyond mere technological innovation to reward good environmental management."

There is not enough awareness of the awards among consumers. Their real value at present is between business competitors. They need a higher profile.

The committee will make its recommendations in June. In the meantime companies can still express an interest in the year 2000 awards with the Queen's Awards office so that application forms can be sent out as soon as they are available.

This year, smaller companies in particular are still showing interest, reflecting the growth of the small business sector in the UK economy.

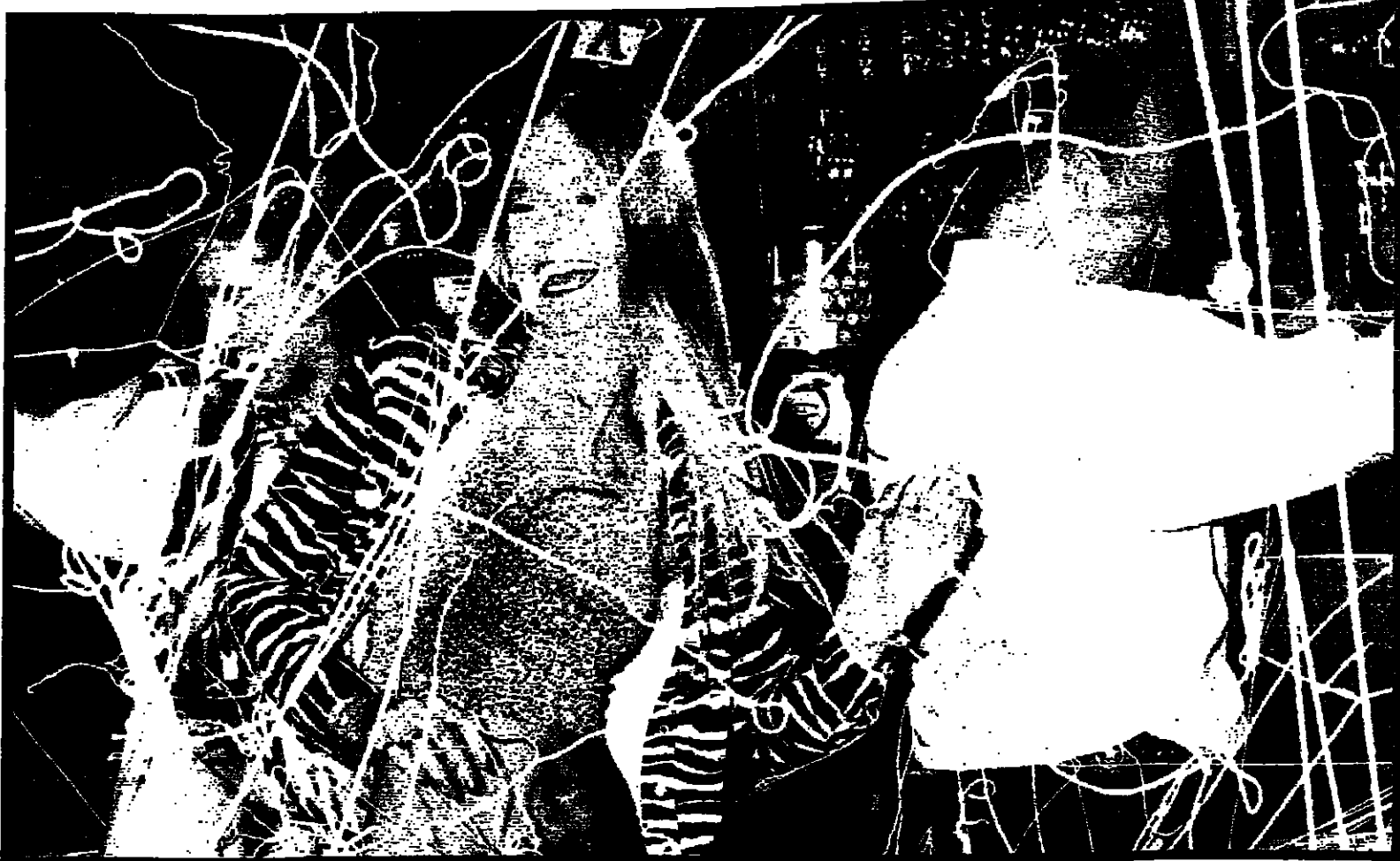
Crambeth Allen Publishing, which produces technical periodicals on steel making, refining and petrochemicals, has

only eight employees. So does UK Project Support, a Norwich-based recruitment agency for the offshore oil and gas industry.

Brunton's Propellers and its 11-strong workforce, at Clacton-on-Sea, Essex, enjoy a technology award while Corney & Barrow (Broker Services), a wine broker, has a staff of 12, although it is part of a larger group.

Another encouraging sign is the increase in applications from the financial services sector. It forms a third of the export winners, twice the usual proportion.

There are two double award winners this time. Digital Engineering of Belfast, a computer company, and Snell & Wilcox, a broadcasting and telecommunications manufacturer at Petersfield, Hampshire. Both win export and technology awards.



SILLY string and coloured hair do not win many awards, but GAC (UK) Ltd, based at Cwmbran in Wales, has won a Queen's export award by exporting the party spirit. Christopher Warman writes.

Aerosols of silly string, temporary hair-colour in the most eccentric of shades and glitter sprays are exported to more than 30 countries, accounting for 90 per cent of the company's £10 million turnover last year. By far the largest export market is the United States, followed by France and Germany.

GAC has more than doubled its production during the past three years and

it expects a bumper year this year as people prepare for millennium parties. "We are having difficulty meeting demand," says Stefan Volcke Jr, marketing director of the parent company Goodmark. "At any given moment, a party is going on somewhere in the world. We provide people with products that can be used for any festive occasion, from Christmas and New Year through to carnivals, birthdays and weddings."

More than 30 million cans of silly string were produced last year, enough to circle the globe 60 times.

## Hi-tech approach to exports

Only two firms have won double awards this year. Digital Engineering, a telecoms equipment maker at Mallusk, Belfast, and Snell & Wilcox, broadcasting equipment specialist at Petersfield, Hampshire, both take an export and a technology award, and are now recognised as world leaders in their respective fields.

Digital Engineering, set up in 1983 by Aubrey Sayers, the managing director, with backing from Leduc, the Northern Ireland organisation that supports small businesses, has only 30 employees yet has more than trebled exports in the past three years. It makes equipment that telecoms companies can use to test or demonstrate

their own products and to train staff. It won the technology award for a product that simulates ISDN high-quality telephone lines.

The Emute ISDN simulator has been a big seller worldwide since it was introduced in 1993. There are five versions, ranging from the smallest, which can be used in exhibitions, to larger ones for use by manufacturers to test their products.

A new product, the Arcaplex, which enables users to split one high-capacity ISDN line into 15 low-capacity channels, has already brought a £2 million order from Austria.

Digital Engineering exports more than 80 per cent of its output. Caroline Scott, the sales and marketing execu-

tive, says: "Sales have held up well despite the strong pound and are growing strongly in Europe. We have 40 distributors in 30 countries and we are always looking for new markets."

Snell & Wilcox has now picked up eight awards over the past nine years. This time the technology accolade is for its Prefix product, which improves the quality of television pictures before they are transmitted.

David Cunningham, the marketing executive, says: "Prefix cleans up the picture by removing extraneous noise before the picture is compressed for transmission. The British have a reputation for being good at investing in technology only to have others exploit it. We like to think we do both."

The benefits of Prefix are not only better pictures but significant cost savings. Clean pictures occupy a narrower transmission band than dirty ones, and bandwidth is expensive.

Snell & Wilcox, established in 1974, now has a 500-strong workforce worldwide. Exports have grown by 81 per cent over the past three years.

Mr Cunningham says: "We have been studying digital television for 11 years so we already have products to address this rapidly emerging market. We have not been badly affected by the strong pound or the economic turmoil in Asia. Even if there is a recession, people will still watch TV."

RODNEY HOBSON with one of the company's products



## Help to fight superbugs

Tony Dawe on innovations from bacteria detection to asthma inhalers

Health scares caused by the *E. coli* bacteria and *Cryptosporidium* may be on the way out thanks to ChemScan, the world's first bacterial detection system to provide results within minutes rather than days. ChemScan, developed by the Technology Partnership of Royston, Hertfordshire, is capable of detecting a single cell of microbial contamination using a revolutionary method that needs no multiplication and incubation.

The breakthrough is one of several in this year's Queen's Awards for Technological Achievement, announced today.

Contamination of food and drinks by *Cryptosporidium* and *E. coli* can kill or cause severe illness yet, until the invention of ChemScan, both were detected mostly after people had fallen ill.

Dr Christopher Graeme-Barber, the firm's marketing director, says: "Samples would be taken when people went to their doctors with an upset stomach, but it would take days to get the results and discover if they were suffering from something more serious. ChemScan is a faster scanning system — capable of finding within minutes a single living bacteria in a cup of liquid."

Innovations must achieve commercial success to win a Queen's award — ChemScan is now used by many British water companies and by food, drinks and drugs firms. It is expected to raise the purity of



The directors of Serck, Ian Dugan, David Woolley and Christopher Teed, inspect the exhaust-gas cooling system

water and mass-produced food dramatically in the next millennium. The system has also been used in hospitals to check for cancer cells and viral infection.

Minnows and giants of the medical world are among other award winners. Immunodiagnostic Systems, which employs 27 staff in Tyne and Wear, gets a prize for the development of medical test kits for finding vitamin D in blood samples.

The immuno-separation process is faster and more sensitive than other methods. A hundred samples can be analysed in two days using alternative methods, it will take three days to analyse a maximum of 24 samples. The absence of vitamin D can cause rickets, while the presence of the vitamin helps to stem

bone loss from osteoporosis. Dr Roger Duggan, the company's managing director, says: "The kit is now our biggest-selling product. Vitamin D plays an important role in the absorption of calcium which leads to strong bones and teeth in children."

Glaxo Research and Development has invented a new method for delivering asthma drugs. Accuhaler is a multi-dose dry-powder inhaler. It delivers a precise dosage and, because it is easy to hold and use, is suitable for both children and arthritics.

Accordis Specialty Fibres of Coventry and ConvaTec Ltd of Deeside, Flintshire, share a joint award for developing AQUACEL Hydrofibre wound dressing. The dressing forms a gel which covers the surface of the wound by

moulding itself over the contours, ensuring that the wound remains moist. The gel prevents the dressing from sticking to the wound and so makes removal less painful.

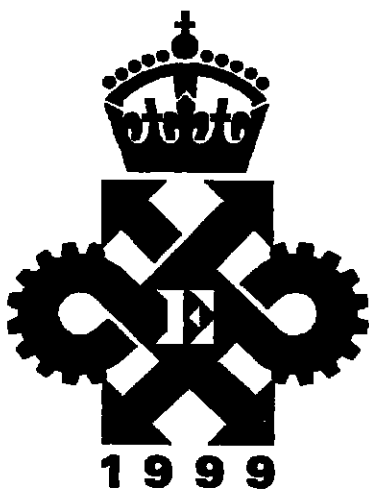
A further common theme among the technological awards are innovations which make contrasting forms of transport quicker, more efficient and environmentally friendly.

Brunton's Propellers of Clacton-on-Sea, Essex, wins an award for a sailing boat propeller which alters its pitch to suit the conditions. The pitch of the blades, which can swivel through 360 degrees, is set solely by the action of hydrodynamic and centrifugal forces which reduce fuel consumption, engine noise and vibration and make the boat travel faster. Autoprop has been fitted to 2,500 vessels.

An exhaust-gas cooling system might not sound the most exciting of developments, but the product from Serck Heat Transfer of Birmingham deserves its award because it has already been fitted to many diesel-powered cars, making them cleaner and reducing both fuel consumption and emissions.

David Woolley, director of Serck's exhaust-gas cooling division, says: "We have had the satisfaction of seeing the system adopted by many of the world's leading manufacturers including BMW, Ford and Volkswagen. To date, half a million units have been installed and there has not been a single failure."

## BUPA International Winner of



## The Queen's Award for Export Achievement 1999

Health Care without frontiers, providing Excellence in International Healthcare for individuals and companies.

For more information please telephone  
+44 (0) 1273 208181  
or [www.bupa.intl.com](http://www.bupa.intl.com)

## BUPA International

A world of experience in health care.

مكتبة من الأصل

### QUEEN'S AWARD FOR TECHNOLOGICAL ACHIEVEMENT

Accordis Specialty Fibres, Coventry West Midlands: AQUACEL Hydrofibre wound dressing.

AirSense Technology Ltd, Hitchin, Hertfordshire: Stratos-HSSD incipient fire/smoke detection system.

ALSTOM Energy Ltd, Rugby, Warwickshire: Advanced 3-D steam turbine blading with improved efficiency for high power density applications.

Brunton's Propellers Ltd, Clacton-on-Sea: Autoprop automatic variable pitch marine propeller.

ConvaTec Ltd, Deeside, Flintshire: AQUACEL Hydrofibre



wound dressing (joint award with Accordis).

Digital Engineering Ltd, Mallusk, Belfast: Design/development of ISDN central office

simulators that emulate different country variants of ISDN telecoms worldwide.

Glaxo Research and Development Ltd, Greenford, Middlesex: Diskus multidose dry powder inhaler.

Telecom Systems Division of Hewlett-Packard Ltd, South Queensferry, West Lothian, Scotland: HP aceSS7 — the standard for SS7-based network monitoring and data-mining in telecoms.

Immunodiagnostic Systems Ltd, Boldon, Tyne & Wear: Determination of vitamin D in human serum & plasma.

Marathon Belting Ltd, Roch-

dale, Lancashire: COPSIL (a press compensating mat).

Exhaust Gas Cooling Division of Serck Heat Transfer Ltd, Birmingham: Exhaust gas cooler (for diesel emissions improvement).

Snell & Wilcox Ltd, Petersfield, Hampshire: MPEG compression pre-processor for high quality noise reduction/digital decoding of video signals.

The Technology Partnership plc, Royston, Hertfordshire: ChemScan RDI for microbial detection and identification.

Zeneca Agrochemicals, Haslemere, Surrey: AMISTAR fungicide.

www.syne





## Greeks offer inspiration

One of Northern Ireland's oldest companies has won the Queen's Award for Export Achievement for the first time, with a product inspired by the white marble quarried on the Greek island of Paros.

Established in 1857, Belleek Pottery of Co Fermanagh is a manufacturer of fine Parian china giftware, pictured left, and tableware that has seen significant export growth in recent years.

In 1993 Belleek reported export sales of £1.8 million as part of an overall turnover of £3.37 million. By 1998, export sales had risen to £4.08 million and turnover to £6.42 million. During that time the workforce has grown from 120 to 200.

Belleek Pottery, whose sister companies are Galway Irish Crystal and Aynsley China, exports Parian china worldwide, with key export markets including America, Canada, the Caribbean, duty-free areas, France, Italy, Australia, the Middle East and Russia.

John Maguire, Belleek Group's managing director, says the company has invested considerable time and money in getting to know its export market customers and in responding to their specific needs with new product development. "The expansion of the group to include Galway Irish Crystal and Aynsley China has also brought us a wealth of additional export expertise," he says.

CHRISTOPHER WARMAN



## Boat prop saves fuel

AN ingenious boat propeller earns a technological achievement award for Brunton's Propellers of Clacton-on-Sea, Essex, one of the smallest firms among the winners, with 11 employees. Christopher Warman writes.

The company has developed the Autoprop, an automatic variable pitch marine propeller which alters its pitch to suit the operating conditions of the vessel on which it is mounted.

The blade pitch is set by the action of the hydrodynamic and centrifugal forces to offer much higher efficiency over a wider range of operating speeds than can be achieved by conventional fixed propellers.

This action results in higher vessel speeds, reduced fuel consumption and lower emissions into the environment.

**Aggreko UK Ltd** — Manufacturing: Dumbarton, West Dunbartonshire. Generators and oil-free air compressors. **Alkos Healthcare Group Ltd**, St Albans, Hertfordshire: International healthcare consultancy and contract services. **Allen & Overy**, London: Legal services.

**Beardow & Adams (Adhesives) Ltd**, Milton Keynes: Hot melt adhesives.

**Belleek Pottery Ltd**, Belleek, Co Fermanagh: Northern Ireland: Parian china giftware. **British Aerospace Airbus**, Filton, Bristol: Airbus airliner wing design and manufacture. **BUFA International**, Brighton: Private medical insurance.

**CRP Print & Packaging Ltd**, Corby, Northamptonshire: Flexographic printing of packaging items.

**Cambrian Consultants Ltd**, Usk, Monmouthshire: Geoscience, engineering, training and software expertise to the oil and gas industry.

**Cambridge Pharma Consultancy Ltd**, Cambridge: International management consultancy to the pharmaceutical industry.

**Caterpillar (UK) Ltd** (Telehandler Division), Desford, Leicestershire: Telehandlers. **H. Charlesworth & Co Ltd** t/a The Charlesworth Group.

**Huddersfield, Kirklees**: Type-setting and printing of scientific journals.

**Colortrac Ltd**, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire: Large-format digital colour scanners. **Comptography International Ltd**, Glenrothes, Fife: Photomasks for the semiconductor industry.

**Cornley & Barrow (Broker Services) Ltd**, London: Fine & rare wines.

**Crambeth Allen Publishing**, Craven Arms, Shropshire: Technical periodicals. **Crystalox Ltd**, Wantage, Oxfordshire: Crystal growth equipment.

**Data Connection Ltd**, Enfield, Greater London: Communications and networking software products and software engineering services.

**Digital Engineering Ltd**, Malusk, Belfast, Northern Ireland: Apparatus for developing and testing of telecommunications equipment.

**Dorset Cereals Ltd**, Dorchester, Dorset: Breakfast cereals.

**Druck Ltd**, Groby, Leicestershire: Electronic pressure measurement devices, pressure calibrators and aircraft ground support equipment.

**Dytech Corporation Ltd**, Sheffield: Catalysts and ceramic materials.

**Edinburgh Business School**, Edinburgh, Scotland: MBA distance learning courses.

**Element Communications Ltd**, Shaftesbury, Dorset: Sale of books and intellectual rights.

**Elmar Services Ltd**, Aberdeen, Scotland: Design, manufacture and rental of oilfield equipment.

**Equisys plc**, London: Zetafax corporate fax software.

**EuroFinance Conferences Ltd**, London: Conference, exhibition and training course organisers in international cash and treasury management.

**Euromoney Publications plc**, London: Financial publishers and conference organisers.

**Evans & Sutherland Computer Ltd**, Horsham, West Sussex: Visual flight simulators.

**The Financial Times Ltd**, London: Newspaper publishing and advertising.



**GE Aircraft Engine Services Ltd**, London: Repair and overhaul of aircraft engines.

**GEW (EC) Ltd**, Redhill, Surrey: Ultraviolet curing equipment for printing machines.

**Getty Connections Ltd**, Carrickfergus, Northern Ireland: Cable assemblies and general equipment wire.

**Glenmorangie plc**, Broxburn, West Lothian, Scotland: Malt and blended Scotch whisky.

**Günalp Systems Ltd**, Aldermaston, West Berkshire: Seismometers. **H.D.A. Forgings Ltd**, Redditch, Worcestershire: Specialist forgings.

**Hill Price Davison Ltd**, London: Computer software and services.

**Holton Machinery Ltd**, Bournemouth, Dorset: Holton Conform continuous rotary extrusion machines.

**John Horsfall & Sons (Greenland) Ltd**, Halifax, Calderdale: Airline blankets.

**Huthwaite International**, Rotherham, South Yorkshire: Sales and management training consultancy.

**Hydrovision Ltd**, Dyce, Aberdeen, Scotland: Underwater remotely operated vehicles.

**IAI International Ltd**, London: Investment management.

**Ilmor Engineering Ltd**, Brixworth, Northamptonshire: CART and Formula One Mercedes-Benz racing engines.

**Innovative Technology Ltd**, Oldham, Lancs: Bank note validation equipment.

**Innovative Tooling Solutions**, a division of Forth Tool and Valve Ltd: Glenrothes, Fife, Scotland: Specialised machine tooling for controlled boring operations.

**The Macallan Distillers Ltd**, Craigellachie, Moray, Scotland: Highland malt Scotch whisky.

**MacDuff Shellfish (Scotland) Ltd**, MacDuff, Aberdeenshire, Scotland: Fresh and frozen shellfish.

**McCormick Europe**, Conditment Division, Paisley, Renfrewshire, Scotland: Condiments and seasonings.

**Motorola Ltd GSM Systems Division**, Swindon, Wiltshire: Cellular radio telephone equipment.

**Owen Mumford Ltd Medical Division**, Woodstock, Oxfordshire: Sterile medical disposables for capillary blood sampling and delivery systems for self-administration of injectable pharmaceuticals.

**Nikwax Ltd**, Wadhurst, East Sussex: Waterproofing preparations for footwear, clothing, outdoor and equestrian equipment.

**Norton Rose**, London: Legal services.

**Partridge Films**, a division of HTV Ltd, Bristol, Avon: Natural history films.

**Penny & Giles Drives Technology Ltd**, Christchurch, Dorset: Electronic motor controllers for invalid wheelchairs and electric scooters. **Pilkington Microtronics Ltd**, Deeside, Flintshire, Wales:

Processed glass for data storage and display.

**Powder Systems Ltd**, Liverpool, Merseyside: Pharmaceutical processing equipment, high containment and product protection systems for pharmaceuticals.

**L.E. Pritchitt & Co Ltd** t/a Pritchitt Foods, Bromley, Greater London: Dairy and dairy alternative products.

**Rig Design Services Ltd**, London: Engineering and design services.

**Scherer DDS Ltd** — Zydis Division, Swindon, Wiltshire: Fast dispersing tablets for prescription pharmaceuticals.

**SeiMAT Ltd**, Swindon, Wiltshire: Battery separator components and filtration products.

**Sea Air & Land Forwarding Ltd**, London: General merchandising and freight forwarding.

**Snell & Wilcox Ltd**, Petersfield, Hampshire: Equipment for broadcast television studios, multimedia and telecommunications.

**Software 2000 Ltd**, Sandford-on-Thames, Oxfordshire: Computer software.

**es Ltd**, Riddings, Derbyshire: Refractory mould materials.

**Stannah Stairlifts Ltd**, Andover, Hampshire: Electrically powered stairlifts.

**Charles F. Stead & Co Ltd**, Leeds: High quality suede leather for the shoe trade.

**Switzer Ltd**, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk: Seabed and sub-seabed surveys for the oil and gas and communications industries.

**Technical Absorbents Ltd**, Grimsby, Lincolnshire: Man-made superabsorbent fibre.

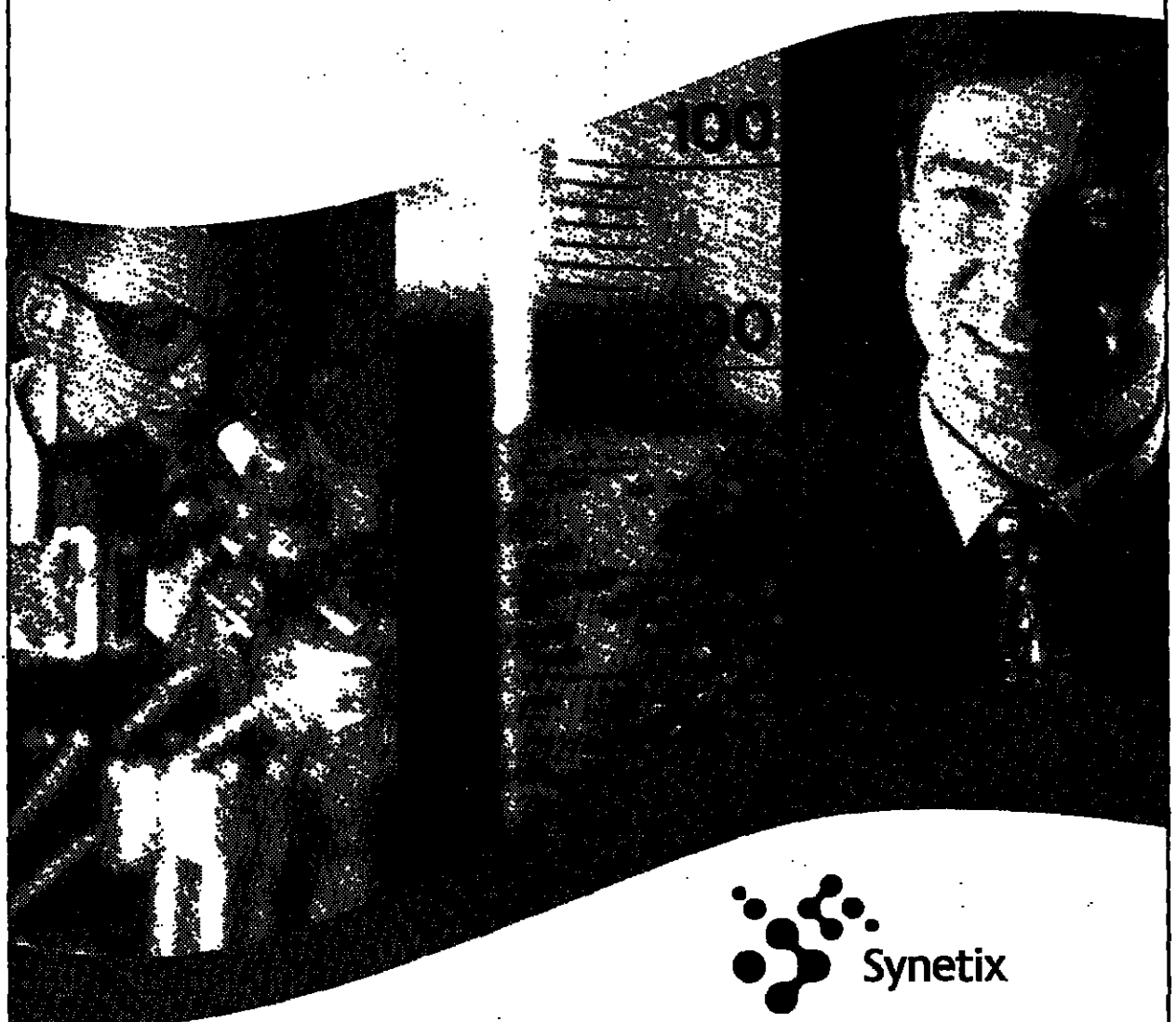
**Thermatool Europe Ltd**, Basingstoke, Hampshire: High-frequency welding and annealing equipment and high-speed shears.

**Trans Euro plc**, London: Global move management, worldwide corporate relocation services, fire-safe secure storage and freight forwarding.

**UK Project Support Ltd**, Norwich, Norfolk: Specialist technical contract personnel.

**University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology (UMIST)**, Manchester: Research, teaching and technology transfer.

## Clever Science for Your Benefit



**Synetix**  
Catalyst Science



Winners of the Queen's Award for Environmental Achievement 1999.

Synetix  
United Kingdom  
Tel +44(0)1642 523343  
Fax +44(0)1642 522542  
E-mail synetix@icl.com



A member of the ICL Group

[www.synetix.com](http://www.synetix.com)

ConvaTec sincerely thank our customers and employees for their help in achieving this important award and recognition for the development of **AQUACEL™**.

**AQUACEL™ Hydrofibre™** wound dressing is a highly absorbent, non-woven fibrous dressing. It moulds to the surface of the wound and ensures that the wound remains moist. This provides the optimum environment for healing and permits easy and pain-free removal of the dressing.

The unique gelling properties of **AQUACEL™** lock fluid into the dressing, limiting damaging maceration of the sensitive skin around the wound.

**AQUACEL™** is available in the United Kingdom and other countries.



**ConvaTec**  
A Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

Harrington House  
Milton Road  
Ickenham Uxbridge UB10 8PU

Website: [www.convatec.com](http://www.convatec.com)





# How aviation soared to fresh heights

Aviation companies feature prominently among the contrasting industries that have picked up prizes in the Queen's Awards for Export Achievement announced today. Aircraft manufacturers, engine repairers and companies providing comfort for passengers and essential instruments for the planes are all recognised, but the most surprising export winner is an airport.

Noise restrictions, the lack of rail links and the initial sluggish pace of Docklands development all helped London City Airport to run up huge losses in its first years. Today it is booming with a dozen European airlines serving a score of destinations. International carriers, including Air France, Alitalia and Lufthansa, fly into the Docklands airport bringing passengers who spend money in its shops and cafes and on travel in the capital.

"With more than half of the passengers travelling via London City being resident in Europe, we have created a significantly increased contribution to the UK's invisible earnings," says Richard Gooding, the airport's managing director. "These awards are not given lightly and to be the first air-

port to win one is a great achievement."

A more predictable winner is British Aerospace for its work on the Airbus, the most successful European co-operation in building passenger planes. The Airbus began life as a twin-engine aircraft with limited range, but a series of models is now being built, including the four-engine A340-500 with a range of 9,000 miles. Exports have almost doubled over the past three years and the company is also studying a Super-jumbo capable of carrying up to 650 passengers.

The 2,000th Airbus will be completed shortly. British Aerospace has made the wings for all of them, employing 7,500 directly, although a total of 62,000 people are involved in the project throughout the UK. The award for export achievement also goes to a company that overhauls aircraft engines for more than 70 airlines. Based in Nantgarw,

South Wales, GE Aircraft Engine Services has boomed since it was bought from British Airways by General Electric, the American engine manufacturer. The company has trebled the number of airlines it serves and exports have doubled, reaching £275 million — more than 40 per cent of all revenues, last year.

James Barrett, the deputy chairman, says that while BA remains its largest customer, the Queen's Award provides national recognition for "making this a global business with global reach".

Passenger safety might be the company's main concern, but passenger comfort is the prime reason for the success of John Horsfall & Sons of Halifax, which wins the award for the second year running. The company, founded in 1863 to make blankets, carried on business successfully until the 1970s when the popularity of duvets undermined the market. It moved on to providing blankets for the airline industry.

"The airline business has

grown until it has become the most important for us," says Peter Benson, the managing director.

"We make everything from a very economic flame-retardant mod-acrylic blanket to the most luxurious lambs-wool ones, as well as head-rests, pillows and duvets for first-class sleeping cabins."

Completing the list of aviation winners is Druck of Groby, Leicestershire, that makes products ranging from pressure sensors through to sophisticated aircraft ground-support equipment.

The company exports to more than 60 countries and has won important contracts from the US Army and Navy for test sets used to calibrate aircraft instruments such as altimeters.

average cost savings of 45 per cent, enabling users to recover their investment within a year.

ICI's Synetix business was formed last year by the merger of three of its branches with the catalyst businesses of Crossfield and Unichema purchased from Unilever. The headquarters are at Billingham, Cleveland.

It wins an award for the development of its HYDECAT process for treating waste sodium hypochlorite, a by-product of chlorine use or manufacture. Waste treatment produces sodium hypochlorite, a toxin which the HYDECAT catalyst converts into a salt solution and oxygen. No chemicals are needed, and the threat to the environment is eliminated.

Esmil Process Systems, of High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, wins an award for the development of a wood pulp effluent and water recovery system which eliminates all discharges.

The system recovers all suspended and dissolved solids in the form of a dry "cake" which can be fed as fuel into a boiler, while the liquid is purified for re-use in the manufacturing process.

The fifth award goes to Zeneca Metal Extraction Products, of Blackley, Manchester, for the development of a new magnesium-based process used to manufacture a chemical for extracting copper from waste ore.

The new technology is claimed to reduce effluent components by some 85 per cent.



Reaching for the sky: British Aerospace has been rewarded for its work on the Airbus. Its exports have almost doubled over the past three years

## Homecare gets a lift

Amanda Loose reports on the medical-products firms that help patients to help themselves

The worldwide trend towards encouraging patients to treat their own illnesses outside hospitals by managing their own medication, is being made easier — thanks to companies such as Owen Mumford Medical Division, based in Woodstock, Oxfordshire, winner of its first Queen's Award.

The company specialises in the design, development and manufacture of small medical devices and disposables for diagnostic testing, blood sampling and self-injection of pharmaceuticals. These are used in institutions, but can also help patients to monitor and treat their conditions at home.

John Webb, the sales director, says: "More and more patients are managing their own medication in their own homes and the manufacture of devices used for self-injection of pharmaceutical products, such as insulin, is a growing area. "This situation is typified by diabetes, but more new drugs are coming out that are usable in a home environment, such as growth hormones which are administered to children suffering from a growth disorder."

The company markets the products worldwide under its own brands and works with pharmaceutical companies to develop devices for specific needs. Its exports have doubled over the past three years.

Scherer DDS's Zydix Division, part of the R P Scherer group, has won its first award. Based in Swindon, Wiltshire, with a staff of 340, it contracts, develops and manufactures fast-dissolving oral base tablets for pharmaceutical clients, including Glaxo.

Dr Richard Yarwood, the managing director, says: "There has been substantial growth in this market. The tablets are convenient and accurate. It is a dosage form that has applications for children and for older people who may be taking several drugs and have difficulty swallowing."

Almost all its business is for export, and the combined earnings of product sales and development projects have more than doubled over three years. Its main markets are in America and Western Europe.



On the rise: Stannah Stairlifts is celebrating its third award

Technical Absorbents has also won its first Queen's Award, after receiving the Humber Exporter of the Year Award last year. This

company, established in 1994, is based near Grimsby and employs 20 people. Technical Absorbents Ltd has doubled its exports over the past three years.

It manufactures Oasis Fibre Superabsorbent, which has a wide variety of applications, from health and hygiene uses, to the cable industry and food

packaging. Oasis is designed to absorb and retain large amounts of liquids. It will take in up to 50 times its own weight in water, locking the liquid into the fibre so it is dry to touch.

Richard Heath, the sales and marketing director, says: "We sell this fibre for use in a range of hygiene applications, from adult incontinence to medical dressings. Bandages need to be changed less frequently, reducing disturbances to the wound and also reducing costs."

Oasis fibre is also used in food packaging, for example the soaker pads at the bottom of sealed plastic trays containing fresh meat or poultry. The fibre boosts the pad's absorbency, says Mr Heath, locking in the liquid and so improving the hygiene and the presentation of the product.

Stannah Stairlifts, based in Andover, Hampshire, is a veteran of the Queen's Awards, winning its third this year. The company, part of Stannah Family Holdings, has increased its exports by almost £11 million over the past six years and has established 12 new markets.

Brian Stannah, the chairman of the parent company and a director of Stannah Stairlifts, is delighted with its win, as markets around the world become increasingly aware that more people are living longer and are being cared for in their own homes.

"Continued product development and focusing on the needs of our customers have been crucial," he says. "However, sales volumes and distributor loyalty have been seriously affected by the high value of sterling. It is difficult to maintain successful exports with the high pound. Distributor loyalties are being seriously affected."

BUPA International, part of the BUPA Group, based in Brighton, West Sussex, has also received a Queen's Award.

Founded more than 25 years ago, it is the UK market leader in international private medical insurance, and now has members in 180 countries.

BUPA International gives customers a choice of cover based on their circumstances, and the opportunity to decide the country and the hospitals in which they are treated.

## Helping industry to clean up

The entry rules for the Queen's Awards for Environmental Achievement stipulate that the applicants' products must offer significant benefits in environmental terms compared with those already in existence, writes John Young.

They must also be shown to be commercially successful and to address the cause of a particular environmental problem rather than its effect.

A good example is provided by the Jesse Brough Metals Group, of Hixon, Staffordshire, which has led the way in searching for ways of recycling the furnace waste from aluminium production.

Every year the world produces some 3.5 million tonnes of so-called white dross and 850,000 tonnes of black dross, which is either consigned to slagheaps or used for landfill.

In close collaboration with Mechatherm International, also based in Staffordshire,

the company has developed the technology to separate metallic oxide products from the dross, so that they can be reused in steelmaking and ceramics.

Exotherm Products of Cardiff receives an award for the development of Insul-Watt, described as the biggest break-

through in plastic heater technology for half a century. The company was established in 1982 to develop energy-efficient electric heaters for melting plastic polymer feed to moulding machines.

The reduction in power achieved by the use of Insul-Watt heater bands produces



Jesse Brough Metals Group, Hixon, Staffordshire: recycling of furnace waste.

Exotherm Products Ltd, Cardiff: energy-efficient electrical heaters.

Synetix (member of the ICI Group), Billingham, Cleveland: HYDECAT, a fixed bed catalytic destruction technology for waste sodium hypochlorite.

Zeneca Metal Extraction Products, Blackley, Manchester: novel magnesium-based process used in the manufacture of copper mining chemical.

**WALKERS**  
ESTABLISHED 1898

*The world's classic pure butter shortbread*

Three times winner of the Queen's Award for Export Achievement.

Walkers Shortbread Ltd Aberdeen-on-Spey Scotland AB38 9PD Tel 01340 871555 Fax 01340 871355

**THE TECHNOLOGY PARTNERSHIP**

**The Technology Partnership innovates**

We owe our success to our staff.

We are recruiting now. If you are an engineer or scientist of whatever flavour, call us or visit our web site.

The Personnel Team, The Technology Partnership plc  
Melbourn, Royston, Herts SG8 6EE.  
Tel: 01763 262626 Fax: 01763 261875 www.ttpgroup.co.uk

**EuroFinance**

EuroFinance Conferences is honoured to receive for the first time

**The Queen's Award for Export Achievement 1999**

With very special thanks to our staff, families, suppliers and clients worldwide for their support and contribution to this success

Over 75% of export business worldwide

Tel: +44 171 256 5666 Fax: +44 171 256 5667 www.eurofinance.co.uk

**GETTY**

**THE QUEEN'S AWARD FOR EXPORT ACHIEVEMENT 1999**

**GETTY CONNECTIONS LTD**

Are proud and honoured to accept The Queen's Award for Export Achievement and we acknowledge with grateful thanks the part that our employees, customers and suppliers world-wide have played in our success

Getty Connections Ltd, Belfast Road, Carrickfergus, Co. Antrim Northern Ireland BT38 6BG

Tel: +44 1960 364741 Fax: +44 1960 365894  
E-Mail: mail@getty.co.uk Url: http://www.getty.co.uk

**RDS**  
Rig Design Services Ltd

**"Engineering for Excellence"**

Rig Design Services Limited is proud to receive

**The Queen's Award for Export Achievement 1999.**

We would like to thank our employees, suppliers and worldwide customers for their dedicated contribution to our continued success as a world-class designer of deepwater drilling vessels.

The RDS Group of Companies provide design, engineering and software services to the Oil & Gas, Steel Construction and Automotive industries.

http://www.rds.co.uk

Rig Design Services Ltd, Portland House, 4 Great Portland Street, London W1N 6JX.  
Tel: +44 (0) 171 307 9500 enquiries@rds.co.uk

هكذا من الأصل



# Drink a toast to a tartan success story

Scotland's food and drink producers have done the nation proud, writes John Young

There is a distinctly Scottish flavour to this year's awards in the food and drink sector, with four of the six winners coming from north of the border.

Nestling among the famous Speyside distilleries is a bakery established by Joseph Walker just over 100 years ago to serve the needs of the village, which has since grown to be the country's leading manufacturer of shortbread.

Although it is still jointly run as a family business by the founder's three grandchildren, James, Joseph and Marjorie, it employs about 600 staff and exports nearly half its annual output of some 10,000 tonnes to more than 60 countries, including America, Australia, France, Chile and Russia. This is its third export award, following successes in 1984 and 1988. "It is a reflection on everyone in the company from the shop floor up, and we think it is rather special because it is rare for a bakery to win an award twice, let alone three times," says James Walker.

The firm also markets a range of Duchy Original biscuits made from organic wheat and oats harvested on the Prince of Wales's Home Farm at Highgrove.

Another family firm, MacDuff Shellfish, of Aberdeenshire, wins an award for the first time. Exports from its two factories, both of which have won awards from the Sea Fish Industry Authority, have more than doubled in the past three years.

Its main markets are France and, increasingly, Portugal, Spain and Germany. Principal products are langoustines, scallops and crabs, all caught in local waters and supplied to supermarkets, wholesale groups

and specialist traders. "Selling to the French has been quite difficult," says John Beaton, the managing director.

One of the two English companies on the prize list is Dorset Cereals, of Dorchester, which is winning an award for the first time. Founded only ten years ago, the company exports high-fibre breakfast foods and mueslis to 47 countries in Europe, the Middle East, the Far East, North America and the Caribbean, in total accounting for half its sales.

It has exhibited at international food fairs in London, Germany and Russia, and works with the Department of Trade and Industry to promote language learning for businessmen.

Scotch whisky has long been a significant contributor to Britain's export trade, and two of the best known malts are included in this year's awards.

The Macallan Distillers, of Craigellachie, Banffshire, has been honoured for the fourth time. Between August 1996 and August 1998 exports rose from 54 per cent to 61 per cent of total turnover, despite intense competition in the luxury market.

Glenmorangie plc, of West Lothian, which exports to more than 100 countries, wins its first award.

Although Britain is not yet a significant producer of wine, the well-established merchants Corney & Barrow, in the City of London, have won a second successive export award as a broker of fine and rare wines imported mainly from France and sold on to other countries.

Much of the wine comes from private customers' reserves which have been stored in the firm's cellars since they were first shipped.



First-time award winner for exports: Glenmorangie chairman Geoffrey Maddrell has a celebratory dram inside the company's warehouse bottling plant in Broxburn, Scotland

London's importance as an international financial and legal centre has helped two large City law firms to win awards for exports. They are Allen & Overy with more than 1,500 staff and Norton Rose with about 1,200.

In the past ten years several London law firms, like their foreign counterparts, have become more internationally minded and there are now half a dozen leading British firms that practise all over the world.

Allen & Overy has 20 offices that practise local law in many countries, but Bill Tudor John, the senior partner, says: "British invisible exports, of which law is one, are an important earner for the country and law firms are quite significant contributors to export earnings. English law has become a highly exportable product. Many international contracts between foreign partners will specify English law and English courts because there is an enormous respect for the impartiality of our judiciary."

## Worldwide demand for English law and courts boosts invisible exports

Mr Tudor John adds: "We doubled the size of our firm in the past five years and that growth has been mainly overseas."

"When I took over as head of the firm in 1994 only 7 per cent of our people were based outside the UK. Now it is 34 per cent and within a short time, probably two years, more than half our lawyers will be based abroad."

Formed in 1930, Allen & Overy provides legal advice to businesses, financial institutions, governments and individuals on banking, corpo-

rate matters, international capital markets, litigation, tax, employment and pensions.

Export earnings come from all over the world, but the biggest markets are where the financial centres are: in Europe, North America and Asia.

Allen & Overy has been advising financial institutions on their preparations for European economic and monetary union.

Mr Tudor John says European monetary union will bring more export gains for British law firms

even while the country stays outside the system. He believes it will encourage cross-border mergers and acquisitions, an area in which British law firms have experience and expertise. In anticipation, Allen & Overy plans to expand its presence in Paris and Frankfurt.

Norton Rose has been trading for more than 200 years and acts for international groups including sovereign states, banks and other financial institutions.

Senior partner David Lewis says: "This award comes at the end of a

record year in which we have opened three new offices in Athens, Prague and Bangkok.

"We have always had a strong international client base. However, the rate at which our international work has grown recently is staggering. Over the last three years our London office has more than doubled the value of work conducted outside the UK. This work now represents more than 40 per cent of its business."

Work includes advising on shipping, oil and gas financing, cargo claims, aircraft leasing, project finance, privatisation, cross-border mergers, property and international tax issues.

Recent achievements include advising Texas Utilities in defeating US rival PacificCorp in the bidding war for The Energy Group, the UK utility; privatisation of the Romanian shipping industry; and the Bang Po power project in Thailand.

RODNEY HOBSON

### A PROUD MOMENT



THE QUEEN'S AWARD FOR EXPORT ACHIEVEMENT

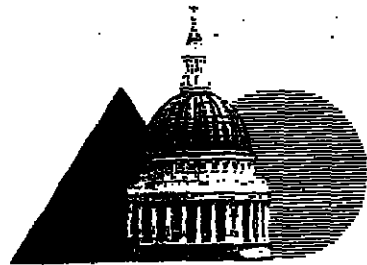
We know it is unusual for a law firm to be presented with the Queen's Award for Export Achievement and that makes us especially proud to receive it.

But not too proud, we hope, to pass the moment without acknowledging those who have made it possible.

The partners and staff in our offices throughout the world whose knowledge and dedication have made us a premier international law firm.

And, of course, our ever-growing number of clients without whose support and loyalty this could not have been achieved. Their success is a measure of our success.

In accepting the award we thank you all.



ALLEN & OVERY

www.allenover.com

BANGKOK BEIJING BRUSSELS BUDAPEST DUBAI FRANKFURT HONG KONG  
LONDON MADRID MOSCOW MILAN NEW YORK PARIS PRAGUE ROME  
SINGAPORE TIRANA TOKYO TURIN WARSAW

## GlaxoWellcome



WE'VE JUST WON OUR TENTH  
QUEEN'S AWARD FOR  
TECHNOLOGICAL ACHIEVEMENT



Asthma patients in many countries know why

Once again we are proud to announce that Glaxo Wellcome Research and Development has won the Queen's award for Technological Achievement.

This year it heralds the development of a novel dry powder inhaler which treats asthma patients in many countries.

Now with a tenth award under our belt we mean to push ahead, in our continuing quest to keep people healthy all over the world.











## RUGBY UNION

# Money men confident clubs can halt losses

BY DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

ENGLAND'S two most successful clubs, the East Midlands duo of Leicester and Northampton, will make substantial losses this season but both remain optimistic that the worst is over. Indeed next season, with Europe on the horizon, both believe they can, at worst, break even.

Leicester, who are within three points of the title, will lose in excess of £500,000 this season while Northampton, whose second place is the highest they have achieved in the Premiership, will lose £1.7 million. These are clubs with a formidable following, so the losses facing the less successful can easily be imagined. "We took a calculated decision and last year I spent an extra £500,000 so that Ian McGeechan [the director of rugby] could have what he wanted," Keith Barwell, the Northampton chairman, said. "But Europe will be worth perhaps another £700,000. We will reduce the players' wage bill by about £500,000 and I'm rather hoping that the excitement of the World Cup and Europe plus our own commercial nous will mean that next season we lose between nothing and £500,000. If I desperately wanted to, I could go into the black."

Preparations for this season were severely impaired by the inability of the leading clubs to produce a fixture list for members and sponsors, causing financial chaos. Hard lessons have been learnt and Barwell and Peter Tom, his Leicester counterpart, hope that the board meeting next Tuesday of English First-Division Rugby will produce a formula for 1999-2000, in particular a credible means of conducting club rugby before and during the World Cup.

Both men have considerable

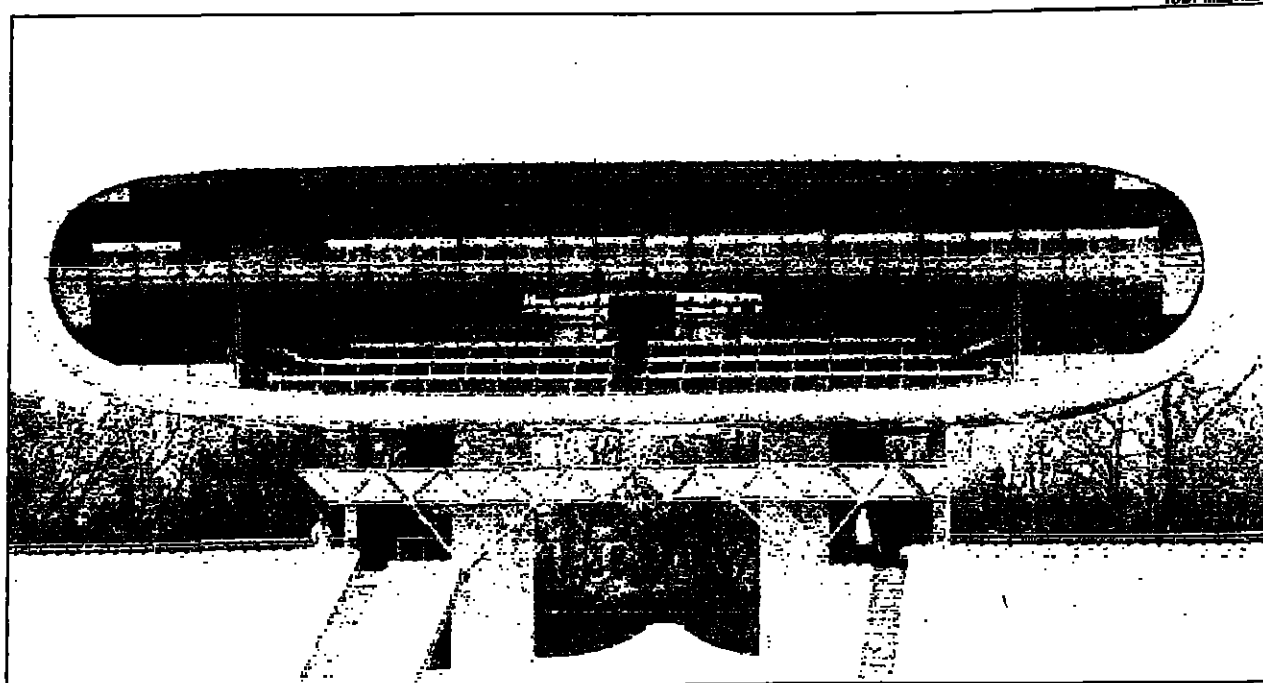
personal fortunes but where Barwell has chosen to fund directly Northampton's rise, Tom has brought business acumen to bear on a club that has traditionally relied on the city's commercial leaders.

"I have been in a position where, in an emergency, I could help out because some of my best moments were spent playing for Leicester," Tom said. "But I think the departure from the scene of Sir John Hall and Ashley Levett, which may have created difficulties for Newcastle and Richmond, has helped to restore reality."

All England's clubs have agreed the imposition of a salary cap of £1.5 million next season but there is also a continued debate over the number of clubs that will be competing at the highest level. If rumours of mergers take place, the number of clubs in the first division could be reduced from 14 to 12, which would affect the distribution of cash from television fees.

"I'm delighted that the clubs are back in Europe and that there seems to be peace between the International Board, the Rugby Football Union and the clubs," Barwell said. "There are still some tricky things to be resolved, notably the great mass of fixtures scheduled, which could very well necessitate some short-term contracts for players. I expect to lose ten players to various World Cup squads. Gloucester, for example, might only lose one."

"But I went into this with my eyes open. I told my committee three years ago that a fog would come down and life would be very difficult. I also told them no more than six or eight English clubs would survive but it's nice to know that there is enough money to fund an elite."



Navigational beacon: the new media centre at Lord's will offer a reference point for pilots approaching Heathrow

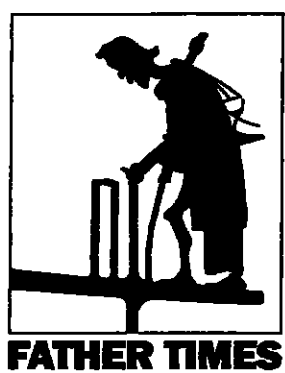
## Woolmer's career prepares to take an academic turn

Bob Woolmer, the highly regarded South Africa coach whom the England and Wales Cricket Board (ECB) has in mind as a successor to David Lloyd, is planning a new venture in the Republic. He intends to start his own academy in Cape Town.

This will involve coaching youths of all races and the building of a new ground, which would take two years. It means that Woolmer, who hankers after working for himself, would continue to be based in his house in a suburb of Cape Town that overlooks a golf course.

Woolmer, who is to be succeeded as the South Africa coach after the World Cup by Graham Ford, the Natal coach, who was his assistant on the recent tour to New Zealand, is also having discussions with Channel 4 over joining its commentary team for the subsequent Test series between England and New Zealand. In addition to his plans in Cape Town, he will be discussing his future with the United Cricket Board of South Africa after the World Cup.

"My relationship with Ali Bacher has not deteriorated and there would be a loyalty factor involved if I wanted to coach another country," Woolmer said. "I also need a sabbatical, so if I do return to Warwickshire, it will not be at



FATHER TIMES

least until next March. The ECB has not made me an offer and I do not know if it can wait that long."

**Numbers game**  
An innovation this season is the numbering of players' shirts, which is not without its complications. England, for example, are refusing to use No 15 in the World Cup and there was much confusion in the CGU National League match at the Riverside last weekend. Durham's scoreboard operator had Mark Butcher, of Surrey, down as No 9. In the match, programme, Butcher, whose squad number is one, was No 3 and he batted with 12 on his back.

**Plane service**  
The new media centre at Lord's, which will be unveiled

officially next week, will have its uses. Often likened to an object from outer space, it will actually have more in common with conventional aircraft. Pilots coming in off Bovingdon Hold, one of four holding positions for planes approaching Heathrow, can use it as a reference point.

"Obviously it will not be of practical use in poor visibility and hence will not be an official reporting point," a spokesman for the Civil Aviation Authority said, "but it will be a landmark for planes in the same way that the Canary Wharf tower and Wembley Stadium are at the moment."

**Backing women**  
The ebullient Frances Edmonds, the famous cricket-



Edmonds: letting go another teasing delivery

ing author, is to be proposed for membership of MCC by her husband, Phil, the new chairman of Middlesex. Will she be seconded — or perhaps blackballed — by Mike Gatting, whom she once likened to a plumber?

"I also want to put Alexandra, my daughter, down for membership, but she is a little young," Edmonds, the former Middlesex and England all-rounder, said. "I encourage ladies to join the golf club and hotel I am developing in Kent, so, although there are occasions when men want to be on their own, I am all for women in the Long Room, too."

**Art form**  
A two-day ECB seminar for coaches in Birmingham, starting on June 1, will include sessions on tactics, a form of martial arts that is thought to help batsmen by examining the "nature of movement, balance and breathing". And cricket is supposed to be played in the mind.

Cricket followers who would like to attend the fundraising match for Winston Davis, the former West Indies bowler who is now a paraplegic, at Finedon, Northamptonshire, on May 23, should contact Melanie Henson on 01933 682440.

IVO TENNANT

## CRICKET

## Cork seeks to settle future with England

By RICHARD HOBSON

DOMINIC CORK wants an assurance from the England selectors that he has a future in international cricket after being omitted from the World Cup squad this summer. The Derbyshire captain denied that disruptions at the county affected his form during the Ashes tour last winter and said he was fed up with the perception of being a poor team man.

"I am sick of hearing that Dominic Cork is a big spoilt brat when I am not," he said. "I am not in the England side at the moment because I am seen as not being good enough. But shouldn't I have been told that? If I have had my day at international level, then can somebody tell me."

"I do not want to bleed my lungs every day when there is no chance of playing for England because that is what everybody strives for. I heard that David Graveney [the chairman of selectors] was coming to talk to me, but that has not happened, and my mobile phone has been on all the time."

Cork, 27, was England's leading wicket-taker in the last World Cup and was chosen originally as a specialist one-day player. "I am not asking for people to feel sorry for me. I have had a hard deal, but I know I am capable of winning matches because I have done it before," he said.

"As for being selfish, I have video tapes of me bowling with a groin strain, with the nails ripped off my toes and blood coming out of my feet. I am not the only person who has played through the pain barrier for my country — but what for? For nobody to say we will help you or stick by you?"

Cork said that his threat to resign as Derbyshire captain did not spring from a wish to take overall control of the county. "All I wanted was a group of people working in the same direction. It was never about ultimate power, I am not a megalomaniac. The idea that Dominic Cork is running the club is absolute rubbish," he said.

## SPORT IN BRIEF

## Simpson to return for Wembley cup final

**RUGBY LEAGUE** Robbie Simpson will miss the London Broncos' JJB Super League game at home to Warrington Wolves on Saturday, but will be available for the Silk Cut Challenge Cup final on May 1. The Rugby Football League disciplinary committee yesterday suspended the second-row forward for one match and fined him £250 for a reckless high tackle during the defeat by Wakefield Trinity last Sunday.

**BASKETBALL** Bob Donewald, the controversial coach of Derby Storm, who discovered yesterday that the club were not renewing his contract, will hardly be dismayed by the decision. Less than a week ago, after Derby's exit from the Budweiser Championship play-offs, Donewald, who has been banned for five games and presided over a squad involved in the worst brawl in British basketball's history at Chester 11 weeks ago, admitted: "It's time to move on."

**REAL TENNIS** Kate Leeming, of Australia, survived a testing struggle against Clare Southwell, of Great Britain, in the opening round of the Guy Salmon women's world championship at Hampton Court. Leeming, the No 8 seed, retrieved well and produced a string of unreturnable services. Sally Jones, the No 5 seed and former world champion, beat Christine Amies, of France.

**SQUASH** Michelle Martin, of Australia, the world No 1, got herself into top gear on Monday evening to secure her fifth leading title on the international tour. She beat Carol Owens, her compatriot, 9-4, 9-7, 2-9, 9-4 in the final of the WISPA World Grand Prix play-off in Hurgada, Egypt.

**CYCLING** Harrods was confirmed yesterday as the third trade team from Britain in the seven-day TourFur, which starts in London on May 23. The tour ends in Edinburgh after a 730-mile route through England, Wales and Scotland.

# 10 months' Sky Sports FREE

when you subscribe to Sky World for 12 months. Sky World packages range from £27.99 to £29.99 per month. £30 connection fee.

Climax to Premiership season - 8 exclusively live matches in May

Call 08702 42 42 42 (ref ME 309)

or visit your SkyDigital retailer today, to get installed in time for the games, exclusively live on Sky Sports 1 and 3.

Offer closes 30th May 1999.

**skydigital**  
the home of sport

www.skydigital.co.uk

Digital satellite system required to watch SkyDigital. Subscribe to Sky World with any SkyDigital Entertainment pack for 12 months and get Sky Sports 1, 2 & 3 free for the first 10 months. You will therefore only pay for Sky Movies World with your chosen Sky Entertainment Pack for the first ten months (prices currently range from £22.99 to £24.99 depending on which Sky Entertainment Pack you choose). Thereafter you will pay the prevailing price for the option that you are receiving. The offer does not include Sky Box Office or any stand-alone premium channels, which must be paid for separately. Subscription prices include VAT and may change; see subscription contract. Programmes/channels subject to change. Sky may refuse applications for this offer at its discretion. Offer not available to existing Sky customers or their households, nor to pubs, clubs or other similar establishments. This offer is not available with any other Sky offer. Subscribers must be 18 or over; eligibility subject to status. For further information, call Sky.

## SAILING

## Robertson pursues Olympic dream

FROM EDWARD GORMAN SAILING CORRESPONDENT IN HYERES

SHIRLEY ROBERTSON has been sailing the tiny single-handed Europe dinghy for a very long time, yet her determination to achieve an Olympic medal in a class that has provided her with as much heartache as glory over the years remains undimmed.

Yesterday she completed a satisfactory opening phase to the defence of her title at the Olympic Classes Regatta on the Côte d'Azur with her sixth successive top-ten finish to take her comfortably into the elite "gold fleet" for the final stages of the championship. After a lay-off since the class world championships at Melbourne in January, when she was third, Robertson has arrived here more relaxed than normal and apparently the better for it. "I think I'm a more consistent sailor," the two-time Olympian who finished fourth at the Atlanta Games regatta at Savannah, said. "My sailing skills have improved tremendously — it's partly down to getting a bit older and partly down to the match-racing I've been doing recently."

But Robertson, who is now 30 and one of the oldest in the class, is going to have a tough fight on her hands to finish in the top three this week. Among her main rivals are the two Holland women, who occupy the top two places in the world rankings, Margriet Mathysse, who has scored five firsts, and Carolijn Brouwer, who has been consistently in the top ten.

In the Laser class, Ben Ainslie is having an unusual championship with capsize in three races affecting his scoring. In the first race yesterday, the world No 1 and Olympic silver medal-winner was rammed by the jury boat just before the start and found himself head-to-wind as the gun went off. He recovered to finish third, but a disappointing thirteenth in race two leaves him in eighth place overall.

## Garcia earns his promotion

IT WAS just a practice round, but what a cast. And what a finish. Three men and a boy, and the boy upstaged the lot of them. Today, Sergio Garcia will play his first round as a professional in the pro-am on the eve of the Spanish Open at El Prat and the eyes of golfing Spain — the golfing world, even — will be on him. But yesterday there was time for a spot of relaxation with a trio of famous compatriots and he helped the greatest one of them all to win the money.

Garcia, 19, was playing with Severiano Ballesteros against José María Olazábal and Miguel Ángel Jiménez, and to most young men of his age, playing with two Masters

champions and a Ryder Cup vice-captain would have reduced them to quivering incompetence.

Not this boy, not the one they call "El Niño". As the four approached the last green he was laughing and joking with the others, even though he had missed the green.

No matter. Garcia walked to his ball, sized up the shot and, from 50 feet and more, chipped. In, at the last roll. Garcia exchanged a mildly

jubilant high five with Ballesteros and walked off, his last round of golf as an amateur completed.

The incident, if not the situation, took the mind back to another young man chipping in with the last amateur stroke of his life. Garcia will be hoping to make a better start than Justin Rose and Ballesteros, for one, was bullish about the young pretender's chances.

"I predict that he will have a great career and that one day he will be a Masters champion," he said. "My message to him is to say 'no' as many times as he can. He must not listen to anybody else — he should be Sergio Garcia always."

## PERTH

2.20 Lucky Master 3.50 High In The Clouds  
2.50 Forestal 4.25 Plumbob  
3.20 Mystere 5.25 Mick McCann

GOING: GOOD TO SOFT SIS

## 2.20 PARTY HAS STARTED MURRAYSHALL HOTEL

MAIDEN HURDLE (Div 1: £2,580: 2m 4f 110yd) (12 runners)  
1 3542 CHOICE CUT 16 T Colwell 6-11-7 R Johnson  
2 2628 FORESTAL 20 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy  
3 4001 GIFTED GILBERT 13 T Lango 6-11-7 W Dorell (G)  
4 2642 LUCKY MASTER 16 J Lucas 7-11-7 R Sheple  
5 2112 MAIDEN HURDLE 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
6 3422 CLICAL DANCER 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
7 3092 NORTHERN UNION 16 C Pater 6-11-7 D Parker  
8 3228 THE WALK 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-11-7 D Parker  
9 3104 LINDALINE 41 (S) D Whitton 6-11-7 A Dorell (G)  
10 0222 SAKIN MEAD 32 (F) P Hodge 6-10-7 D O'Meara (G)  
11 6641 LATIN LEADER 20 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 A Dorell (G)  
12 0005 MADAM'S LAD 50 v Thompson 6-11-0 AM M Thompson  
13 4 SON OF SULTAN 20 J Howard Johnson 6-11-0 A Dorell (G)  
14 0005 MADAM'S LAD 50 v Thompson 6-11-0 AM M Thompson  
15 4 SON OF SULTAN 20 J Howard Johnson 6-11-0 A Dorell (G)

3-1 Choice Cut, 7-2 The Walk Has Moved, 4-1 Northern Union, 11-2 Lucky Master, 10-1 Maiden Hurdle, 12-1 Magellan, 25-1 others.

## 2.50 TULLIS HANDICAP CHASE

(£7,198: 2m 4f 110yd) (7)  
1 R1-R CORSTON JOUR 144 (C.D.F.) L Lango 9-12-0 R Sheple  
2 2628 FORESTAL 20 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy  
3 11-1 AVANTI EXPRESS 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy  
4 F111 TRILLO 35 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy  
5 2642 LUCKY MASTER 16 J Lucas 7-11-7 R Sheple  
6 01F HUNTER CHANCE 15 (D.F.S.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy  
7 230P VINTAGE TARTAN 150 (C.D.F.) J Howard Johnson 7-12-0 A P McCoy

11-4 Avanti Express, 4-1 Trilloy, 5-1 Forestal, Hunter Chance, 11-2 Corston Jour, Kings Cherry, 1-1 Vintage Tattler.

## 3.20 S.B.J. NELSON STEVENSON MARES

NOVICES HURDLE (ES.654: 3m 110yd) (7)  
1 2410 LADY OF GORTON 107 (D.S.) N Weston-Davies 7-11-0  
2 3-21 COUNTRY HOUSE 153 (D.S.) J Old 6-11-7 A P McCoy  
3 5-14 MYSTERY 153 (D.S.) J Old 6-11-7 A P McCoy  
4 4822 CHANTILLY ROSE 25 Mrs J Storey 5-11-1 A S Smith  
5 4828 DUN ROSE 25 Mrs J Storey 5-11-1 A S Smith  
6 6480 HEAVENLY THOUGHT 28 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-11-7 D Parker  
7 3-46 SALLYWAY ROSE 18 J O'Hall 5-11-1 A S Smith

7-4 Country House, 3-1 Lady Of Gorton, 11-4 Mystery, 12-1 others.

## COURSE SPECIALISTS

TRAINERS: A J Morris, 3 winners from 6 runners, 50.0%, R Thompson, 3 from 6, 50.0%, P Hodge, 13 from 27, 48.1%, J Fitzgerald, 1 from 13, 36.0%, J Golden, 15 from 67, 22.4%, P Beaumont, 7 from 32, 21.9%.

JOCKEYS: W Dorell, 3 winners from 11 rides, 27.3%, A Maguire, 5 from 23, 21.7%, L McCoy, 12 from 47, 25.5%, A Dorell, 18 from 81, 22.2%, R Johnson, 7 from 30, 23.3%, R Sheple, 11 from 63, 17.5%.

## 3.50 HALL & COMPANY WS NOVICES CHASE

(£5,836: 2m 4f 110yd) (6)  
1 2211 TROUBLE AHEAD 35 (D.S.) R Bailey 6-11-11 M Williamson  
2 2221 HIGH IN THE CLOUDS 20 (D.S.) J Old 7-11-7 R Johnson  
3 1790 STASH THE CASH 23 (F.S.) M Hammond 6-11-7 R Johnson  
4 4134 TRIGGERSH 51 (D.S.) P Mearns 7-11-7 A Dorell  
5 4-34 JUST RED 12 J Dorell 6-11-7 A Dorell  
6 64822 TURKISH TOWER 16 (S) R Mearns 6-11-7 A Dorell

4-5 Trouble Ahead, 2-1 High In The Clouds, 10-1 Stash The Cash, 12-1 others.

## 4.25 NEW PLAN FURNITURE AMATEUR RIDERS

HANDICAP HURDLE (£3,981: 3m 110yd) (15)  
1 1825 PLUMBING 23 (D.S.) L Lango 10-11-0 A J Martin  
2 010 STOCK OPTION 38 (D.S.) J Old 11-11-5 A Dorell (G)  
3 2400 IVY HOUSE 16 (D.S.) J Old 11-11-5 A Dorell (G)  
4 1-34 WHITE CREST 150 (D.S.) J Old 11-11-5 A Dorell (G)  
5 2-40 JAMES THE FIRST 19 (D.S.) J Old 11-11-5 A Dorell (G)  
6 3422 CLICAL DANCER 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
7 3092 NORTHERN UNION 16 C Pater 6-11-7 D Parker  
8 3228 THE WALK 16 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-11-7 D Parker  
9 3104 LINDALINE 41 (S) D Whitton 6-11-7 A Dorell (G)  
10 0222 SAKIN MEAD 32 (F) P Hodge 6-10-7 D O'Meara (G)  
11 6641 LATIN LEADER 20 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 A Dorell (G)  
12 0005 MADAM'S LAD 50 v Thompson 6-11-0 AM M Thompson  
13 4 SON OF SULTAN 20 J Howard Johnson 6-11-0 A Dorell (G)  
14 0005 MADAM'S LAD 50 v Thompson 6-11-0 AM M Thompson  
15 4 SON OF SULTAN 20 J Howard Johnson 6-11-0 A Dorell (G)

6-1 Global Dancer, 5-1 Moore Crest, 11-2 Ompower, 8-1 Rover, 9-1 others.

## 4.55 BALLATHIE HOUSE HOTEL HANDICAP

HURDLE (£3,571: 2m 110yd) (8)  
1 1233 EASTERN PROJECT 44 (D.S.) M Hammond 5-11-10 R Harding  
2 2014 BODORPAT 22 (D.S.) J Old 6-11-7 A Dorell (G)  
3 2-45 VICTOR LASLO 140 (D.S.) R Allen 7-11-2 M Williamson  
4 0104 MURDER 18 (D.S.) J Fitzgerald 11-11-1 A P McCoy  
5 0480 FALCON DU COTEAU 14 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
6 0480 FALCON DU COTEAU 14 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
7 0480 FALCON DU COTEAU 14 (D.S.) J Howard Johnson 6-10-7 J Crowley  
8 0040 JONA HOLLEY 11 F M Hammond 6-10-9 M Hammond (G)

5-2 Eastern Project, 7-2 Bodorpat, 5-1 Victor Laslo, Cinema Parado, 6-1 others.

## 5.25 PARTY HAS STARTED MURRAYSHALL HOTEL

MAIDEN HURDLE (Div 1: £2,580: 2m 4f 110yd) (12)  
1 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
2 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
3 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
4 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
5 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
6 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
7 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
8 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
9 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
10 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
11 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)  
12 1-FF CHERAN 28 (S) Mrs S Bradburne 6-11-7 Mr M Bradburne (G)

2-1 Knightbridge Star, 7-2 Geop The Nettle, 4-1 Lobbingsburg, 8-1 others.

BLINKERED FIRST TIME: EPSON: 2.05 Ron's Pat. Sound, Falcon Du Coteau, 5.25 Geop The Nettle, TOWERS: 2.10 Stamford Hill, Miss Chiquita, 2.40 Red Fiver, 3.10 Bad Betty, Side On, Redgrave Wolf, 3.45 Greacen Lad, 4.25 Mine's An Ace.

هكذا من الأصل



## RACING: LEADING JOCKEY RETURNS TO THE SADDLE AFTER ESCAPING JAIL SENTENCE

## Williamson reverts in freedom

BY ALAN LEE  
RACING CORRESPONDENT

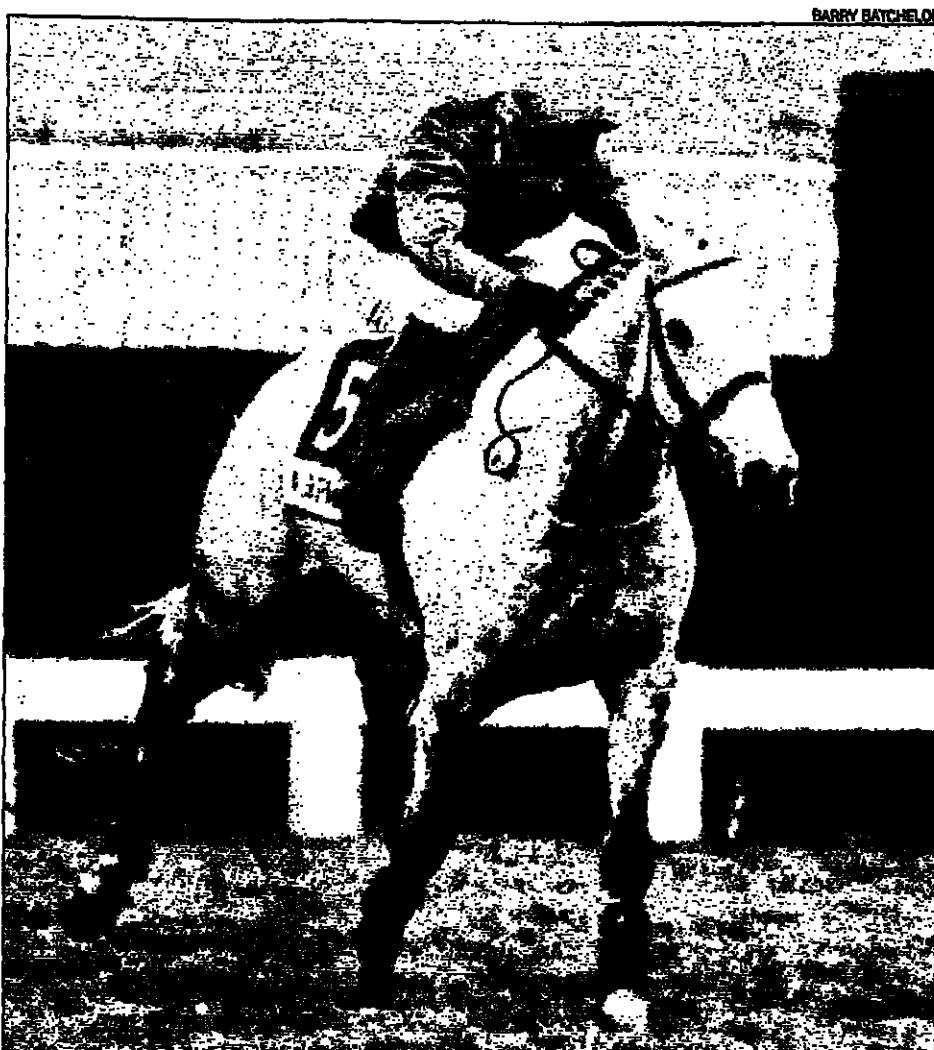
NORMAN WILLIAMSON finished a tail-off last on his first ride at Chesham yesterday and returned caked in mud. The weather was foul, the racing mediocre, but Williamson was pleased to be there. For a man who might have spent the remaining big days of the jumps season in jail, he suddenly has a lot to look forward to.

At Gloucester magistrates court on Monday, Williamson was described as "full of remorse and embarrassment" about the drink-driving offence that, it was said by the court chairman, escaped a prison sentence "by a whisker". The memory plainly made him uncomfortable yesterday but, after two months of anxiety, at least he can now make his plans with confidence.

In the short term, these involve the inevitable ride on Betty's Boy for Kip Bailey, in the Whitbread Gold Cup at Sandown on Saturday, and a reunion with Direct Route an impressive winner at Aintree — in the BMW Chase at Punchestown next Tuesday. The 30-year-old also has some good rides at the Perth festival, which begins today.

"I am just glad the ordeal is over," Williamson said of his court case. "It could have been a lot worse — I might have been to prison. We all do silly things sometimes. It was a lesson to me and I'm glad to be back riding."

This has been a season of sensitive decisions for Williamson, whose principal stables have frequently clashed. He



Senor El Betrutti will be ridden by Mick Fitzgerald in the Whitbread Gold Cup on Saturday

confirmed that he is set to partner Betty's Boy, one of two Bailey runners in the Whitbread, ahead of either General Wolfe or The Outback Way for Venetia Williams.

Victory for Betty's Boy, a late defector from the Grand National, would give a late

fillip to Bailey, unusually low in the trainers' list with only 34 winners. "It's been a season I would wish to forget," Bailey said with feeling yesterday.

"Betty's Boy looked like being very special in his novice days but he has been a hard horse to train and he's had a

lot of leg problems. He's been fine since winning at Cheltenham, though, and he will only be 4th out of the handicap at Sandown, so we've got to be hopeful."

While Bailey, whose other runner Cariboo Gold will be ridden by Rupert Wadley,

hopes for drier weather up to the weekend, it may take another deluge to persuade Williamson to run General Wolfe. "I can't say if he runs at the moment but it will partly be down to the ground," she said yesterday.

Susan Nock, the Gloucestershire permit holder, has expressed her dismay at the suspension of Graham Bradley's licence but she has now obtained a suitable substitute for her stable star, Senor El Betrutti. "I have been offered Mick Fitzgerald for the Whitbread and I'm very happy with that," Mrs Nock said.

Richard Dunwoody will partner Nuhien Lad, potentially Jenny Pitman's last big winner before retirement, while Adrian Maguire, who won the race on Call It A Day last season, is likely to ride Major Bell for Alistair Williams. "We have an alternative at Perth on Friday but I am favouring Sandown," Williams said.

Tony McCoy, who will probably ride Jathib ahead of Martin Pipe's other runner, Cyborgo, already has his jockeys' title in safe keeping but he shows no sign of easing up. His win on Belmonte last year was one of the strongest, most persistent rides of the season.

Away from the racecourse, the British Horseracing Board yesterday described the suggestion that there will be 18 consecutive racing Sundays next year as "speculation". It is, however, certainly their intention to maximise the potential of summer Sundays and, from the viewpoint of attracting new and younger racegoers, not before time. Unlike Williamson, few would have chosen to be at Chesham yesterday.

### MEETING POINTS

THE TIMES GUIDE TO THE GOING TODAY

PERTH	EARLY BIRD	CATTERICK
1st race: 2.20	1st race: 2.00	1st race: 2.00
Winning favourite: 37.8%	Winning favourite: 40.4%	Winning favourite: 40.4%
Long-distance traveller: The Hill Has Moved (2.20), 448 miles	Long-distance traveller: Mopack (2.20), 276 miles	Long-distance traveller: Mopack (2.20), 276 miles
2nd race: 2.10	2nd race: 2.05	2nd race: 2.05
Winning favourite: 38.5%	Winning favourite: 33.3%	Winning favourite: 33.3%
Long-distance traveller: Elgar (2.10), 222 miles	Long-distance traveller: Kinness (2.10), 246 miles	Long-distance traveller: Kinness (2.10), 246 miles

Underfoot conditions: Standard, Hard, Firm, Good, Soft, Heavy

See racecards for detailed going

## CATTERICK

2.00 Palacegate Touch 3.30 Ardleigh Chatter  
2.30 Abraka 4.00 Donora  
3.00 Sharp Edge 5.05 Oriel Star

GOING: SOFT, HEAVY IN PLACES (7.30AM INSPECTION)  
DRAW: 5F-7F, HIGH NUMBERS BEST

## 2.00 IVAN LUIS APPRENTICES CLASSIFIED

STAKES (£2,066: 5f 212yd) (14 runners)  
1 (12) 3315 PALACEGATE TOUCH 25 (R.F.C.F.S.) J. Barry 9-11  
2 (1) 8055 SUIPER CORRE 6 (D.S.) J. Barry 9-11  
3 (1) 8044 BELLONTO 21 (D.J.) D. Nichol 4-5  
4 (1) 4008 BUSHING GRENADIER 2 (R.F.C.F.S.) S. Bowley 7-8  
5 (1) 8041 JUST JOB 6 (D.F.S.) S. Nichol 10-8  
6 (1) 8033 MACKS DOUBLE 11 (J.D.) M. Mackay 5-8  
7 (1) 8034 MACKS DOUBLE 11 (J.D.) M. Mackay 5-8  
8 (1) 4008 PICCOLLO CANTO 14 (R.F.C.F.S.) M. R. R. 4-5  
9 (1) 8041 DANNY POWER 12 (J. Barry) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
11 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
12 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
13 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
14 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 2.30 WOT-IF-WE SELLING STAKES

(2-Y-O: £1,912: 5f) (10)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.00 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.30 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.45 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.50 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
3 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
4 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
5 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
6 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
7 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
8 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
9 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
10 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4

## 3.55 LEVY BOARD SPRING HANDICAP

(3-Y-O: £2,915: 7f) (18)  
1 (1) 8041 MANNING 21 (M. Mackay) 3-4  
2







If Ruud Gullit, the Newcastle United manager, had his way, Alan Shearer, the England captain, would be absent, too. "I have my own interests to protect," Gullit said yesterday. "If Kevin is willing to let players from the title-chasing clubs stay at home, what's the purpose of the game? Players like Alan have had a hard



**Fowler: needs operation**

"I'm sure Neil's case is a special one. However, it would be naive to think that some professional footballers don't take social drugs. Our message is quite clear: if you want to play professional sport, then don't take drugs."

"We are looking at the transfer regulations as a whole," a Fifa spokesman, Andreas Herren, said. "Fifa is looking to become European Union compatible but does not intend to touch the essence of the contracts. If a contract, out of mutual consent, is to be terminated unilaterally that is something between the parties — Fifa would certainly not institutionalise that."

Rebrov, of Dynamo Kiev, is a key figure in his side's push for victory in the European Cup but may wane as his knee injury bites in the later stages

so precise in his finishing — he has netted 17 goals in 26 European Cup games — those are not hollow words, but, if Kiev can lose control once, they can do so again, and Lobanovsky is disingenuous if he says he does not fear Munich in their own Olympic Stadium.

As with United, Kiev's test is one of heart and mind and sinew. While Alex Ferguson waits for medical guidance on Ryan Giggs's injured ankle, Kiev weigh up the gamble on the sore knee of Sergei Rebrov. He is the catalyst for Shevchenko and, in the eyes of some observers, Rebrov, with his uncanny ability to think for Shevchenko, is the

sons to concentrate their minds. That, in pounds sterling, is the bonus that each player has been offered to reach the final. Matthäus may be 38, but the years drop away when money is on the table. He is such a winner, such a leader. "The European Cup is the best and the hardest competition to win in the world and we want it," he

Ottmar Hitzfeld, who is again his mentor, having coached that same Dortmund side to victory in the European Cup two years ago, said: "The 3-3 draw gives us an advantage. Maybe it's 51 per cent to us at this moment.

Careful and concentrated are the watchwords. Without Bixente Lizarazu, the adventurous France left back, and Giovanni Elber, the Brazil striker, Bayern might be two talents short of what it takes to shock Kiev twice in a row.

Their counter-attacking speed suggests that Kiev can upset the odds and win on the break and if Juventus approach the tempo, the thought and the movement of their first hour at Old Trafford in the first leg, a Kiev versus Juventus final is, seemingly, on the cards.

## Arsenal are in fine fettle for final furlong Saha suffers Wembley blow

Overwhelmed Wimbledon, one of only three sides to beat them in the FA Carling Premiership this season, were devastatingly dispatched 5-1 at Highbury by a vintage show from the now

Between a pair of strikes by Highbury's newest star, Kanu — the first officially debuted as an own goal to Ben Thatcher, the Wimbledon defender — Bergkamp delivered the moment that he and 38,000 others had hoped and

The decibel level reached by the Arsenal fans when chanting his name before the kick-off, in a genuinely touching display of support for a man whose missed penalty in stoppage time at Villa Park had left him in the depths of a great depression, was matched by an explosive communal roar.

Arsenal can go top of the Premiership for the first time this season if they win at Middlesbrough on Saturday. United, coming back from Turin, must wait until Sunday to take a crack at Leeds United, who are in fourth place. at Elland Road.

**Arsenal visit Leeds on May 11, just six days after a challenging North London derby away to Tottenham Hotspur — on the night when United meet traditionally their fiercest rivals, Liverpool, at Anfield.**

■ **LOUIS SAHA**, the Newcastle United striker, has had his hopes of an FA Cup Final appearance severely reduced after fracturing his cheekbone during a collision with David Beharall in training. Saha, who is on loan from Metz, underwent surgery last night and Ruud Gullit, the manager, said he is likely to be out for three weeks, which will limit his chances of playing against Manchester United at Wembley.

■ **Brighton**, who have been playing at Gillingham since the sale of their Goldstone

## IN BRIEF

Ground, are to receive a £500,000 loan from the Football Trust to help to fund a temporary move to Witherden Stadium. The Goldstone venue needs improvements of £1.4 million.

■ The Scottish Premier League announced yesterday that the final fixtures of the season will kick-off at 12.30pm on Sunday, May 23. Under the original agreement signed 12 months ago between the Scottish Premier League and Sky Television,

the matches were scheduled to start at 6.05pm.

■ Sunderland are set for an early test of their FA Carling Premiership credentials when they face Liverpool, who have won the league title a record 18 times, in a match to mark the hundredth Football League championship season. The game will be played at the Stadium of Light on May 18.

■ Christian Worns, 26, the Paris Saint-Germain defender, has signed for Borussia Dortmund, of the Bundesliga, for a fee of £3 million.

FOOTBALL		CRICKET
Kick-off 7.30 unless stated denotes all-ticket		
<b>European Cup</b>		<b>PPP county championship</b>
<b>Semi-finals, second leg</b>		11.0, first day of tour, 104 overs minimum
<b>Bayern Munich (3) v</b>		<b>SOUTHAMPTON:</b> Hampshire v Kent
<b>Dynamo Kiev (3) (7.45)</b>		<b>NOTTINGHAM:</b> Northamptonshire
<b>Juventus (1)</b>		<b>WINDSOR:</b> Yorkshire v Gloucestershire
<b>Manchester Utd (1) (7.45)</b>		11.0, second day of tour, 104 overs minimum
		<b>DERBY:</b> Derbyshire v Glamorgan
<b>FA Cuping Premiership</b>		<b>LEICESTER:</b> Leicestershire v Nottinghamshire
<b>Liverpool v Leicester (7.45)</b>		<b>LORDS:</b> Middlesex v Lancashire
<b>Sheff Wed (7.45)</b>		<b>WOLVERHAMPTON:</b> Worcestershire v Surrey
<b>Nationwide League</b>		11.0, third day of tour, 104 overs minimum
<b>Second division</b>		<b>EDGECASTLE:</b> Warwickshire v Somerset
<b>Fulham v Millwall (7.45)</b>		
<b>Third division</b>		<b>University match</b>
<b>Scarborough v Leyton Orient</b>		11.30, first day of three
<b>Swansea v Cambridge Utd (7.45)</b>		<b>FENNERS:</b> Cambridge University v Essex
<b>Scottish League</b>		
<b>First division</b>		<b>RUGBY UNION</b>
<b>Clydebank v Greenock Morton</b>		<b>Allied Counties Premiership</b>
<b>RD MARTENS League: Midland division</b>		<b>First division</b>
<b>Reading v Gillingham: Southern Football</b>		<b>Newcastle v Richmond (7.30)</b>
<b>RYMAN League: First division</b>		<b>West Hartlepool v Hartlepool (7.30) ...</b>
<b>Canvey Island, Maidstone v Reading</b>		<b>Welsh League</b>
<b>Monksey Athlete v Maidstone division:</b>		<b>Premier division play-offs</b>
<b>Barnet v Hartford</b>		<b>Group A</b>
<b>THE TIMES FA YOUTH Cup: Semi-final,</b>		<b>Noath v Llanelli (7.15) ...</b>
<b>first leg: Newcastle v Coventry (11.0)</b>		<b>Group B</b>
<b>AVON INSURANCE COMBINATION:</b>		<b>Aberavon v Caerphilly (7.15) ...</b>
<b>First division: Arsenal v Ipswich (2.0), Bar-</b>		<b>Cardiff v Newport (7.15) ...</b>
<b>net v Portsmouth, Bournemouth v Swindon</b>		<b>First division</b>
<b>(2.0), Charlton v Brentford (7.0): Fulham v</b>		<b>UWIC v Tredegar (7.0) ...</b>
<b>Sheff Wed (7.0), Charlton v Brentford, Wren-</b>		<b>Anglo-Welsh club match</b>
<b>field v Gillingham, Wycombe v Cam-</b>		<b>Cardiff v Llanidloes (7.15) ...</b>
<b>bridge (2.0), Oxford v Colchester, Queens-</b>		
<b>bury v Reading (2.0), Wycombe v Reading</b>		<b>RUGBY LEAGUE</b>
<b>PONTNICK League: Premier division</b>		<b>Northern Ford Premiership</b>
<b>Reading v Leeds (7.15); Stoke v Aston Villa</b>		<b>Oldham v Featherstone (7.45) ...</b>
<b>first division: West Bromwich v Reading</b>		<b>NATIONAL CONFERENCE LEAGUE:</b>
<b>(7.0)</b> Second division: Blackpool v		<b>Oldham v Featherstone Lions v Dudley</b>
<b>Sheff Wed (7.0), Huddersfield v Shrewsbury</b>		<b>Hill (7.30)</b>
<b>(7.0), Sheff Wed v Barnet (2.0), Stock-</b>		
<b>port v Lincoln (7.0)</b> Third division: Charl-		
<b>ton v Hull (2.0), Darlington v Wigan (2.0), Hales-</b>		
<b>ton v Hull (2.0), Carlisle v Carlisle (2.0)</b>		
<b>SWINPEPES SEXSEX Senior League</b>		
<b>Premier division: Eton Manor v Gress</b>		

[illegible]

## SHOOTING

**BISLEY:** Army target pistol championships. **Alt pistol:** 1. Col R Doak (R Irish) 567pts, 2. Ssgt L Wright (RME) 554. **Centre fire pistol:** 1. Lt Col R Hoole (R Signals) 536; 2. Pte W Carson (R Irish) 497. 3. LCol W Kennedy 491. **Overall positions:** 1. Hoole 1,056, 2. Doak 1,043, 3. Wright 1,033. **BLOEMFONTEIN:** South Africa World individual target rifle championships (alter first day): Equal 1. E Claessen and J van Rooyen (SA) 4462pts, 3. S Dunstall (Aus) 44618. **British scores:** S Collins 44119, A Ringer 44013, J Webster 44010.

**THE CRUCIBLE, Sheffield:** Embassy world championship: First round: M Stevens (Wales) bt P Ebdon (Eng) 10-7; J Williams (Thai) bt M Fu (HK) 10-8; M King (Eng) bt D Morgan (Wales) 10-8. Latest positions: J Parry (Eng) leads S Davis (Eng) 7-2; M Williams (Wales) leads I McCulloch (Eng) 6-3.

---

**SQUASH**

---

**HURGHADA, Egypt:** WISPA World

**MOTOR RACING**

**LLORET DE MAR, Spain:** Catalonia Rally (after second leg), 1. P. Bugasatti (Fr, Citroën Xsara) 3:14m39.5s; 2. P. Quasthoff (Fr, Toyota Corolla) at 17.77m; 3. C. Sola (Sp, Toyota Corolla) 11m43.45s; 4. F. Llo (Ba, Mitsubishi Carisma) 4:48.5s; 5. I. Melandri (Fr, Mitsubishi Lancer) 2:52.11m.

**BRISBANE, Australia:** 1. J. Burns (GB, Subaru Impreza) 3:17.5 (11m); 2. J. Klenkman (Fr), 3:17.6 (11m); 3. J. S. B. (GB), 3:22.8 (10); 4. P. Hays (GB), 3:23.0 (10); 5. J. C. (GB), 3:23.6 (10); 6. I. C. (GB), 3:24.0 (10); 7. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 8. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 9. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 10. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 11. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 12. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 13. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 14. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 15. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 16. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 17. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 18. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 19. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 20. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 21. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 22. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 23. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 24. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 25. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 26. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 27. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 28. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 29. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 30. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 31. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 32. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 33. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 34. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 35. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 36. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 37. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 38. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 39. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 40. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 41. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 42. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 43. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 44. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 45. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 46. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 47. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 48. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 49. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 50. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 51. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 52. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 53. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 54. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 55. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 56. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 57. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 58. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 59. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 60. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 61. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 62. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 63. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 64. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 65. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 66. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 67. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 68. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 69. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 70. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 71. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 72. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 73. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 74. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 75. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 76. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 77. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 78. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 79. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 80. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 81. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 82. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 83. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 84. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 85. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 86. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 87. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 88. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 89. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 90. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 91. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 92. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 93. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 94. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 95. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 96. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 97. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 98. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 99. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 100. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 101. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 102. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 103. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 104. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 105. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 106. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 107. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 108. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 109. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 110. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 111. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 112. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 113. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 114. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 115. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 116. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 117. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 118. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 119. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 120. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 121. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 122. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 123. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 124. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 125. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 126. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 127. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 128. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 129. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 130. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 131. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 132. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 133. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 134. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 135. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 136. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 137. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 138. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 139. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 140. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 141. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 142. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 143. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 144. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 145. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 146. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 147. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 148. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 149. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 150. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 151. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 152. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 153. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 154. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 155. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 156. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 157. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 158. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 159. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 160. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 161. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 162. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 163. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 164. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 165. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 166. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 167. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 168. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 169. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 170. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 171. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 172. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 173. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 174. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (10); 175. I. C. (GB), 3:26.0 (1

### ETON FIVES

**ETON:** Lord Abercromby Cup (batters and sports championships): Sam-Queller P. O. and Durban. A. O and P. N. Markarians 12-3, 12-1. A. J. and J. Walters of P. J. and J. Rowell 13-10, 13-11. Final: P. O. and Durban b. A. J. and J. Walters 12-6, 12-6, 12-1.

**HAMPTON COURT:** Guy Salmon women's world championship (Great Britain under school): First round: B. Subong (USA) to M. Williams (USA) 6-0, 6-0. Second round: K. Leeming (Aust) to C. Southwell 6-2, 6-2. S. Jones b. C. Ames 6-1, 6-0. G. P. Wilson to S. Falkner 8-3, 8-0. J. Walker b. S. Owens 5-5, 5-3. A. Garcia b. J. Newby 6-1, 6-0.

**LIVE EUROPEAN COM**  
**Evs. JUVENTUS 11/5 DRAW**  
 Stadio Delle Alpi, Kick-off 7.45pm, Live

CORRECT SCORE			HALF-TIME / FULL-TIME	
JUVENTUS	SCORE TO BE	MAN UTD	JUVENTUS - JUVENTUS	11/1
51	1-0	1/1	JUVENTUS - DRAW	14/1
71	2-0	1/1	JUVENTUS - MAN UTD	20/1

16/1	3-0	33/1	DRAW	DRAW	4/1
16/1	3-1	33/1	DRAW	MAN UTD	13/1
33/1	3-2	33/1	MAN UTD	JEVENTUS	25/1
11/2	0-0	11/2	MAN UTD	DRAW	16/1
5/1	1-1	5/1	MAN UTD	MAN UTD	9/2
18/1	2-2	18/1			

Other scores on request.

\* ALL ABOVE BETS EXTRA TIME DOES NOT COUNT

ALL FOOTBALL RULES APPLY. TO OPEN A CREDIT ACCOUNT FREEPHONE 0800 289

## Wilkinson defends England's failure

**By Our Sports Staff**

**HOWARD WILKINSON** has insisted that England's disastrous World Youth Cup performance does not mean the country's young footballing talent has fallen behind the rest of the world.

England, without young stars such as Michael Owen and Jonathon Woodgate, who were allowed by the FA to stay with their clubs as the English season draws to a climax, failed to score in their three World Youth Cup matches, which all ended in defeat.

It was the worst record of any team in the tournament, but Wilkinson refused to be downcast. "I don't think the England performance in the under-20 championships in Nigeria would be taken by any serious student of the game as an accurate measure of where our young footballers stand in the world," Wilkinson said.

"The team that went out, as opposed to some nations who were out there, would not have been the best performers available to play there."

Wilkinson was speaking after the launch of the Coca-Cola Mini Soccer revolution, inspired by his own Charter for Quality, at Wembley Stadium in London yesterday. The seven-a-side scheme will replace full-size games for all players aged under ten.



**Score<sup>™</sup> with a FREE £25 BET**

**FOR FIRST TIME TELEPHONE CALLERS staking £40 or more today using SWITCH, SOLO or DELTA bank or building society debit cards.**

**RING NOW - BET NOW**

**0800 44 40 40**

(Excludes: 0844 Inland numbers per call CVA Over W's only.)

\*Free bet is a £25 Correct Score bet on tonight's Juventus v Man Utd match. (Please place your bet and inform your free bet collection within the same call.)

**William HILL**

© 1995 WILSON JONES LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. WILSON JONES LTD. IS THE SOLE PROPRIETOR OF THE WILLIAM HILL BRAND.

# LIVE EUROPEAN CUP FOOTBALL

Evs. JUVENTUS 11/5 DRAW
MAN UTD 9/4

Stadio Della Vittoria, Kickoff 7.45pm. Live on TV

CORRECT SCORE	
JUVENTUS	MAN UTD
5/1 - 1-0 - 7/1	
7/1 - 2-0 - 11/1	
7/1 - 2-1 - 11/1	
16/1 - 3-0 - 33/1	
16/1 - 3-1 - 33/1	
33/1 - 3-2 - 33/1	
11/2 - 0-0 - 11/2	
5/1 - 1-1 - 5/1	
18/1 - 2-2 - 18/1	

HALF TIME / FULL TIME	
JUVENTUS	11/5
JUVENTUS	14/1
JUVENTUS	33/1
DRAW	9/2
DRAW	4/1
DRAW	13/2
MAN UTD	25/1
MAN UTD	14/1
MAN UTD	9/2

FIRST GOALSCORER	
5/1	INZAGHI (I)
1/1	AMORUSO (I)
15/1	YORKE (M)
13/1	COLE (M)
9/1	SHERINGHAM (M)
9/1	ZIDANE (I)
10/1	SCHOLES (M)
12/1	BECKHAM (M)
16/1	DAVIDS (I)
11/2	NO GOALSCORER

Other players on request. Even goals do not count.

Beats void if match not completed.

★ ALL ABOVE BETS EXTRA TIME DOES NOT COUNT ★

TELEPHONE BETTING OFFICE OPEN UNTIL 10.30PM TONIGHT. FOR LATEST PRICES SEE CH4 TEXT PAGE 12/3

**7.45pm.**  
**80,000 screaming Italians.**

**9.45pm.**  
**80,000 screaming Italians.**

(Beckham to score first in 1-0 United triumph: £20 pays £1220.)

**JUVENTUS V MAN. UTD.**  
FC, Live on TV, Kick-off 7.45pm.

10/11 JUVENTUS	12/5 MAN. UTD.	9/4 DRAW
First player to score	1-0	Juventus to win by 2-0 2-1 3-0 3-1
Inzaghi	20/1	28/1
Zidane	28/1	35/1
Comte	50/1	66/1
Davidis	50/1	66/1
Di Livio	100/1	150/1
Deschamps	125/1	175/1
Man. Utd. to win by	2-0	2-1 3-0 3-1
Yorke	25/1	45/1
Cole	28/1	50/1
Beckham	60/1	100/1
Blomqvist	80/1	150/1
Keane	80/1	150/1
Stam	175/1	300/1

**The Scorecast:**  
Choose the player who'll score first.  
Choose the final score. Good luck!  
Above tactics: Own goals do not count for first player to score.  
Extra three does not count. Other prices on request.  
These prices may have changed since this newspaper was printed.  
For the very latest prices, page Ladbrokes Teletext 887 04M/273 City Square.

**FOR INSTANT BETTING FREEPHONE**  
**0800 389 2206**

We're open from 8.30am until late. See Ladbrokes 887 04M for details. Call with your telephone card handy. Minimum stake £10.

Collectors must be 18 or over. Ladbrokes instant betting and football rules apply.

**Ladbrokes**

For a bet, Ladbrokes are favourite.



SNOOKER: SIX-TIME WORLD CHAMPION MUST TURN ROUND 7-2 DEFICIT TO SURVIVE

# Davis faces early departure

STEVE DAVIS, gracing the Crucible Theatre for the 21st year in succession, must dredge his reserves of determination to avoid immediate and ignominious elimination from the Embassy world championship in Sheffield this morning.

Davis, winner of the title on six occasions between 1980 and 1989, trailed Joe Perry, the world No 74, 7-2 after their opening session. It was reminiscent of the corresponding round in 1981, when Davis was astoundingly beaten 10-1 by Tony Knowles.

It began to go wrong for Davis in only the second frame. Leading by 37 with only one red remaining, he kissed the pink into the middle

pocket in trying to escape from a self-imposed snooker. Perry cleared with 33 and salvaged the next, from a 61-0 deficit, with a 68 clearance.

The most startling error from Davis came in the fifth frame. Poised to steal it and reduce his arrears to manageable proportions at 3-2, he missed a straightforward blue to a middle pocket.

By now Perry was aware that Davis, at 41 the oldest competitor in the field, was struggling and piled on the pressure with breaks of 120 and 81 to move within three frames of progress on the resumption.

Motivated by national pride and with a keen sense that an opportunity had presented

BY PHIL YATES

itself to resurrect his ailing career, James Wattana disregarded comparative recent form to defeat Marco Fu in the first round.

Wattana, a former world No 3 who appears destined to be relegated from the elite top 16 in the rankings next season, rediscovered the ability to win under pressure with a 10-8 victory in a game billed as the unofficial Asian championship.

With the exception of the Welsh Open in January, when he reached the quarter-finals, Wattana has found success hard to come by. His frustration was compounded six weeks ago when, shortly before a match against Ken

Doherty in the Thailand Masters, he received an anonymous phone call that instructed him to "lose or be prepared to die". Wattana lost.

In contrast, Fu has made quite an impact in his first full season on the circuit. He was runner-up to Stephen Lee in the Grand Prix, he has climbed from 37th to 39th in the world rankings and has already constructed 30 century breaks in competition.

Consequently, Fu, the first player from Hong Kong to qualify for the Crucible, was the bookmakers' favourite. Indeed, they looked to have correctly assessed form when, after trailing 5-4 overnight, he took the lead for the first time at 8-7.

However, Wattana won the sixteenth frame with a run of 62 and launched an otherwise exceptional 136 total clearance in the next by fluking the initial red. The Thai duly secured a meeting with Stephen Hendry or Paul Hunter in the last 16 by protecting an early run of 40 in the eighteenth.

Mark King will supply the opposition for John Higgins, the title-holder, in the second round, having recovered from 8-6 down to beat Darren Morgan 10-8.

**LINKS**  
WEBSITE: [www.embassy-snooker.com](http://www.embassy-snooker.com) - official tournament site  
TELEVISION: BBC2, 1.10, 4.00, 6.45, and 9.30pm; BBC1, 2.30pm



Henman reflects on the painful learning process experienced during another defeat on clay in Monte Carlo yesterday

## Henman given lean time

THE Monte Carlo Country Club here is one of the homes of tradition on the ATP Tour so it seems a little strange that Tim Henman, that very traditional of British gentlemen, is trying hard to fly in the face of it. One of the sport's great traditions dictates that putting a Briton on a clay court is a recipe for disappointment, if not disaster. After his gruelling defeat by Fernando Meligeni yesterday, Henman begs to differ.

At 28 and ranked No 51, Meligeni is never going to set the world alight, but on his day and on his surface he can grind down even the most confident of opponents. Coming from Brazil, clay is the surface Meligeni likes best. Not the most physically imposing of players — his nickname, Fino, means thin — he has the walk of a man who is never com-

pletely sure that his knees will bend in the right direction. Henman, however, is a new man this year. He has worked long and hard to learn the tricks of the clay-court trade and it is almost paying off.

He battled and scrapped to come back from early breaks in the first and third sets, and during the spells when his first service was hitting the mark, he was able to control the points and put away his volleys. He even held a match point as Meligeni served to stay in the match, but it was not to be his day and he eventu-

ally lost 6-7, 6-4, 7-5 after 2hr 38min. No matter, both he and David Felgate, his coach, believe that his day is not far off. "I know my game on clay is a hundred times better than it has been," Henman said. "I'm really enjoying the practice and I feel ready to win. I need a few opportunities to come my way and I feel very ready to take them, and so there is no reason why I can't have a good run in some of these tournaments coming up."

Henman's problem is as much mental as physical and knowing when to go for the kill in long and protracted rallies does not come easily to him.

"When I want to win a game, that's when I can be a little impatient," he admitted. Whatever the result, a tennis match is still just a game and

Boris Becker had far more important things on his mind yesterday. He was told on Monday night that his father, Karl-Heinz, had died after a long battle against cancer. "I am very, very sad," Becker said, announcing his withdrawal from the tournament.

"In this difficult situation I want to be close to my family," Andre Agassi was also on the first plane home, suffering from a shoulder injury, while Marcelo Rios looked likely to join him, dropping the first set 6-0 against Andrei Pavel, but he finally squeezed through 0-6, 6-4, 7-6.

**LINKS**  
WEBSITE: [www.atp.com](http://www.atp.com) - news, interviews and results  
TELEVISION: Eurosport, 9.30am-4pm (Live)

### MOTOR RALLYING

## Bugalski kitted out for historic victory

FROM JEREMY HART  
IN LORET DE MAR

PHILIPPE BUGALSKI, a little-known Frenchman, held off the might of the world's leading rally drivers for a second successive day in the Catalonia Rally yesterday. The Citroën driver starts the final leg today, near Barcelona, with a 17-second lead from his compatriot, Didier Auriol, in a Toyota.

"I didn't think I could hold off the world rally cars today," Bugalski, whose kit car weighs under 1,000 kilograms, said. The world rally cars all weigh more than 1,200 kilograms and have four-wheel drive.

The only drivers able to beat Bugalski over the six stages yesterday were Tommi Makinen, the world champion, and Colin McRae, of Great Britain. McRae started the day 30 places off the fight for first after a turbo problem on Monday and was using the stages for a test session, which ended with the car almost back to its best. "It's a big improvement on yesterday. I hope now that we will be on the pace in Corsica next month," McRae said.

Richard Burns, Britain's other leading driver, in a Subaru, was one of three drivers penalised for jump-starting a stage yesterday morning. Makinen, in fifth place, was also punished.

Only rain or mechanical failure will now stop Bugalski from making history and winning a round of the world championship in a kit car. That prospect has the big teams in uproar.

## The science of cricket

Tomorrow's World  
BBC1, 7pm

With the World Cup beginning on May 14, *Tomorrow's World* takes a look at the science of cricket. Professor Brian Wilkins, a New Zealander and lifelong fan of the game, has decided to build a machine that examines the mechanics of bowling. His research reveals the effects that the weather can have on the delivery of the ball. Also, Peter can have on the delivery of the ball. Also, Peter can have on the delivery of the ball. Also, Peter can have on the delivery of the ball.

**European Cup: Juventus v Manchester United**  
ITV, 7.30pm  
Manchester United travel to Turin with Alex Ferguson's Holy Grail looking ominously elusive. Ryan Giggs's injury time goal levelled the scores at 1-1 at the end of the first leg of this semi-final, but the game was generally dictated by Juventus. Significantly, the Italians start tonight's encounter buoyed by the advantage of that away goal — scored by Antonio Conte — and are accordingly keen to offer favourites to prevail. Louise Godfrey

**Leviathan**  
BBC2, 7.30pm

Michael Portillo and Ken Livingstone share a platform tonight in the cause of rehabilitating, or at least adjusting, the image of Oliver Cromwell, leader of the English republic and perhaps no less of a tyrant than the King, Charles I, for whose execution he was responsible. Their contributions were not available for preview, but Dennis Waterman's "potted history" (the BBC's pun) of snooker was lying in wait with this week's coverage of the World Championships. It does a reasonable job of summarising the history of the game.

**The Naked Chef: Hen Night**  
BBC2, 8pm

Laddish Jamie Oliver may be, but he's New Man enough to offer to cook for his sister's hen night.

### RADIO CHOICE

**The BBC Orchestras**  
Radio 3, 2pm

Strange, isn't it, how the cinema can affect our involvement with classical music in a way that the composer never intended? Take Tchaikovsky's *Symphony No 4*, the concluding work in this programme of recordings by the BBC Scottish Symphony Orchestra. Whenever I hear it, I simply can't clear my mind of the classic 1943 version of *The Phantom of the Opera* in which sections of the symphony were plucked from the score and recorded as an opera. I know people who are forever doomed to remember *Elvira Madigan* only because it used Mozart's Piano Concerto No 21, and the critically-acclaimed biopic *Shine* only because it used Rachmaninov's Piano Concerto No 3 to such great effect.

**RADIO 1 (BBC)**

6.30am Zoe Ball 9.00 Simon Mayo 12.00 Jo Whiley 3.00pm Chris Moyles 5.45 Newsbeat 6.00 Dave Pearce 8.00 Steve Lamacz. The Evening Session 10.00 Movie Update with Mark Kermode 10.10 John Peel 12.00 Gilles Peterson 2.00am Cive Warren 4.00 Scott Mills

**RADIO 2 (BBC)**

6.00am Sarah Kennedy 7.30 Wake Up to Wogan 9.30 Ken Bruce 12.00 Jimmy Young 2.00pm Ed Stewart 5.05 Johnnie Walker 7.00 Nick Brown 8.00 Mike Harding 9.00 Gertie of Soul: The Temptations (4/8) 10.00 Tom Paxton. Still Rambling (3/8) 10.30 Lynn Parsons 12.00 Katha Leskianen 3.00am Alex Lester

**RADIO 5 LIVE (BBC)**

5.00am Morning Reports 6.00 Breakfast 9.00 Nicky Campbell 12.00 The Midday News 1.00pm Ian Payne 4.00 Drive 7.00 News Extra 7.30 John Inverdale's Football Night: European Cup semi-final, second leg between Juventus and Manchester United in Turin. Plus updates on Liverpool v Leicester and Sheffield Wednesday v Newcastle in the Premiership 10.00 Littlejohn 11.00 Late Night Live 1.00am Up All Night

**TALK RADIO**

6.00am The Big Boys Breakfast 9.00 Scott Chisholm 12.00 Let's Talk 1.00pm Anna Rasmussen 12.00 The Sports Zone 7.00 On Side with John McCall 8.00 The Big Issues 10.00 James White 1.00am Ian Collins

**VIRGIN**

6.30am The Breakfast Show 9.30 Mark Forrest 1.00pm Nick Abbot 4.00 Hammer Show 6.45 Peter and Geoff 10.00 Gary Davies 1.00am Richard Allen

**RADIO 3**

6.00am On Air with Patrice Trelawny with arts news and music  
9.00 Masterworks with Peter Hobday. Corelli (Sonata a quattro, W 60 4); Telemann (1004 Suite in D); Mozart (Piano Concerto No 27 in B flat, K 595); Schumann (Concerto); Corelli (Concerto grosso in C minor, Op 6 No 3) 10.30 Artist of the Week: Gwyneth Jones  
11.00 Sound Stories: Five Great Rivers The Po  
12.00 Composer of the Week: Stanford  
1.00pm The Radio 3 Lunchtime Concert John Lill. Piano: Beethoven (Piano Sonata in D, Op 10 No 12); Prokofiev (Piano Sonata No 5, Op 82) (1)  
2.00 The BBC Orchestras: Sex Choices  
4.00 Choral Evening Song Live from St Edmundsbury Cathedral. Director of music: James Thomas. Assistant director of music: Michael Bawtree  
5.00 In Tune Sean Rafferty is joined by Andrew Parrott, who was recently appointed music director of the London Mozart Players. With Judith Howarth, soprano, under Adrian Leaper. Brahms (Variations on a Theme of Haydn); McCabe (Notturno ed alba); 8.15 John McCabe: Piers Bickley talks to John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**RADIO 4**

5.30am World News 5.35 Shipping Forecast 5.40 Inshore Forecast 5.45 Prayer for the Day 5.47 Farming Today Anna Hill presents 6.00 Today with James Naughtie and John Humphrys 6.35 (LW) Wednesday in Parliament Update on political developments 9.00 Midweek with the Times columnist Lucy Purves 9.45 (FM) book talks: John McCabe about his life and work. 8.35 Concert, part two: Ravel (Sheherazade); McCabe (Concerto for orchestra)

**THE NEW YORK MARATHON**  
with  
**Join the 30th Birthday celebrations of the New York City Marathon on November 7th 1999 with Dennis & Gnasher and run for Mencap**

Our great package includes:  
★ Free flights, accommodation and entry package  
★ Fantastic prizes including Olympus cameras and a Dawes mountain bike  
★ Training support and tips from Harpers Fitness Clubs plus comprehensive fundraising packs

For a FREE New York Marathon Pack get on the dog and bone NOW call  
**0645 777 779**  
and make a run for it for Mencap

Or fill in the coupon below and send to:  
Dennis & Gnasher, New York Marathon Team, FREEPOST, EC1B 1AA

Name/Mr/Ms/Miss/Ms:  
Address:  
County: Postcode:  
Tel (Day):

☐ Please tick this box if you do not wish your name to be passed on to third parties. Registered Charity No. 22227

**mencap**  
making the most of life

### EQUESTRIANISM

## Tait chases elusive win

BLYTH TAIT, of New Zealand, the Olympic and world three-day event champion, heads a high-calibre field for the Mitsubishi Motors Badminton horse trials, which this year celebrates its fiftieth anniversary (Jenny MacArthur writes).

Tait, still seeking his first Badminton win, Mark Todd, the runner-up at Badminton and the world championships last year on Broadcast News, and Bettina Overesch-Boker, of Germany, on Watermill Stream, the individual silver medal-winner at the 1997 Open European championships, lead the foreign entry. Christopher Barkle, the winner last year, Ian Stark, Kristina Gifford, Polly Phillips and Gary Parsonage are among the British contenders for the £27,500 first prize at the event from May 6 to 9.

### WORD-WATCHING

Answers from page 52

**DELETORY**  
(c) Of the nature of criminative information or accusation. From the Latin *deletor* an informer, hated by Tacitus.

**ENGIST**  
(a) To appoint the resting-places or lodgings in a journey. *Engist* means a resting-place.

**ESCRIVAN**  
(b) A clerk on board a ship, a supercargo. From the Portuguese *escriva*.

**DEGLUBATE**  
(c) To lay or exorcise. The Latin means to lay. *De* equals off, and *glubare* is to peel.

**WINNING MOVE SOLUTION**

1 Rd8! Bxd8 2 Qd7+ Kb3

Qx7 checkmate

**THE TIMES**  
**news first**  
News as it happens  
A unique resource from The Times website.  
Breaking ticker-tape news throughout the day from 7am to 10pm backed by bulletins and previews of tomorrow's offline and online editions

**W. TIMES.CO.UK**

هكذا من الأصل

**A who**

10.30 Video  
10.35 News  
11.00 The P  
11.55 West  
12.00 Despa  
12.30am 8.8

**WALSLEY**  
Walsley Election Broadcast  
Walsley 1999

**SKY CINEMA**  
10.00 The Hanging Tree  
10.30 The Hanging Tree  
11.00 The Hanging Tree  
11.30 The Hanging Tree  
12.00 The Hanging Tree  
12.30 The Hanging Tree

**FILMFOUR**  
10.00 The Hanging Tree  
10.30 The Hanging Tree  
11.00 The Hanging Tree  
11.30 The Hanging Tree  
12.00 The Hanging Tree  
12.30 The Hanging Tree

**TNT**  
10.00 The Hanging Tree  
10.30 The Hanging Tree  
11.00 The Hanging Tree  
11.30 The Hanging Tree  
12.00 The Hanging Tree  
12.30 The Hanging Tree

**SKY SPORTS 1**  
10.00 The Hanging Tree  
10.30 The Hanging Tree  
11.00 The Hanging Tree  
11.30 The Hanging Tree  
12.00 The Hanging Tree  
12.30 The Hanging Tree









## LONDON MARATHON

The full list of finishers continues on pages 48 and 49

# SPORT

WEDNESDAY APRIL 21 1999

## TENNIS

Chips are down for Henman in Monte Carlo



United manager ponders which cards to play as Giggs is forced to sit out training

## Ferguson may have to discard ace in the pack

FROM OLIVER HOLT, FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT IN TURIN

EVEN after the plane had come to a standstill and the rest of the passengers had disembarked, Ryan Giggs, Gary Neville, Nicky Butt and Teddy Sheringham stayed on the empty aircraft determined to finish their game of cards.

This is not a trip for abandoning any kind of contest halfway through. This, they and their team-mates know, is the time when they have to go for broke.

If Manchester United fail against Juventus in the great concrete bowl of the Stadio delle Alpi tonight, recriminations and regrets will cloud the remainder of their season and pursue them into the next millennium, no matter what domestic honours they manage to prise away from Arsenal.

This is what they have been building towards for as long as most of them can remember, the essence of the obsession nurtured since Alex Ferguson brought it within their compass to emulate Sir Matt Busby and his team by winning the European Cup.

It is so close now that they can almost reach out and grasp it, but with its proximity comes the dread of what defeat would mean and the desperation to achieve what few teams have done by beating the Italian champions in front of their own supporters.

To get this close and fail, as they did against Borussia

Dortmund in the last days of Eric Cantona, to have to start the quest all over again next season, when Peter Schmeichel will have gone, is almost unthinkable.

They know that Juventus appear to have timed their season to perfection after six months of unfamiliar mediocrity and that Edgar Davids and Zinedine Zidane are two of the most formidable opponents that they will come across.

Ferguson, who spoke about the conundrum of coping with the "Zidane thing", also knows, after their shaky 1-1 draw in the first leg of the semi-finals a fortnight ago, that they must score here if they are to progress to the final in the Nou Camp on May 26.

Last night, though, it seemed increasingly likely that United would have to try to reach their target without Giggs. The inspirational winger sat forlornly on a green box in the empty shell of the stadium during United's evening training session, his ankle heavily strapped.

His loss would be a particularly savage blow after his tour de force against Arsenal propelled Manchester United into the FA Cup Final last week. He would have gone into the game tonight feeling as though he could take on the world. Now, it seems that his place will be taken by Jesper



Giggs, scorer of two of United's most important goals of the season but now nursing a heavily strapped left ankle, watches his team-mates train in the Stadio delle Alpi yesterday

Blomqvist or Paul Scholes. That will increase the importance of the contribution of Dwight Yorke and Andy Cole, the prolific striking partners who have fallen strangely quiet. Yorke, the European Cup's leading scorer, has not scored since the middle of March. Neither has Cole.

Ferguson has dropped Cole from United's past two league games. Yorke, too, has been used sparingly. Some of his critics have suggested that he has grown complacent after a gilded start to his United career, which has yielded 26 goals this season. In his absence, Teddy Sheringham has reminded Ferguson what a skilful provider he can still be.

Ferguson's treatment of Yorke and Cole will have remedied any motivational deficiencies that may have crept into their games. Both were bristling with indignation and de-

termination when they arrived in Italy yesterday. "I was disappointed in the first leg," Yorke said. "It was my worst performance since I arrived at

United. It was just one of those days. Everything had been going so well and it was such a shame that on one of the biggest occasions, I didn't perform. Hopefully, I will be giv-

ing another chance and I will put that right. I don't think I have anything to prove but I do have to help to get a result." Cole needs little motivation, apart from the gnawing memories of the chances that he and Cantona missed against Dortmund at Old Trafford. His profligacy that night seemed to have closed the debate about his ability to take opportunities at this rarefied level, but his performances, this season in particular, have caused many to change their minds.

"I took a lot of the blame after that match," Cole said, "but I am used to it. I have improved as a player since then. I judge myself more than anyone else judges me. I have got better and will continue getting better but I am too old to worry about what people say about me these days. I laugh stuff like that off now."

"It has been hard to play in

the last couple of games. I don't like it when people keep going on about how me and Dwight haven't scored for a few games. It shouldn't make any difference to anybody. People should realise we are still contributing."

Ferguson, who recalled that Urs Meier, the Swiss who is the referee tonight, ruled out two apparently legitimate United goals in the second leg of the match against Dortmund, remained optimistic.

"We will need a combination of many things," he said. "Luck comes into it, but the one dominant thing is that we are going to have to perform magnificently to win. It would be a marvellous achievement."

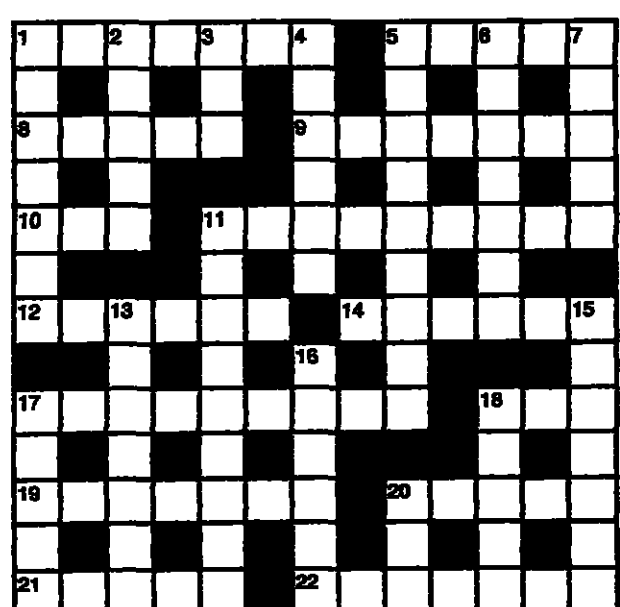
"We have progressed. I never quite thought we could win it two years ago, but we have learnt well. We are capable of recovering in important matches. That's a good sign."

ON PAGE 52



SIMON BARNES ON PETER SCHMEICHEL: "My vote for footballer of the decade"

## TIMES TWO CROSSWORD



No 1697

### ACROSS

- 1 Serrated-beaked bird, the merganser (7)
- 5 Tiny particle, patch of colour (5)
- 8 Excessive (5)
- 9 (Groves) old scholarly retreat (7)
- 10 Divinity (5)
- 11 Untruth (5)
- 12 Do it again! (6)
- 14 Gripping tool (6)
- 17 One given something (9)
- 18 Watch-chain: palm (6) (3)
- 19 A road surfacing (7)
- 20 Florida resort city (5)
- 21 Rhythm of poetry: unit of distance (5)
- 22 Outcrust: very unusual (7)

### DOWN

- 1 Bring in contraband (7)
- 2 Walked through water (5)
- 3 Anger (3)
- 4 Answerable (6)
- 5 A flute: a bean (9)
- 6 Ugly building (7)
- 7 Work, mould, with hands (5)
- 11 Hearth, grate (9)
- 13 Pilots cabin (7)
- 15 Retreat, go down (7)
- 16 Acquire dentition (6)
- 17 Build up weapons again (5)
- 18 Signal light (5)
- 20 Protective pad; tangle of hair (3)

### SOLUTION TO NO 1696

- ACROSS: 5 Horiculture 8 Frolic 9 Tribby 10 Urdu  
12 Drapery 14 Charter 15 Bang 17 Mammal 18 Outlaw  
20 Second nature  
DOWN: 1 Thoroughfare 2 Oral 3 Rupture 4 Ethiopia  
6 Inch 7 Robert Graves 11 Dartmoor 13 Celidih 16 Rota  
19 Tug

## THE TIMES BOOKSHOP

NEW TIMES CROSSWORD BOOK AVAILABLE!

The Times Two Crosswords Book 8 is now available, at £3.50 inc. p&h. Call 0900 134 499 for credit card orders, or send a cheque payable to News Books, to The Times Bookshop, PO Box 345, Falmouth TR11 2YX

## Proud Juventus can take heart from their glorious record

FROM MATT DICKINSON IN TURIN

UNDER Alex Ferguson, Manchester United's repeated attempts to reach the final of the European Cup have seemed like epic assaults on the highest mountain. Every year the last few steps have proved insurmountable. Brave men — Hughes and Ince — as well as brilliant footballers — Cantona and Kanchelskis — have failed to reach the summit.

Such a sequence of disappointments makes the achievements of Juventus all the more remarkable because tonight, in the Stadio delle Alpi, the Italian club can reach its fourth European Cup final in succession. The magnitude of the feat is such that only the mighty Real Madrid of the 1950s have managed it — they made it to five — and so it is not only United who will feel that history beckons.

United's 31-year wait to

reach the final again has too often appeared a heavy burden but there was no sense yesterday that Juventus were weighed down by the baggage of history. "The past record is not a worry because this is the first time for me," Carlo Ancelotti, the coach, said. The players appear to share his equanimity. "The atmosphere is tranquil and serene," Antonio Conte, the captain, said and there was no evidence to the contrary among a squad of hardened and hungry professionals.

Their relaxation, in part, appears to stem from the knowledge that they are lucky to be here. They are unbeaten in this competition only because of some outrageous good fortune, but it appears only to have made them more

determined to make the most of it now that they have survived this far. "It is easier for us to qualify for the Champions' League next season by winning it rather than finishing fourth in Serie A," Ancelotti said, and players such as Deschamps and Davids know exactly what it takes.

United supporters looking for reasons to be optimistic should probably stop reading now. In almost 150 European matches in Turin, Juventus have lost only seven times — Arsenal inflicted one of those rare defeats in 1980 — and they have scored in front of their own supporters in every European match in the past seven years. United, it must be noted, have never won an Italian soil.

Such records always come

to an end, of course, but this Juventus side will prove tenacious defenders of such a formidable reputation. "We have a small edge at 1-1," Ancelotti said, "but that must only increase our determination. If we think it makes it easier for us, then the advantage will switch to them. We are in good shape for the game. The players, particularly Zidane, are fitter than at Old Trafford so I believe we can play for the entire 90 minutes as we did in the first half there."

Paolo Montero, the impressive Uruguay defender, is the only injury concern for Juventus, who expect a fast and furious game. Ancelotti is expected to field a side similar to that which could easily have been 3-0 up after half an hour in Manchester. Their early domination was largely down to the promptings of Zidane, who, as at Old Trafford, is expected to weave his passing webs behind a lone striker in Inzaghi.

United will have to demonstrate that they have learnt from their tactical mistakes by instructing one of the back four, rather than Keane, to pick up Zidane.

The Frenchman is understood to have been less than thrilled at the comments of Gianni Agnelli, the club's owner, this week which suggested that he is henpecked by his wife, but unless Mrs Zidane insists that her husband stays at home to do the dishes or vacuum the carpet, his presence alone will ensure that Juventus start the match as favourites. The Italians are bracing themselves for a tight, frenetic match and have practised penalties in case it finishes 1-1. "It will be close," Ancelotti admitted, but he did so with an air of calm.

### UNITED'S EUROPEAN CUP SEMI-FINAL RECORD

1966-67: Real Madrid: 1-3 (away), 2-2 (home), agg 3-5.

After a club record 10-0 victory over Anderlecht in the preliminary round, United met their match in Real. Di Stefano, Kopa, Masera et al ensured that the second leg of the semi-final at Old Trafford — the first European match at the ground under newly installed floodlights — would be an anticlimax.

1957-58: AC Milan: 2-1 (home), 0-4 (away), agg 2-5. On February 6, 1958, the Munich air disaster claimed the lives of eight United players. It destroyed United's strongest line-up and temporarily halted Sir Matt Busby's designs on the European Cup. Only three regular first-team players were in the team when three months later, they secured an emotional victory over AC Milan at Old Trafford in the first leg of the semi-final. However, the likes of Schuster and Madsen secured Milan's aggregate success.

1985-86: Partizan Belgrade: 0-2 (away), 1-0 (home), agg 1-2.

George Best, outstanding against Benfica in the quarter-finals, was crucially injured for the second leg of the semi-final at Old Trafford. An own goal by Sorkic, the visitors' goalkeeper, gave United hope but without Best's inspiration they were unable to pull back the two-goal deficit from the first leg in Belgrade.

1957-58: AC Milan: 2-1 (home), 0-4 (away), agg 2-5. Real's talents were by now on the decline but they had retained their glamour and this spellbinding lie captivated 185,000 spectators over the two legs. At half-time in the second leg, United were trailing 3-1 (3-2 on aggregate) when Busby's famous pep talk reminded them that just one more goal would see them through to the final. In fact, they managed two, the second from Bill Foulkes, an unlikely goal-scoring hero in one of his 679 appearances for the club.

1985-86: AC Milan: 0-2 (away), 1-0 (home), agg 1-2.

The previous season's triumph had ended United's search for the Holy Grail, but their attempts to defend the trophy failed. Amid dramatic scenes at Old Trafford, a Bobby Charlton goal proved insufficient. Denis Law was convinced that his shot had crossed the line late in the game, but it was not given.

STEPHEN WOOD

ZENITH  
Swiss watchmakers since 1865  
LIFE IS IN THE MOVEMENT

FLY-BACK  
El Primero



FOR YOUR  
NEAREST STOCKIST  
FREEPHONE 0800 731 8741

ZENITH TIME CO. (GB) LTD  
INTERNET: [www.zenithwatches.co.uk/watches](http://www.zenithwatches.co.uk/watches)

هكذا من الأصل